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FINANCIAE

Ford profit points | Kohl faces call for stronger leadership and cuts in social spending

up recovery in **US** car market

Ford Motor underscored the gradual recovery under way in the US vehicle market when it reported its first profit since the third quarter

The news follows the announcement by General Motors, biggest US vehicle manufacturer, of its first profit after six quarters of losses. Page 17

Daniger (Wight: Shells were fired at the aircraft carrying Nawaz Sharif, Pakistani prime minister, into Kabul. He is the first foreign leader to visit the Afghan capital since the assumption of power by the Islamic mujahideen government. Page 4

CS Holding has deferred the flotation of part of Credit Suisse; Switzerland's third largest bank, because better than expected profits in 1991 will enable it to meet the country's stringent bank capital requirements. Page 18; Lex. Page 16

Villagers killed: The Tamil Tiger separatist group in Sri Lanks killed more than 55 Moslem and Sinhalese in an attack on an agricultural settlement. In retaliation, armed Moslems killed 50 Tamils in a nearby village. Page 5



-123.28

11 (2)

EC industry commissioner Martin Bange mann (left), outlining to make the European car and aircraft indus tries more competitive attacked critics who claim he is tampering with the working of the free market. Mr Bangemann said some competition "avatollahs"

assumed that more competitors always meant more competition. Page 16

Trade disputes President Bush slashed \$60m worth of Indian products from the US duty-free preference scheme for poor countries in retaliation for India's continued refusal to provide patent protection for foreign pharmaceutical and chemical

Hershey Foods Corporation, one of America's biggest chocolate producers, is to acquire a 18.6 per cent stake in Kreis Marahou, the leading Scandinavia confectionery group for NKri 18hn

Higher pays Personal Incomes continued to rise in the US last month, helping to fuel a modest revival in consumer spending. Page 6

Owning up: Alan Bond, bankpupt Australian entreprehent, has debts and contingent liabilities of more than A\$700m (\$525m) and assets of just affairs filed in the Federal Copit. Page 5

Hope grows: Confidence smang French industrialists is increasing according to the latest official figures, fuelling hopes that the economy may recover momentum this year. Page 2

Shuthdrawas The Taiwan franchises for McDonald's has closed its 57 outlets on the island after two bombs exploded in two of them, killing a policeman and injuring three people. Page 5

Higher taxes: Ontario's beleaguered social democratic government is to raise taxes in a budget to be presented in Toronto today. Page 6

British Airways: The UK Civil Aviation Authority ruled against the carrier at a preliminary hearing over charges of anti-competitive practices.

Observers leaving: The European Community is pulling its observers out of northwest Bosnia because fighting has made it too dangerous, an official said. Earlier story, Page 2

Nostie, world's largest food group, expects net profits to grow between 9 per cent and 10 per cent this year from last year's SF12.47bn (\$1.6bn).

Closer ties: The EC has been urged to offer the Maghreb countries of North Africa free trade and an intensified political dialogue as a means of encouraging stability and limiting migration across the Mediterranean. Page 4

Matra, French electronics and defence group, has cut its dividend from FF18 (\$1.43) a share in 1990 to FFr5.5 for 1991 after a sharp fall in profits attributed to tough trading conditions. Page 18

Holding firms The European Commission still appears to be backing a mandatory EC-wide "car-bon tax" but is leaving towards making it conditional on main industrial partners pledging similar action at the Earth Summit in Rio. Page 2

Extra help: Britain is increasing its drought aid for southern Africa by £20m (\$35.4m), a month after pledging an initial £10m tranche. Page 4

The Markets	# STERLING	
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FINANCIAL TIMES & No 31,747 Week No 18 P

Möllemann fuels crisis in German

CHANCELLOR Helmut Kohl was under mounting pressure yesterday as west German's public sector workers stepped up their strikes and his future deputy chancellor urged stronger leader-ship and drastic budget cuts. The call, from Mr Jürgen Mölls-

coalition

mann, the current economics minister who has just been nominated as deputy chancellor, fuelled the bitter feuding between the parties that make up Germany's ruling coalition.
The recriminations followed

Monday's dramatic decision by Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher to resign as foreign minister and deputy chancellor - and disagreements within the govern-

ment over his successor. Mr Mölleman demanded cuts in social spending, an area which. Mr Kohi has specifically ruled out for savings.

At the same time the Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU), sia-ter party of Mr Kohl's Christian Democratic Union (CDU), bitterly criticised Mr Möllemann and his Free Democrats (FDP) for upsetting the coalition, and urged Mr Kohl to carry out a drastic reshuffle of the government The opposition Social Demo-

crats (SPD), taking advantage of the obvious confusion in government ranks, called for elections two years ahead of time.

The FDP yesterday attempted to close ranks after a revolt by its members of parliament, who rejected their leaders' nomination of Mrs Irmgard Schwaetzer as new Foreign Minister, and substituted Mr Klaus Kinkel, the present Justice Minister.

At the same time the party is insisting on Mr Möllemann as its candidate for deputy chancellor, although he is unpopular with the coalition partners. The CSU believes that job should now go to Mr Theo Waigel, its leader and the current Finance Minister.

Mr Möllemann has chosen just this moment to launch a new



Klaus Kinkel (left) and Jürgen Möllemann, nominated for the posts of, respectively, foreign minister and vice-chancellor of Germany, arrive for yesterday's cabinet meeting in Bonn

ment's spending plans, delivering a 18-page paper to Mr Waigel calling for drastic cuts, including in social spending, according to today's issue of the independent Süddeutsche Zeitung.

Mr Möllemann demanded urgent action to raise more cash by privatising big state holdings like Lufthansa, the German airline, Deutsche Telekom, the state telecommunications monopoly, and the post office savings bank. The report says that he wants calla common line from the Chancellor, the Finance Minister and his own Economics Ministry

on his proposed cuts, including Last night the party and parlia-mentary leaders of the three coalition partners were meeting to try to resolve their outstanding differences, including the question of budget strategy in the coming months. No announcement was expected from the

Mr Möllemann also called for "strong political leadership" in Bonn, the newspaper said, clearly implying weakness in the Chan-

The timing of his initiative has fuelled speculation that the FDP may be seeking a confrontation with its coalition partners, given the sliding popularity of the government in the opinion polls and the ever-more unpopular costs of paying for unification with east-

In his paper Mr Möllemann argues that the budget faces increased charges totalling billions of D-marks from compensation costs related to unification -DM10bn in 1993, DM15bn in 1994, and DM25bn in 1995.

Mr Kohl also faces serious discontent in the CSU, whose leader, Mr Waigel, does not appear to have been seriously consulted over the whole Genscher succes-

Mr Peter Struck, the SPD parhamentary group manager, said there was one simple answer to the crisis in the coalition: New

Background, Page 3

Strikes focus on business and industry

By Christopher Parkes in Bonn

WESTERN Germany's public service unions yesterday stepped up their pressure on business and tactics to avoid antagonising the

As about 130,000 private sector engineering workers joined the fray with token protest stoppages in the south, rubbish collectors struck for the first time and local transport strikes spread south to Hesse, home to Frankfurt, the national financial centre.

There were no signs of a break in the deadlock, blamed on the employers' refusal to increase their 4.8 per cent pay offer, although some easing of the disDuring a cursory cabinet dis-

leagues of the importance of sending the correct signals to the private sector by keeping public service pay under control, and won agreement for a two-year freeze on ministerial pay.

According to the 5TV union,

main orchestrator of the first national public sector strike since 1974, 215,000 people took part in stoppages yesterday, un from 75,000 on Monday and 175,000 on Tuesday.

However, according to Mr Willi Mück, the union's deputy presi-

ruption is likely today as the dent, action would be reduced country winds down for the long today "from Wednesday's peak".

May Day weekend.

Disruption of local transport would be limited to specific cussion yesterday, Chancellor areas, including the industrial

and North-Rhine Westphalia. Mr Rudi Schäfer, head of the GdED railway union, had said earlier that all local transport strikes, except that in North-Rhine Westphalia, would be suspended so that people would be able to travel over the holiday weekend and attend May Day parades. But, he added, strikes on long-haul lines would continue, So far, the public services strike, largely limited to local transport and postal services, has

failed to generate the widely fore-

cast chaos. Even in North-Rhine Welthalia, the most densely populated state, the main effect has been traffic jams, to which The unions have been meticu-

lous in avoiding sensitive areas.
"Striking" hospital doctors have merely refused to do their official form-filling. The oTV yesterday stressed that payment of state pensions would not be hampered. However, with local transport stoppages expected to well up again next week and rubbish mounting in city streets, the impact on business could increase. City centre retail sales have already fallen by as much

as 20 per cent a day.

Although many long-distance trains have kept running, the longer signal operators and locomotive service staff stay out, the greater the cumulative disrup-About a quarter of all German

manufactured goods are trans-ported by rail. By yesterday morning, more than 100 goods trains were stuck in sidings. Carmaker Volkswagen, which moves 75 per cent of its 10,000 daily output by rail, has hired double-decker rail transporters

from abroad to keep supplies Stoppages at river ports and canal locks, important distribution points, are also expected to overload warehousing space.

Americans offered a telephone number for life

By Michiyo Nakemoto in London

AMERICANS are to be offered a personal telephone number for life, the perfect accessory for a nation whose citizens move

house an average of 11 times.

AT&T, the US telecommunications group, will introduce in June a personal telephone num-ber that will allow subscribers to be reached at any telephone in the continental US.

AT&T's Easy Reach 700 service provides subscribers with a per-sonal identification number (Pin) which will be their own access number to the service.

By dialling 700, followed by a seven-digit number and their Pin, users can receive calls regardless of where they are. The number need not change even if the subscriber moves house.

The service should especially benefit business people who spend much of their time at meetings and gatherings far away from their office or home.

Although a similar service, call-forwarding, has been available for some years, the advan-tage of Easy Reach is not only that subscribers get a number for life but also that they select which calls they want to reach them at any particular location The system can be programmed to forward only some calls, all calls or no calls at all.

All of this comes at a price, of course, and at \$7 a month, the service will not be cheap for consumers used to receiving telephone numbers for free.

Each call, wherever it is made within the US, will cost 25 cents a minute between the peak hours of 8am and 5pm and 15 cents a minute at other times.

The idea of personal telephone numbers has been mooted in Europe as well but "most Eurograil," a service they may be able to provide in 10 years' time, as one telecommunications market researcher said.

Apart from the difficulties involved in managing the data-base over several countries while telecommunications services have not yet been unified, Europe still lacks the intelligent networking systems needed to transfer calls to particular numbers. In the meantime, AT&T is exploring international possibilities for its service.

Italcementi buys control of French rival for FFr6bn

By Alice Baysthorn in Paris and Haig Simonian in Milan

ITALCEMENTI, Italy's largest cement company, is expanding its international operations by buying control of one of its chief competitors, Ciments Français, from Poliet, the French building materials group, for FFr6bn (\$1.07bn).

The deal is the latest twist in the turbulent saga of Ciments Français, which was taken over by Pollet, part of Paribas, the powerful French financial group, last year. It also reflects the consolidation of ownership within the European construction materials industry, at present under intense pressure because of the economic slowdown.

The combination of Ciments Français with Italcementi, which dominates its domestic market, will create one of the world's largest cement groups with a combined workforce of 24,000 and joint annual output of 38m tonnes of cement.

The two companies are largely complementary. Ciments Francis has expanded outside France to establish a presence around the Mediterranean, notably in Spain and North Africa. Italcamenti has also expanded internationally through investments in Cyprus,

TV and Redio

Czechoslovakia - where it has bought two producers in recent months - and the US.

As part of the deal, Ciments Français will stage a FFr5bn capital increase to be underwritten by Paribas and Mediobanca, the Italian bank advising Italcementi. This will leave Italcementi with a direct holding of 30 per cent in Ciments Français. It will also have a two thirds interest in an additional 15 per cent held with Poliet, which will directly hold 15 per cent. Mediobanca will own 5 per cent with the remaining 35 per cent in public issue.
Italcementi is launching a

L848bn (\$520m) rights issue to help finance the purchase. Share-holders will be offered one new ordinary or savings share, priced at L5,000, for every two of the respective category currently held, raising L335bn.

A further L313bn will come from options on new non-convertible savings shares to be issued as warrants linked to a Mediobanca bond for the company. The balance of the total purchase price of about L1,600bn will come from Italcementi's existing liquidity, which amounted to L854bn at the end of 1991.

World Stock Markets

LONDON . PARIS . FRANKFURT . NEW YORK . TOKYO

Meridien, Kempinski hotels to be merged

By Allos Rawsthorn in Paris

AIR FRANCE and Lufthansa are to create one of the world's largest luxury and business class hotel groups by merging their respective Meridien and Kempin-ski chains. The 80-hotel group, including the Hotel Kempinski in Berlin, will have annual sales of about \$1hn and 25,000 employees. Meridien is already a significant force in the business hotel market with 60 hotels worldwide and a strong presence in Asia, Africa and the Middle East as well as Europe. Kempinski is still strongest in its native German market, but has expanded into Asia and North America.

Air France will be the majority shareholder in the merged company, but the two airlines have yet to finalise other details. The hotels will retain their own

The merger marks another phase in the co-operative agree-ment between Air France and Lufthansa, which started in 1989. The two companies have since projects including the construction of a new passenger terminal at Kennedy airport in New York. The deal also forms part of the

consolidation of the international

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Russia and Ukraine slip toward Slav 'cold war'

R LEONID Kravchuk, the Ukrainian President, will guest when he arrives in the US next week for meetings with President George Bush. He is seen as indulging in too much brinkmanship of the most dangerous kind in his relations with neighbouring Russia.

There is a knot of issues between the two Slav states. One part of that is now being discussed between representatives from both in the Ukrainian port city of Odessa - control of the Black Sea Fleet. Both states are vying for control over this 380-ship. 70,000-man navy, now largely mili-

tarily obsolete. Marshal Yevgeny Shaposhnikov, the head of the Commonwealth of Independent States armed forces. said in Odessa yesterday that the talks would be "very difficult" and that Ukraine should have "at the maximum" 25 per cent of it. Nevertheless, that was a shift in the Russian position from one of claiming total control, and one which may make a compromise possible.

Beyond the fleet dispute, however, ere larger issues, all of which have their roots in the dissolution of the Soviet Union in which the two states

By Andrew Hill in Bruss

THE EUROPEAN Commission

yesterday proposed improve-

ments in research and training

programmes for the EC aircraft

and motor industries as the

centrepiece of a series of sug-

gestions for making both sec-

tors more competitive interna-

The long-awaited Commis-

sion documents - launched

simultaneously by Mr Martin Bangemann, the industry com-

missioner · follow an examina-

tion of the state of the two

industries. The Commission

has concluded that neither

industry is in crisis, but that

both face big challenges over

Companies hoping for more concrete financial support

from Brussels are likely to be disappointed with the docu-

ments, however. In line with

the broad industrial policy

paper produced in December 1990, the Commission steers

clear of specific funding com-

mitments in both sectors, and

aims instead to encourage the

companies themselves to take

industry is certainly competi-tive, although it has some

weak points," said Mr Bange-

mann yesterday. "These can

take care of themselves if we

provide the necessary accom-

In the automotive sector, the

Commission believes that EC

production will rise to 16m

vehicles in the year 2000, com-

pared with 13.7m in 1991. But

at the same time, EC manufac-

panying measures."

The European automobile

the next decade.

members, and in the subsequent explosion of nationalist sentiment on both sides of their borders. That sentiment puts such pressures on both President Kraychuk and President Boris Yeltsin of Russia that a broader compromise is increasingly

More important than the Black Sea fleet to both states is the Crimea, where the fleet is based. Until 1954, it was Russian territory: since then it has been Ukrainian, but the population is mainly Russian and in two months' time it is to vote in a referendum on the question of independence and of subsequent association with "another state" - presum-

Yesterday, Ukraine's parliament, in a move supported by a majority of deputies who it seems hope to avoid a referendum, proclaimed the Cri-mea as an "autonomous part of the Ukraine". However, almost half the 23 deputies walked out in protest, still demanding full independence. Most important to the international community is control of the

nuclear arsenal, both strategic and tactical. No defence expert in Moscow or Klev can give a precise figure of the

Shake-up urged in EC

car and aircraft sectors

CARBON TAX MAY

BECOME BINDING

The European Commission

still appears to be backing a

mandatory EC-wide "carbon

tax" to reduce energy pollu-tion, but leaning towards mak-

ing it conditional on main

industrial partners pledging similar action at the June "earth summit" in Rio, David

Buchan reports from Brussels.

The EC executive yesterday debated the controversial tax

- strongly opposed by indus-try but championed by envi-

a decision because too many of

said to favour a binding tax on

fossil fuels, which like all EC

fiscal measures must get unan-imous approval of the 12 gov-

ernments, on condition that

countries such as the US and Japan match it. The EC

accounts for 13 per cent of the

world's carbon dioxide emis-sions, the US 23 per cent and Japan 5 per cent. Brussels is

also weighing proposals to

efficiency and to promote

turers face strong competition

from their Japanese counter-

parts. The latter achieve dou-ble the EC's productivity rates

with a younger workforce,

according to the Commission, and will have full access to the

European market from the end

of the century under the terms

of last July's EC-Japan agree-

renewable sources of energy.

its 17 members were absent.

mentalists – but postponed

Most of those present were

John Lloyd, Judy Dempsey and Chrystia Freeland on tensions over nuclear arms, the Black Sea Fleet and the Crimea

general estimate is of at least a thousand. Under an agreement with the CIS earlier this year. Ukraine said that these weapons would be moved to, and dismantled in, Russia by June 1992. The reductions form part of the Intermediate Nuclear Forces Treaty signed between Moscow and Washington in 1987.

At the beginning of March, the Kiev government stopped transfer-ring the weapons after about half had been moved - on the grounds that it did not believe that Russia was dismantling them, and that Russia would use them to increase its own arsenal.

After many bilateral meetings between Ukrainian and Russian officials, both sides confirmed that the tactical weapons would start moving again - though on the Russian side, the foreign ministry has said it has "yet to see evidence of movement".

ment on imports. Aircraft man-

ufacturers face a more varied

series of challenges, according to the Commission, including a

drop in military orders, dollar

exchange rate fluctuation and

fragmentation of Community

In the motor industry, the

Commission's principal sugges-

• Improved co-operation on

R&D between manufacturers,

including greater emphasis, as

in Japan, on exploiting the

results of so-called "pre-com-

• A new emphasis on preven-

tion rather than cure of unem-

ployment, including improved

on-the-job and general training

schemes and greater collabora-

tion between car-makers and

training colleges to anticipate

• Encouragement for the EC's 3,200 equipment manufacturers

to collaborate in competing

with Japan's more streamline

In the aircraft sector, the

· A suggestion that there

should be "substantial" Com-

munity support for research

and technology in the EC's

1994-98 research programme, although no specific figure is

mentioned.

• Establishment of a working

group to examine ways of cop-

ing with exchange rate fluctua-

tion, which could include a

self-financed exchange rate

• Improved training, and

greater co-operation with east

European aircraft manufactur-

guarantee scheme

nt sector.

main points include:

research funding.

petitive" research

redundancies.

tions include:

tinental Ballistic Missiles (ICBMs) is proving still more difficult. Under the Start (Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty) agreement signed between the US and the former Soviet Union in Moscow in July 1991, the missile forces in the CIS must be cut from 9,700 to 4,900 by 1994. This includes 130 of the ICBMs stationed in

Ukraine has agreed to give up this number - but the status of the remaining 46 SS-24 ICBMs, with 10 warheads each, remains contentious. Mr Kravchuk, in advance of his US visit, now insists on security guarantees from the West in return for their dismantling - citing "territo-rial claims" on Ukraine from Russia

as the reason for his caution On the Russian side, Mr Andrei Kozyrev, the foreign minister, has doubts about Ukraine's commitment to a nuclear-free status. He and other Russian officials argue that ICBMs as a means of protecting its independence, and of securing a seat at the table where Start II will be

"It is clear that the [first] Start treaty was a bilateral treaty between the US and the former USSE. Whether you like it or not, Russia...should be the one which will ratify that treaty. The question for us is how many nuclear states will emerge in the former USSR," said

"At the same time. Ukraine is demanding a status as a party to [ratifying] the Start treaty, [yet] it speaks of signing the Non-Proliferation Treaty as a non-nuclear state. This is a contradiction in terms," he

Mr Alexander Saveley, head of the independent Institute for National Security and Strategic Studies in Moscow, said: "The question of who should control the nuclear arsenal is seen by the Ukraine as a matter of prestige, compounded by a feeling that it still sees Russia as a threat to its independence. In this sense, these 46 ICBMs could be used as a bargaining chip."

Meanwhile, in Moscow, conservative deputies at the recent Russian ing the legality of the decision by Mr Nikita Khrushchev, a former Soviet leader (and a Ukrainian), to transfer the Crimea from Russia to the Ukraine in 1954.

But the last thing Russian govern-ment officials and defence experts in Moscow want is any re-drawing of the internal borders of the former Soviet Union.

"Borders should not be changed in this period of transition. It is too dengerous. Where would it stop? The ist forces in Russia who could push for these territorial changes." said Mr Alexei Pankin, deputy editor of International Affairs, the Moscow-

based foreign policy journal.

The next few weeks should tell if compromises on the fleet, on Crimea and on possession of the weapons are possible realistically, that is all the time both states have to broker a deal.

Beyond that, the pressures from nationalist forces, rising faster the more pronounced their economic crises become, will drown out moderate voices and force a retreat into armed camps to a position now become all too thinkable: a "cold war between the Slav neighbours.

Prague takes leaf from EC tax book

By Ariane Genillard in Prague and Anthony Robinson in

THE CZECHOSLOVAK federal parliament has adopted a series of new tax laws modelled on European Community practice which will broaden the tax base and put state imances on a sounder footing. A whole raft of new taxes -

including value added tax, personal and company income taxes, real estate taxes, inheritance and gift taxes, and environment taxes - come into effect from January 1, 1998. They will replace the former communist system which ralied heavily on "profits taxes" levied on state-owned industry and turnover taxes

which have proved increas-ingly difficult to collect. The tax bills presented by Mr Veclav Klaus, federal finance minister, set the corporate income tax rate at 45 per cent and maximum personal income tax rate at 47 per cent.

The federal parliament also recently approved a val-ue-added tax of 23 per cent and a reduced, 5 per cent rate, on essential goods. The finance minister estimated the introduction of VAT would lead to a 7 per cent rise in prices next year while the general shift of the tax burden onto individu living costs substantially.

Joint ventures involving foreign partners will fall under the new tax structure from January 1, 1993, unless they have negotiated the currently-available two-year tax holiday. Joint ventures without this tax holiday now pay 40 per cent corporate tax instead of the 55 per cent rate paid by local

The parliament also adopted a law regulating the private investment funds recently created to benefit from the country's privatisation programme The law aims to protect citizens who have given their vouchers entitling them to shares of newly-privatised enterprises to such funds for management. It stipulates that funds must diversify their than 26 per cent of any one

Poles told of threat to growth

By Christopher Bobinski

ANY loosening of Polish monetary policy this year would dash hopes of reversing a two-year recessionary trend, the government's Central Planning Office (CUP) warned yesterday as the government prepared for a new round of talks with the International Monetary Fund on a suspended a

If budgetary and other mone tary targets were adhered to exports should grow by 6 per cent and imports fall by 3 per cent to give a trade surplus of around \$500m, he added.

However, the CUP warned that if the budget deficit were allowed to exceed the 5 per cent of GDP limit or the gov-

company.

\$1.6bn extended facility.

Mr Jerzy Eysymontt, responsible with Mr Andrzej Ole-

chowski, finance minister, for economic policy, said yesterday that positive first quarter trends suggested the economy could bottom out to produce zero growth this year after an 8 per cent fall in gross domestic product last year, and a 15 per cent fall in 1990.

erment bowed to union pres-sure for higher wages, GDP could fail a further 5 per cent.



A Croatian soldier takes cover behind a car during a street battle with Serbian forces in Mostar, Bosnia.

European Community struggles to get peace talks started in Lisbon

Fighting intensifies in Bosnia

and Patrick Blum in Lison

THE SECURITY situation in the newly independent, former Yugoslavian republic continued to deteriorate yesterday as the leaders of Bosnia's three national communities gathered in Lisbon for European Com-

munity-sponsored peace talks. BC observers stationed in three towns were recalled to their headquarters for consultations but also because their security could no longer be

Leaders of Bosnia's Slavic Moslems, Serbs and Croats appear to agree only that the urgent despatch of United Nations peacekeepers could curb the violence; beyond that, the warring factions remain as far apart as ever.

In Lisbon, preliminary bilateral talks continued into the evening, with the opening of full discussions being continu-ally delayed. Officials hoped the arrival of Mr Aliza Izethe-govic, Bosnia's Moslem presi-dent, would be the beginning of substantive talks, but prospects were dimmed when he said he could only be there for

A PORTUGUESE spokesman said yesterday that European Community recognition of the new Yugoslav republic would depend on its fulfilling three basic conditions, writes Patrick Blum in Lisbon. It would have to withdraw its troops from all neighbouring states, accept the terms of the peace conference aiming to reach a peaceful solution to the conflict, and show willing to negotiate with all the other states of the former. Yugoslav republic on the division of its assets and liabilities.

the situation . . . to the Euro- lence on Crostia, which it suspean Community," he said, "I cannot be absent from the state for more than one day."

Funding the UN peace-keeping force in Croatia created serious problems for the secretariat in New York and the international community have indicated their considerable reluctance to become involved still further in this seemingly intractable Balkan crisis. Meanwhile, the EC and the

US appear to have backed down from warnings to Serhis of political and economic isolation for its role in destabilising Bosnia. Instead, they appear to have given President Slobodan Milosevic leeway to try to stop the fighting by bringing para-military units to heel. Diplomatic pressure on Mr Milosevic eased somewhat when the US revised its position and placed "I have come here to explain part of the blame for the vio-

pects of aiming to divide Bosnia with Serbla.

Economic sanctions, it is argued in Belgrade, risk strengthening support for Mr Milosevic by bolstering popular resentment of "western interference". Many fear further detoriation of the economy would give rise to an ultra nationalist administration. Sanctions would also hurt the already hard-hit economies of Bosnia and the independence-

seeking Macedonia. Factories, not yet damaged by war, have bad to cut production for lack of raw materials.

gees says each day 20,000-30,000 refugees flee war-torn towns bringing the total to 420,000 refugees in the last six weeks of fighting. Towns are being destroyed. At least eight people were killed overnight in Mostar, southern Bosnia, after four days of bombardment by the eral army. Serb irregulars backed by the federal army have seized about half of Bosnia's territory. The continuing violence indi-cates their refusal to accept an

Hunger already threatens Bosnia's 4.35m inhabitants for the first time since the second world war. Serb road blocks have all but stopped the trans-port of foodstuffs and relief supplies. Serbia has banned most exports of food to Bosnia. the event of an army with-

agreement reached through EC-brokered talks. General Blagoje Adzic, the acting federal defence minister, sent a letter yesterday to Mr sent a letter yesterday to Mr Alija Leetbegovic, Bosnia's president, refusing to with-draw from the republic, claim-ing the army represented more than 30 per cent of the popula-tion—the Serbs Serb leaders from Banja Luka, the capital of the self-proclaimed Serbian Krajina in Bosnia, have said they will prevent "a single bul-let" from leaving the region in the event of an army with-

At least \$50 people have been killed in the fighting over Bos-nian independence. The UN High Commissioner for Refu-gees says each day 20,000-30,000

French industrialists | Pledge to cut total feel more confident

By Alice Rawsthorn in Paris

CONFIDENCE among French industrialists is increasing, according to the latest official figures, fuelling hopes that the conomy may recover momentum later this year.

While France's economy has not suffered to the same extent as that of other countries, its growth rate has slowed over the past year, reflecting the impact of high interest rates on domestic demand and the effect on exports of recession in other countries.

institute, yesterday confirmed that the economy had grown suggests that there are already months.

signs of improvement, particu-larly in export markets. Industrialists questioned expected the overall level of demand to stabilise over the next few months after falling since

October 1990. Confidence was strongest on the export front, where growth of 3 per cent was predicted. The car industry and other areas of the transport sector (apart from sirlines and aerospace) were also confident of recovery in the domestic mar-

However, respondents did Insee, the state statistics not expect to see an alleviation of the financial pressures on their companies. The cost of by just 1.2 per cent in 1991, production rose by about 0.2 compared with 2.2 per cent in per cent in the first quarter of this year and was expected to compared with 2.2 per cent in 1989.

1990 and 4.1 per cent in 1989.

However, the institute's survey of industrial confidence cent, over the next few

of long-term jobless community service. The gov-ernment believes about a quar-ter of those unemployed for

THE French government yesterday committed itself to bring down long-term unem-ployment, which now accounts for some 920,000 out of the job-

for some 920,000 out of the jobless total of 2.8m.

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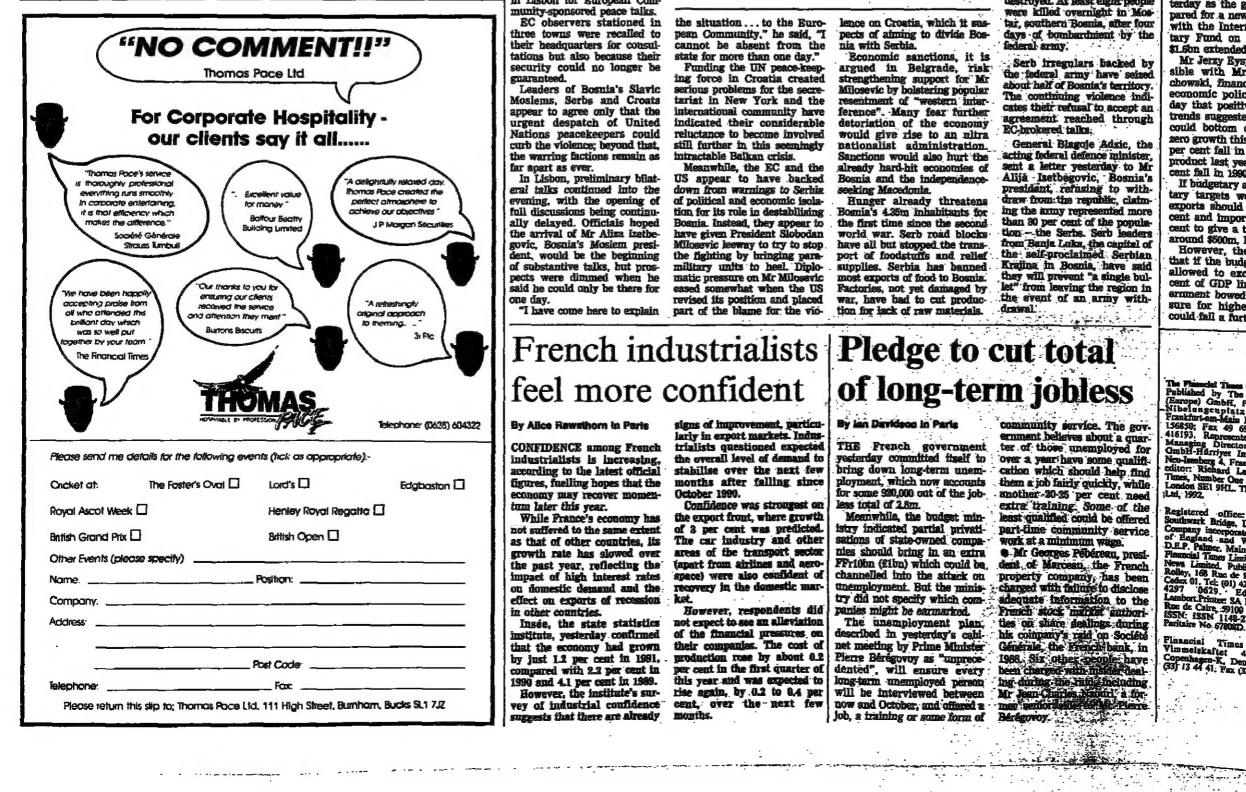
over a year have some qualifi-

cation which should help find them a job fairly quickly, while

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OME would say it was a enjoyed an influence far triumph of German beyond its 10 per centodd popularity in the polis

A neat deal worked out in smoke-filled rooms, to ensure a smooth transition after the sudden resignation of Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the grand old man of German Joreign pol-icy, was dramatically unpicked in five hours of stormy debate by a group of elected partiamentarians. They ensured a . popular choice to be the new Foreign Minister, not a politi-

Others see it as an extraordinary, if all too familiar, demon-stration of the incoherence of Bonn's coalition politics, where all dirty linen is washed in public, and Chancellor Helmut Kohl fails to provide firm leadership to keep his partners in

Inevitably, there is an element of truth in both views. The departure of Mr Genscher-from his job, not only as for-eign minister but as deputy chancellor, the departure indeed of the most popular single politician in the government, could not happen with

out an upheaval. it has disturbed the fine balance of the Bonn coalition; indeed, it threatens to shake it to its foundations. It has exposed the weakness and lack of leadership within his own

It has exposed the divisions, both political and personal, within the roling coalition, in which the FDP on one side, and the Bavarian Christian Social Union (CSU), very Catholic and conservative, on the other, have always been close to open warfare. It has exposed Mr Kohl's natural inclination to solve any problems he faces through inaction, or tinkering, not through decisive action.

Criticism of the coalition and Mr Kohl came yesterday from unlikely quarters. Mr Martin Schell, editor-in-chief of Die Welt, the conservative newspaper which is normally a staunch supporter of the gov-ernment, wrote a thundering siece under the headline: "The Condition Totters

He attacked the FDP and Mr departure. He attacked Mr Kohl for allowing himself to be pushed around over such a key post. He expressed sympathy for the plight of Mr. Theo Waigel, finance minister and leader of the CSU, who was so obviously side-lined from the

He accused Mr Genscher, the arch-manipulator of German domestic politics, of possibly seeking to undermine the Free Democratic Party (FDP), entire coalition with his resignation of Mrs Imagard Schwaetzer as squabbling over the succession unwieldy "grand coalition" foreign minister, in favour of a party which has always with the Social Democrats, and Mr Klaus Kinkel, but his

enjoyed an influence far How Germany's coalition government works



Breakdown of coalition vote





COL: Chancellor, Interior, Employment, Delence, Family & Pensions, Women & Youth, Transport, Environment, Post & Telecommunications, Research & Technology, Minister in the

FDP: Foreign Affairs, Justice, Economy, Housing & Construction.

CSU: Finance: Agriculture, Health, Engagnic Co-operation

thus regenerate the forces of his FDP in a brief period of

The FDP certainly needs that regeneration. Mr Otto Lambsdorff, the former economics 1994, his popularity even within the party on the slide. He refused to quit yesterday after his own parliamentary

authority has been terminally continues, and the FDP leader-

Mrs Schwaetzer, Mr Kinkel, and Mr Jürgen Möllemann, the current economics minister, have long been jostling for the succession. The FDP party leader is the king-maker in all Bonn coalitions.
With his nomination by the

party on Tuesday night to come deputy chancellor, Mr Möllemann must be wellplaced to achieve the party change the constitution, which leadership. Yet the jockeying at present allows the auto-

ship is committed to continual the coalition

The coalition has been undermined for months by a series of key issues on which Mr Kohl has simply failed to negotiate a consensus. The most important is the question of asylum-seekers.

The Christian Democrats

countries with known political persecution.

The liberal instincts of the By Quentin Peel in Bonn FDP are enraged, and the party refuses to comply: no change in the constitution.

The second issue is how to finance the care of old people in homes: the CDU wants to introduce a new element in finance a public scheme, guar-FDP will not step further than a voluntary scheme that does not hit the private sector.

On neither of those issues has any progress been made in the year or more since the last does not mean everyone election. There is simply a

still has 18 months breathing space before an absolute spate of elections, national, regional and European, in 1994. That is why he seems so doggedly, bloody-mindedly relaxed.

Yet hanging over his creak-ing coalition is the greatest challenge faced by any country in western Europe: the chal-lenge of unification, of somehow bringing the collapsed society and economy of east Germany up to the level of the

He may appear calm, but he (CDU) and the CSU want to has very little reason to be so. And 18 months is a short time

> affected by the selective strike by Bundespost and Telekom workers. Civil servants took

postal distribution centre and three Telekom repair units. A one-day strike which halted all public transport in west Berlin earlier in the week was overcome by commuters switching to cars and cycles.

over the work at the main

The strikes thus far falled to impress the Italian waiters at the Amico restaurant in Charlottenburg district. They commented that, like almost everything else in Germany, the strikes, planned long in advance and carried out to the letter, were predictably dull.

Foreign Ministry heaves collective asylum to anyone who asks for countries with known political sigh of relief

FOR ALL the chaos and confusion surrounding the choice of a successor to Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher as German foreign minister, there was an air of relief yesterday social security payments to at the Foreign Office in Bonn. Senior members of the foranteeing places in homes eign service feel that the candi-where they are needed. The date they would have most liked may well have em "Of course we were stunned like everybody else by the minister's resignation," said one official diplomatically. "That

admired him all the time. But the vast majority had a lot of respect for him, not simply as Mr Kohl knows now that he the boss, but because of his achievements.

"He was part of the system in which we worked, and it will take a while to adapt to a machinery in which he no longer plays a part."

When Mrs Irmgard Schwaetzer was instantly nominated for the succession by Mr Genscher's Free Democratic Party (FDP), some doubts were expressed. She had been a competent and hard-working dep-uty minister responsible for Europe. The feeling both among politicians and diplomats was that she did not really have the stature for the

The fact that the FDP parliamentarians rebelled against their leadership, and replaced ber with Mr Klaus Kinkel, the justice minister, brings to the job a man who understands the service from the inside, knows all the top diplomats, and was as close as anybody to the ubiquitous Mr Genscher.

He ran Mr Genscher's private office when he was interior minister, then he ran his private office in the Foreign Ministry; and then he became head of the ministry's vital planning staff, before moving in 1979 to run Germany's ailing intelligence service, the BND. "He had the opportunity to look into everything. He was the alter ego of Genscher at the time. And he got to know all the people who now form the senior staff in the service, both



Mrs Schwaetzer at yesterday's cabinet

at home and abroad," says a

To that extent, they have no doubt that he will maintain his former master's priorities: commitment to the European alliance, together with an energetic Ostpolitik to keep the doors open to eastern Europe.

What he will lack is perhaps the very personal, almost physical commitment to Ostpolitik which Mr Genscher had, thanks to his hometown of Halle in what used to be East Germany. Mr Kinkel comes from wealthy Swabia, in the south-west, and his instincts are inevitably more westwardlooking.

He has an extremely high reputation from his career as a very political civil servant in Bonn: for competence, coolness, and the ability to master the most complicated brief. But he is not seen as simply a technocrat, ready to perform the

role of glorified ambassador. Even in the Foreign Office. and then at the Justice Ministry as state secretary, he was a very political animal, although he only joined the FDP as a signed up member in January 1991. to become Justice Minister. He is not even a member of parliament, but he is "a man with a strong personality", rival Christian Democrats.

Markets resist the confusion Berliners air pros and cons

By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

If there is any sense of crisis about this week's events in Bonn and elsewhere, it has not communicated itself to the country's financial markets, at least not so far.

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The confusion surrounding the choice of the new foreig minister has left markets fairly cold. Dealers said the stock market regarded it as just an interesting and embarrassing aside", since it did not call the stability or durability of the coalition government into

public sector workers, action has not really bitten hard. though the union looks as if it is prepared for a long strike. In the engineering sector, warning strikes have begun but industry has not really been hit. Thus the DAX index on the Frankfurt stock exchange closed a mere 0.03 points lower at 1.734 yesterday in moderate trading and the D-Mark closed

little changed in quief dealings at around DM1.66 to the dollar. But while markets have discounted the present industrial action, things could be different if it lasts for some time. The stock market has been The gathering strike threat "The stock market has been is a different matter. So far, the prepared to accept these

strikes, but much will depend on what happens in the next sek or so in the engineering industry," says Mr Nigel Longley, a Commerzbank broker. Companies, especially in the car sector, could be shut down quickly if the big IG Metall union hits key suppliers.

So while foreign and domestic investors have reacted with sang-froid to the first wave of strikes, their attitude could be very different if German "as an ordinary citizen I agree unions confirm the impression of fast-rising labour costs by a determination to press for wage rises much higher than inflation. That could then give share prices a nasty shock.

By Lealie Coltt in Berlin

BERLINERS were yesterday divided about the public sector dispute as post and telephone services became the latest target of the strikers in Germany's largest city.

ness in the furnishings shop where he worked could be serionsly affected if mail deliveries were halted for long. But, with the strikers. We in the west are not being told the truth by our politicians about the costs we still face in financing unification". Greengroces Horst Nordmann said the

mate" as the government had rejected the pay claim. Mr Werner Ascher, a lec-

strikes were "perfectly legiti-

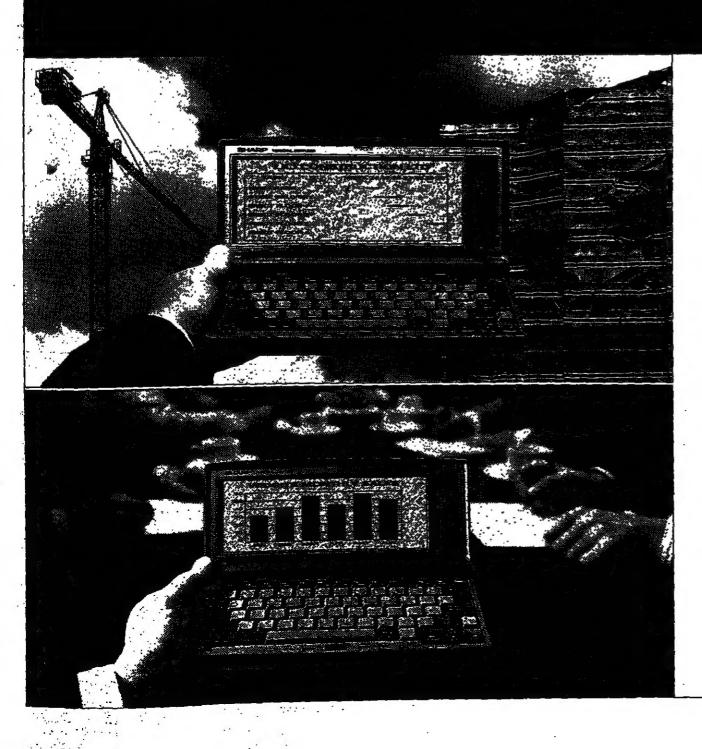
turer at Berlin's Technical University, disagreed. "Public service employees could have set an example for others by dispensing with wage rises this time in order to help east

Germany recover." Mr Jan Trautmann, a student at the university, was highly critical of the strikers. Their actions were "very irresponsible" as the wage claims were far beyond what the economy could absorb.

Most west Berliners said

they were only marginally

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SHARP MAKE COMPUTERS MAKE SENSE.

Gunfire greets Pakistan leader in Kabul | South prepares common

By Steve Levine in Kabul and Farhan Bokhari in Islamabad

MR NAWAZ SHARIF, the Pakistani prime minister, yesterday became the first head of a foreign government to fly into Kabul after the assumption of power in Afghanistan by the two-dayold Islamic mujahideen government.

Shells were fired at the aircraft carrying Mr Sharif. Mr Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, leader of the fundamentalist Hezhi-Islam guerrilla faction, had threatened to shoot down any aircraft from Pakistan attempting to land at the airport.

The capture of the interior ministry removed the last Hezb stronghold in the capital. Hezb fighters remained

By R C Murthy in Bombsy

SHARE values on the Bombay

stock exchange, India's largest, have plunged by 17.75 per cent in the last two days as fears

spread that stocks had been

bought up in recent months

State Bank of India, the

country's largest bank, has said that an audit following its

March year-end revealed that

Rs6bn (£118m) in bankers'

notes had not been surren-

dered on time by a gilts broker. It described this as an invalid

transaction which had now

In New Delhi Mr Manmohan

Singh, the Indian finance min-

ister, came under pressure in

parliament to explain the Bom-

using funds improperly diverted from the gilt-edged

Bombay share

prices fall 17.5%

entrenched in three suburbs.

In full view of foreign correspondents, Uzbek militiamen allied to the new defence minister, guerrilla leader Mr Ahmad Shah Masood, executed a suspected Hezb fighter. The militiamen battered the man before shooting him dead at the interior ministry. Relative calm returned to Kabul and

the battered streets filled with Afghan shoppers who had not ventured outside during three days of fighting between followers of the rival lalamic leaders.

Analysts still saw Hezb as a potent destabilising force. "Most of the popula-tion want peace but this is difficult for the fighters who can do nothing else [but fight]," said a European diplomat.

est spark can set them off."

Mujahideen and diplomatic officials said a Heab leader was to be appointed prime minister of the new government under President Sibghatullah Mojaddedi. There was an apparent attempt to restrain the ethnic rift that Mr Hekmatyar attempted to exploit as a Pushtoun der, as the prime minister-designate, Mr Ustad Fareed is - like Mr Masood an ethnic Tajik. Mr Fareed, however, is in Mr Hekmatyar's camp.

One diplomat said Mr Sharif's visit to Kabul - which coincided with Islamabad's formal recognition of the new government - had kicked off a scram-ble for influence in Afghanistan among

"They are in the capital and the small- its neighbours and other Islamic

Iran also recognised the interim council and said it hoped the ruling mujahi-deen would respect the rights of Shias excluded from power. Turkey pledged to "continue to support the honourable struggle of the brotherly Afghan people and its efforts to rebuild their country".

Britain welcomed the transfer of power, although diplomatic representa-tion remained to be resolved. British staff were withdrawn in February 1969 because of security fears. There is a caretaker staff in the embassy building. Prance hoped the "very wide consen-

sus" already enjoyed By Mr Mojaddedi "can extend even further".

stance for Rio summit

Victor Mallet on developing country talks on the environment



some success this week in portraying the negotiations coming Earth

zil as part of a century-old fight between the rich, pollu-ting, industrialised countries of the north and the poor, devel-oping nations of the south. Dr Mahathir Mohamad, the

outspoken Malaysian prime minister who opened a presummit meeting of 55 develop-ing countries in Kuala Lumpur, declared that the north's fears of global environmental degradation had given the south new leverage in its quest

The north, he said, was responsible for 80 per cent of pollution and had destroyed its own environmental heritage; it should clean up its own back-yard instead of laying claim to the environmental resources of

"It is wrong that we should be made scapegoats for the past sins of the north," he said. The north is still subjecting us to imperial pressures."

His audience applauded because they agreed with much of what he said, but delegates (from the south) and observers (from the north) said privately that there was no point antagonising potential donors or turning the Earth Summit in June into just another political battle between north and south.

Despite the profound differences within both the developing and the developed worlds, it is now possible to discern a common set of opinions which the poorer countries will present in Rio de Janeiro and a common set of responses from

most industrialised countries. Broadly, the governments of developing nations believe that some environmental assets must be sacrificed for the cause of development, and that they have the right to a fair proportion of "environmental space" - or the earth's ability to absorb environmental damage; they have the right to

countries have grown rich on over-exploiting the world's environmental space, the south says, they must release some space (by reducing their pollu-tion), create some more space (by reafforestation on their own territory) and compensate the south by paying for more environmental and develop-

"The average North American consumes more than 36

Dr Mahathir Mohamad, the Malaysian prime minister, who earlier threatened to boycott the June Earth Summit, will attend the Rio de Janeiro conference, Kyodo reports from Kuala Lumpur.

tropical timber campaigns against Malaysia, Dr Mahathir had vowed to boycott the summit if it turned out to be a forum to "bash" tropical log-ging. Timber is the second bigcommodity export earner for Melaysia.

times as much energy as the average South Asian," Mr Kamal Nath, India's minister for the environment and forests, told the conference this week. "The prudent route to adopt is not limits on economic betterment in the already deprived countries but rather a fundamental change in wasteful patterns of consumption in rich countries."

Developing nations insist that the north should transfer technology, in particular environmentally-friendly technology, at concessional rates and should not allow the issue of intellectual property rights to hinder the process.

Furthermore, they want a new fund to finance programmes associated with the

Earth Summit. The existing Global Environment Facility (GEF) managed by the World Bank (and therefore by the north) is regarded as unacceptable for a number of reasons; governments say they cannot undertake legallybinding commitments if they have no control over the disposal of funds for those commitments, while environmental pressure groups in the south

Because the industrialised complain that the World Bank is notorious for the environmental damage caused by its

Ms Vandana Shiva of the Third World Network said this week that it was absurd to say that "the world's finance ministry and industry ministry can also be the world's environment ministry".

In most cases the industria lised countries admit that they have damaged their own national environments in the past and that they need to curb their output of pollutants, although they besitate to lay themselves open to demands for compensation by taking responsibility for global damage. They are prepared to reform the GEF, but not to hand over billions of dollars in cash and technology with no

strings attached. "The best way to manage technology transfer is through normal aid and commercial channels." said Ms Ros Kelly. the Australian minister responsible for the environment.

She was, she said, "sur-prised" by the tone of Dr Mahathir's speech, which she thought was aimed at a Malaysian and southern hemisphere audience. Privately, Dr Mahathir was more optimistic than he had been in the past that the Earth Summit would be constructive, she said.

North and south may indeed still be at loggerheads, but some environmentalists attending the conference said they were more concerned by the fact that the developing south is imitating the north - in all its wasteful and environmentally destructive ways - than by the fight between the two.

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That, at least, was something on which everyone could agree. "Our policy must be towards not following the path that many developed countries Ganapin, undersecretary for the environment of the Philippines. "That's why we don't want to accept old technology." Mr Nath said: "We are not talking of how to get there. We are talking of how not to get there. We are talking of a dif-

EC urged to offer free trade to Maghreb countries

By David Buchan in Brussels

THE EC has been urged to offer the Maghreb countries of North Africa free trade and an intensified political dialogue as a means of encouraging stability and limiting migration across the Mediterranean. The European Commission yesterday approved a policy document containing such proposforeign ministers in mid-May, Brussels hopes that such "a new Euro-Maghreb partnership" will balance, to some extent, the Community's fastgrowing ties with its northern

The country's Central Bureau of Investigation is also

has raised questions about gilts trading procedures. Stock market analysts see the decline

as reflecting fears of forced

selling in a number of issues where the broker was said to

have built big positions.

The BSE index fell 222.49

points yesterday to 3,674.41 fol-

lowing a plunge of 570.42 on Tuesday, the first trading ses-

caused by a brokers' strike. At

issue in the stoppage was the registration of brokers with the

Securities and Exchange Board

of India, the market watchdog.

share dealings using borrowed

funds were relaxed by the

authorities at the BSE, which

accounts for two thirds of

As prices fell, restrictions on

sion after a five-day suspens

and eastern neighbours. The Commission is already holding exploratory talks on Moroccan free trade proposal, and is ready to do the same with Tunisia. The other potential beneficiary is Algeria,

between people and ideas are being dissolved NYK's integration of global logistics and megacarrier capabilities opens tresh vistas on the borderless society.

though rapid rapprochement is unlikely after the Algiers government's move this year to stem Islamic fundamentalism

by suspending elections. The two other Maghreb countries are considered excluded from the Commission's initiative - Libya, because it is the target of EC and United Nations sanctions over airline terrorism, and

arate EC benefits through the Lomé convention. Maghreb countries already

Yasuhiro Nakasone, former Japanese prime minister (right), talks to Chinese General Xu Xin (centre) through an interpreter at a Kuala Lumpur conference on Asia-Pacific security yesterday.

stand to gain from the EC's Mediterranean programme of Ecu4.4bn (£3.13bn) in grants and loans for 1992-96. Disturbed by human rights abuses in Morocco, European MPs are currently blocking money for Morocco, as well as Syria. Francis Ghilès adds from

Washington: A \$275m (£155m)

structural adjustment loan to Morocco is due to be approved today by the board of the World Bank. The loan is part of a co-financing package to which the African Development Bank will contribute a further \$100m. It is the seventh World Bank loan to support restructuring and liberalisation of Morocco's economy after the foreign debt was rescheduled in September 1983.

UN body calls for cut in population growth

WORLD population growth rates will have to be reduced over the next decade if economic development is to be sustained and the environment protected, according to the United Nations Population

Fund (UNFPA). Human numbers are growing at record rates, with an annual increase of about 97m projected. for the next 10 years, says the organisation's State of the World Population 1992 report.

That would mean 6bn people in 1998, and 10bn in 2050, compared with 5.48bn this summer. Without "immediate and determined action" to reduce future family sizes, world population could reach 12.5bn in 2050, it

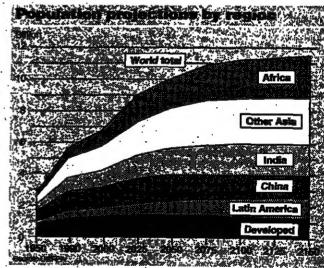
UNFPA found that, since

1975, population growth rates have been linked to per capita income in developing countries - before then, no such connection had been estab-

Countries with slower population growth rates saw annual incomes rise by an average 1.23 per cent a year in the 1980s compared with a fall of 1.25 per cent in countries where population grew faster. Lower birth rates also meant higher savings and investment ratios.

Eliminating extreme poverty, improving health and education, and raising the status of women are seen as essential steps to encouraging reduced family sizes.

Such policies should give special attention to Africa and outh Asia, which are responsible for more than half the pop-



very poor, says UNFPA. The issue of sustainable development is also tackled in the report, which says record

ulation increases and which being accompanied by record contain most of the world's human consumption of UN Population Fund, 220 East 42nd Street, New York,

THE EARTH SUMMIT

The Earth summit in Rio de Janerio aims to bring together more than 160 World leaders to discuss the environmental agenda for the future. On May 29 1992. the Financial Times will

publish a survey entitled The Earth Summit which

will examine the prospects for the summit, its scope and likely out-comes. This survey will cat amongst, the Financial Times business readership world-wide for whom environmental names continue to be of major importance, 42% Europe's top companies ranked the protection of the environments among the top three future have greatest impact on their business in the near future. If you want to

audience, call Alicia Andrews: on 071 873 3565 or fax 071 873 3062.

Case No. 92 B 41796 (TLB)

population growth rates are NY10017, US.

NOTICE OF JUNE 5, 1982 DEADLINE FOR THE FILING OF CERTIAIN PROOFS OF CLAIM AGAINST TENDOLASS LIMITED TO: ALL PERSONS AND ENTITIES WITH CLASMS AGAINST TENDOLASS LIMITED, ENGLISH COMPANY NUMBER 2244151:

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Bond's debts exceed A\$700m

By Kevin Brown in Sydney.

MR ALAN BOND, the bankrupt Australian entrepre-neur, has debts and contingent liabilities of more than A\$700m (£297m) and assets of just over A\$1m, according to a statement of his financial affairs filed in the Federal Court yes

The statement shows that Mr. Bond, former chairman of companies: Heyside, of Darling-Bond Corporation Holdings, does not own a home, and is living in an apartment in Cot tesloe, Western Australia, for which he pays A\$200 a week

cash, A\$2,669 in bank deposits and shares, a wristwatch last six months. trolled assets worth more than worth A\$1,200 and A\$1,13m in. Mr Bond puts his debts and A\$1,00n and Mr Bond's perpaintings. Most of the paint-

tor of Dallhold Investments, Mr Bond's private company.

The statement reveals the existence of 11 family trusts, some of which own property in New South Wales and Western Australia. However, Mr. Bond says he has received no income from the trusts for two years. Mr Bond says his only income is A\$195,000 a year in

consultancy fees from two UK. ton, and Expo Development and Trading, of Jersey.

The statement shows Mr Bond paid A\$486,441 to lawyers

and accountants over the last year as he sought to avoid bankruptcy. He also says he lost A\$10,000 in casinos in the

contingent liabilities at

by the liquidator of J.N. Taylor Holdings, former Bond Corp subsidiary, in relation to alleged mismanagement by Mr Bond and others. The damages sought have been quantified in court papers as in excess of Mr Bond disputes many of

the claims against him, including the action brought by J.N. Taylor. He also claims he is owed A\$265m, mostly by co-guarantors of an A\$258m bank loan to a Dallhold subsidiary. The statement gives a fasci-nating glimpse into the life-style enjoyed by Mr Bond and his family during the boom years of Bond Corp in the late 1980s, when the company con-trolled assets worth more than

sonal wealth was estimated at

Between May 1986 and December 1989, Mr Bond gave his family cash and gifts valued at nearly A\$30m, including jewellery worth A\$10.7m to his wife Elleen, from whom he is being divorced.

Other presents include a watch worth A\$26,000 for his son Craig, a A\$253,000 bracelet for his daughter Susanne, 32, and a A\$69,000 Jaguar car for his daughter Jody, 26. Mr Bond resigned as chair-

man of Bond Corp in Septem-

ber 1990, two days before the group announced an Australian record loss of A\$2,24bn Bond Corp is being restruc-tured under a debt for equity swap which will-reduce Mr Bond's holding from more than 50 per cent to 5 per cent. Most of Bond Corp's assets



Former glory: Alan Bond poses in his London home in the boom times before he was declared bankrupt

Chinese struck by an epidemic of fake cures

A DISINFECTANT spray allegedly able to kill the Aids virus in 30 seconds is one of many fake medicines on the Chinese market making extravagant and false claims for their curative powers.

Composed of medicinal plants and herbs, "Shengiu" can be rubbed or sprayed on, injected or gargled, says the advertising literature. It is one of a number of "anti-Aids" products, claiming to kill or prevent the spread of the deadly virus, which are available over the counter in Beijing department stores

Chen Minzhang, health min-ister, called this week for a crackdown on illegal profiteering from imitating well-regarded traditional Chinese medicines. But despite the misleading claims made for the restorative herbal powers of anti-Aids products in particular, health authorities seem powerless to act or to help people distinguish genuine from false medicine.

The medical claims for some products are merely odd. SOD is an "anti-senility" toothpaste, by the Shanghai Toothpaste Factory which produces 600m SOD (superoxide dismutase)

Despite misleading claims made for fake medicines, the authorities seem powerless to act

able to resist senility in the human body, the Xinhua news agency reported with only a hint of scepticism.

Another Xinhua report from Taivuan claimed a newly-developed traditional Chinese medical concoction could cure mental retardation. The product. Xingnaokang, is reported to have had a 95 per cent success rate in raising IQs without side effects.

Aids products are in a different category, as unscrupulous manufacturers play on people's fears of a terminal and terrible disease to make money, with widespread ignorance about Aids encouraging exploitation.

Australian rate cut likely as quarterly inflation falls to zero

MR JOHN DAWKINS, the Australian federal treasurer, yesterday forecast the underlying rate of inflation fell to a cut in official interest rates in the 0.4 per cent from 3 per cent a year wake of zero inflation in the three ago. This is the lowest rate of

months to March. Government figures showed that for underlying inflation began in the consumer price index (CPI) was - 1971.

michanged over the quarter.

cond lowest figure recorded since

March 1984. The CPI figures also showed that increase since publication of figures

The unexpectedly low figures The annual rate rose, however, prompted the government to revise from 1.5 per cent to 1.7 per cent, the its inflation forecast for the year to

2 per cent. The 1982-93 forecast was also revised downwards by one per-

entage point to 2,5 per cent. Mr Dawkins said the figures removed any doubts about the possi-bility of cuts in official interest rates. However, he said the size of the forthcoming reduction would not be determined until the next meeting of the Reserve Bank of Australia board due

there is now room to have some relaxation of monetary policy, which will return a dividend to the community as a result of this substantial rovement on the inflation front," Mr Dawkins said.

Economists said the March quarter CPI outcome indicated that interest rates were likely to fall by one percentage point, rather than the 0.5 percentage point reduction the finan-

The official cash rate was last cut by one point to 7.5 per cent in January. Official rates peaked at 18 per cent in January 1990 as the government tried to cool the overheated

Mr Dawkins said there were "convincing signs" that Australia was recovering from a recession which led to six consecutive quarters of flat or negative growth in GDP.

Bombs close | Sri Lanka McDonald's violence in Taiwan

THE TAIWAN franchisee for McDonald's has been forced to close all 57 of its hamburger outlets on the island for an unspecified period after two bombs exploded in McDonald's restaurants, leaving one policeman dead and three people injured, writes Luisetta

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Mudle in Taipei. Three other bombs were found and dafused after telephone warnings, Extortion notes were also received by McDonald's staff before the bombings began on Tuesday, demanding payment of NT\$6m (£134,000) in protection

Talwan McDonald's chairmen, Mr David Sun of the. Quanta group, the privately Tigers claim.
owned fraffiliate; said: Ti is A non-governmental comthe responsibility of our company not to concede to this

um is offering a reward of NT\$12m for information leading to the arrest of the cul-

The incident spread such alarm that the prime minister held a special meeting with police to discuss the problem. A government spokesman. Mr Jason Hu, said afterwards he hoped that the incident would not spread terror within society. "Our society has always been a peaceful and quiet one," he said. "People are not used to incidents of.

this nature."

kills 105

THE TAMIL Tiger separatist group in Sri Lanka has killed more than 55 Moslem and Sinhalese in a pre-dawn attack on the country's eastern province which it claims as part of its traditional homeland, writes Mervyn de Silva in Colombo. In retaliation, armed Moslems have killed 50 Tamils in a

The Tigers accuse the Sinha-lese dominated government of trying to convert the demographic character of the proyince through trigation projects which provide water for new settlements. Sinhalese and Moslem families are given land while Tamils are not, the Tigers claim.

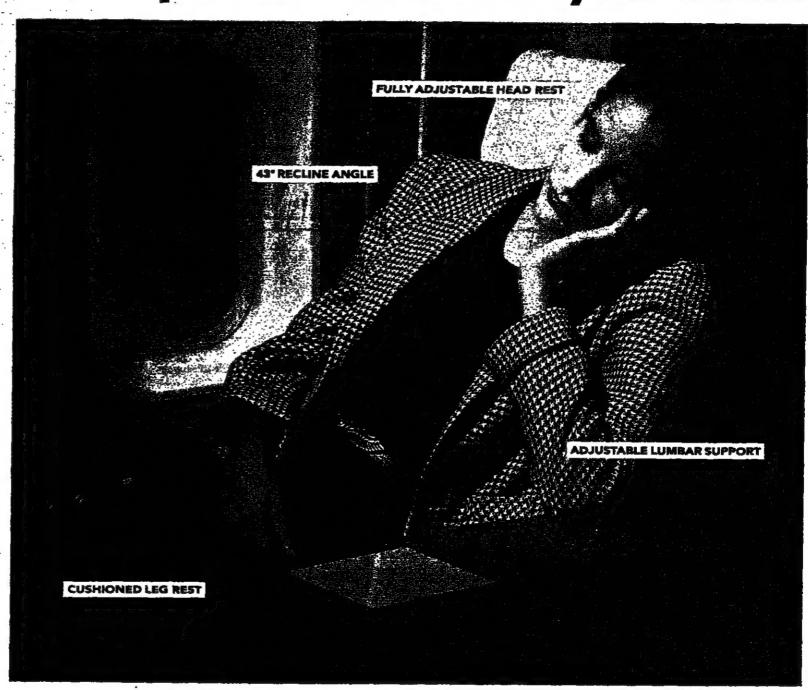
mission in Nepal will investigate a series of police shoot people dead in Kathmandu recently, agencies add.
Official reports say eight peo

ple died in the April 6 shootput the death toll at 17. The Burmese army fired mortar barrages at Karen guerrilla bases on the Thai frontier on Tuesday after Rangoon unced it was suspe

man said yesterday: The Karen have fought for several decades for greater autonomy from the central government.

its offensive, a Karen spokes

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Britain increases food aid to southern Africa

BRITAIN is increasing its drought aid for southern Africa by 220m, only a month after it had pledged an initial £10m

tranche, writes our Foreign Baroness Chalker, the overseas development minister, said: "This drought has devastated harvests throughout the

region. By acting now we can help avert the threat of widespread starvation seen elsewhere in Africa." She called for more EC support. On a visit to Brussels at the weekend she would seek

"to ensure the European Community package of 800,000 tonnes of extra food aid. including 680,000 tonnes for Africa, is approved at the Development Council on May 4

Of the latest £20m disburse-ment, Zambia and Zimbabwe will receive £7.5m and £5m for food imports. Direct shipments of food, mainly for Mozamhi-

que, will cost a further £5m.

The rest will go to countries including Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland and Namibia.

Following the destruction of their offices at the Baltic Exchange by the bomb explosion on 10 April 1992,

Cheeswrights, Notaries Public, are now operating from new offices

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OF COMFORT

By George Graham in Washington

THE US favours the immediate entry of Russia and the other former Soviet republics into the International Finance Corporation, the World Bank affiliate which promotes private investment, Mr David Mulford, US Treasury under-secretary, said yesterday, Mr Mulford told a House of Representatives committee that although the IFC did not have enough shares outstanding to give the republics membership stakes matching their relative sizes, they could become members immediately even without an

IFC capital increase. Unlike the International Monetary Fund, he said, the IFC does not tie the size of its funding in a particular country to the size of its share.

The Bush administration has proposed legislation which would include authorisation for an IFC capital increase, but some observers are worried that this legislation could be held up in congress, just as approval for the US's \$12bn share of the IMF quota increase has been

Mr Mulford said it was not clear how many shares would be available for the former Soviet republics. If Switzerland's entry into the IFC fails to win support from a referen-dum, that would leave more shares to supplement the republics' stakes, he said.

He acknowledged, however, that not all members of the IFC had agreed that this was the right way to go about the

Mr Mulford said the US had been worried by recent opposition to economic reforms in Russia, which had led to a weakening of monetary policy by the government of Presi-dent Boris Yeltsin.

"While we remain confident in Yeltsin's team, we are con-cerned that this slippage not delay the expansion of the shadow programme that will be required before IMF resources can be accessed through a stand-by arrange-

US favours Poor nations accuse the rich of breaking their own rules

Michael Prowse reports on frustration of developing world that western states fail to practise what they preach

MANY developing countries probably left this week's IMF/ World Bank meetings feeling somewhat frustrated. The anodyne official communiques made all the right noises yet there was a sense that rich countries, beset by their own economic problems, had difficulty focusing on the Third

The need to divert scarce capital and human resources to support reform in the former communist countries played a role in this, although many developing countries recognise that they, too, stand to gain from an enlargement of the international economic com-munity. The problem lay more in the perceived reluctance of industrialised countries to follow talk with action.

Mr Alejandro Foxley, the Chilean minister who chairs

By Bernard Simon in Toronto

ONTARIO's beleaguered social

democratic government is to

raise taxes in a budget to be

Despite the tax rises, expec-

ted to hit big business and

high earners, analysts are pre-

dicting a sharp increase in the budget deficit and borrowing

requirement of Canada's

Ontario bonds have already widened in anticipation of the

budget, and credit-rating agen-

cies will be watching the bud-

get closely with a view to a

possible downgrading.
The province and its power
utility. Ontario Hydro, are
among North America's big-

gest borrowers on interna-

tional capital markets. They

borrowed about C\$10bn last

year. Ms Hilary Geller of SA Mur-

ray, a Toronto lobbying firm.

said the government was likely

to expand its borrowing capa-

bility by setting up separate

corporations for various public

services, such as transport,

water and sewerage. The budget deficit for the fis-

Interest rate spreads on

presented in Toronto today.



the joint IMF/bank development committee, summed up his frustration by contrasting the Group of Seven industrialised countries' demands for radical structural reform in the former Soviet republics with their reluctance to take even modest steps to eliminate their own economic distortions some of which are hurting the developing world.

He pointed out that rich countries spend \$250bn on agri-cultural protection - about five times the total devoted to official development finance.

year to March 1991.

tember 1990.

provincial civil service. Mr

Laughren announced earlier

that transfers to hospitals,

municipalities and schools will

rise by only 1 per cent this

"It was disturbing," he said, that the Uruguay Round trade talks were languishing because rich countries lacked the courage to make reforms that would adversely affect only a tiny percentage of their mainly urban populations. Many developing countries have unilaterally reduced trade barriers and implemented a range of market-oriented policies: they cannot understand why their teachers in the industrialised world refuse to obey the rules.

Mr Foxley warned that if developed countries did not soon agree to liberalise trade, Third World countries might be obliged to form their own regional trading blocs. He hoped such pacts would be compatible with Gatt rules, but there is an obvious risk they might undermine multilateral trade. The development committee's final communique noted these tendencies, but its only new proposal on trade was the minor recommendation that the bank and IMF publish regular assessments of the impact of changes in trade patterns on poor countries.

The Third World is also disappointed that real growth in overseas development assistance has petered out. In 1990 prices, official aid totalled \$41.3bn last year, fractionally less than the previous year. The grant component fell from \$26.5bn to \$24.7bn. Yet the demands for funds are grow-ing to take one example the drought in southern Africa looks like being one of the worst in decades. Mr Lewis Preston, the bank's

president, argued vigorously for more cash for the poorest countries. But in its communi-

que the development commit-tee regretted the increase in poverty, but lamely agreed only to "discuss all resource flows and transfers in more depth" at next September's IMF/bank meeting. The bank is pressing for a substantial increase in funds for the International Development Association (IDA) - its soft loan affiliate. But with most of the large prove so simple. donors running big budget deficits, the 10th replenishment of

while, many new countries including former Soviet republics in central Asia - will meet IDA's \$800 a year per capita As the Earth Summit in Rio draws closer, the environment

forms a third source of friction

IDA (which covers the three

years beginning next July) is unlikely to do more than keep

pace with inflation. Mean-

between rich and poor countries. The development committee communique, echoing the analysis of the bank's forthcoming World Develop-ment Report, declared that "continued, even accelerated economic growth and human development can be consistent with improving environmental conditions. Life may not

Mr Foxley is probably not alone in fearing that rich coun-tries will use the environment as an excuse for sneaking in new trade barriers, whose real purpose would be to mollify special interest groups at home. Another possibility is that industrialised countries will prove genuinely committed to a cleaner global environment, but turn to trade sanctions as the only effective way of forcing compliance with

tougher standards.
The underlying problem is that worthwhile environmental improvements will be costly. To make an impact, the bank reckons developing countries will have to spend at least 2-3 per cent of gross domestic product every year - a large sum in poor countries facing many competing claims on resources. Judging from the communique, as a gesture ahead of the Rio conference, industrial countries will support an expanded role for the \$1.3bn environment facility set up by the World Bank and United Nations to pay for environmental projects with global pay-offs. But this will still be a drop in the ocean. Rich countries do not appear willing to commit resources on the scale needed to really help the Third

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Rising US incomes fuel spending rise By George Graham

PERSONAL incomes continued to rise in the US last month, helping to fuel a modest revival in consumer spending. The Department of Commerce said personal income rose in March by 0.6 per cent to an annual rate of \$4,990bn after seasonal adjustments, following February's 1.0 per cent

Disposable incomes rose somewhat faster as a result of a reduction in income tax cales ordered by President Bush and applied in March.

The department said dispos-able incomes rose 1.1 per cent, or 0.6 per cent in real terms. Spending on personal consumption rose modestly for the fifth month, gaining 0.3 per cent to an annual rate of \$4,041bn in real terms, however, personal consumption spending declined by 0.2 per cent. Personal saving increased to an estimated \$233bn a year. Economists said the data announced yesterday were consistent with Tuesday's report that GDP grew at 2 per cent a



George Bush is toasted by Carol Vander, wife of Republican Guy Vander Jagt at the president's dinner in Washington. The dinner was the biggest fund raiser to date, raising 89m. The minimum contribution was \$1,500 and the biggest donation \$400,000

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Congress asked to extend federal regulation of insurance industry

Nikki Tait and George Graham on a bill seeking SEC-type regulation

HE US Congress, undaunted by its failure last year to pass coherent legislation on the banking larger political agends.

It is true that, as insurance industry, is turning its attention to insurance.
Mr John Dingell, chairman

of the House of Representatives energy and commerce committee, has put forward a draft bill which would set up a federal regulatory agency for the insurance industry, mod-elled along the same lines as the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) which over-

sees the capital markets.

Mr Dingell's bill would set
up a federal certificate of solvency which would authorise an insurer to write policies anywhere in the US without any other regulation of its

Foreign insurers applying for this federal certificate would have to set up a trust fund in the US to satisfy the commission of their ability to meet their policy holders' claims. Companies engaged in rein-surance would, under Mr Din-

gell's proposal, have to meet tougher capital standards. The Dingell bill matches in many respects a proposal made last year by Senator Howard Metzenbaum, although Mr Dingell does not go as far as Sena-tor Metzenbaum in transferring insurance regulation from the states to the federal government. He would leave the

ums to each state. Pressure for some measure of federal regulation in the US insurance industry arises for two basic reasons.

regulation of insurance premi-

The first is that the existing system of state regulation, dating from the mid-19th century, is widely seen to have flaws. Each state enacts its own laws, runs its own insurance department, operates its own guaran-tee funds and has its own insurance commissioner.

The commissioner may be either elected or appointed by other state officials. Where he is elected, insurance matters tend to develop an even thicker political coating. For example, John Garamendi, the first elected commissioner in California, is an ambitious Democrat, thought to have his eyes on the governor's job. Many observers believe that his highprofile actions - which have ranged from the seizure of First Executive, the large life company, to an engoing court

companies have become bigger and more complex, the states have developed a fair degree of consistency. There is, for instance, a standard format for financial reports. The National Association of Insurance Commissioners, moreover, regu-larly formulates "model" laws, which often form the basis for state legislation.

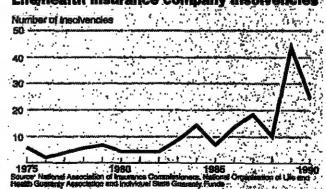
Nevertheless, most industry practitioners acknowledge that regulatory standards vary substantially from state to state. Differences in state guarantee fund arrangements, which underpin policyholders' con-

tracts, have also been highlighted recently - during, for Like other financial services businesses, insurers are counting the cost of over-ambitious expansion in the heady Eightmarily on the investment side

of the business. Some of the largest composite insurers such as Aetna or Travelers are busily buttressing revenues to cover souring real estate-related holdings. Heavy junk bond holdings, meanwhile, prompted policyholder runs, and subsequent seizures, at First Executive, First Capital

But the writing of some poli-cies has been injudicious, too: witness Equitable Life's prob-

Life/health insurance company insolvencies



example, the First Executive debacie. A small minority of states still lack guarantee arrangements for certain types of contract: even California, a big insurance market, only recently enacted a life/health guarantee fund.

Anxious to deflect federal oversight, the NAIC responsed with a new approval system in June 1990. By formally "accred-iting" those states whose financial standards conform to (or better) its model rulebook and whose supervisory resources are deemed adequate, the NAIC hopes to presslaggard states into improvements. So far, nine states have met the NAIC's standards, and more accreditations may come in

But however intelligent and well-intentioned this response, critics of state regulation still see a fundamental flaw: the NAIC has no legal powers to compel the sloppier states to

investment contracts" (essentially savings contracts which promised an ambitious rate of return).

Meanwhile, on the property-casualty (non-life, non-health) side, few think that the underwriting cycle has really begun to turn, and the move towards "self-insurance" - as customers seek to defray the cost of mounting premiums - leads some pundits to believe that the cycle is undergoing a fun-damental structural change. In short, the health of the industry is not good.

The problem is summed up

by figures of insurance company fallures. According to A. M. Best, the specialist rating agency, 271 property-casualty companies have either been "involuntarily dissolved" or placed under state supervision

The second reason for dis-quiet with the state-based regu-latory system is simpler still. shurt their doors involuntarily last year, the second-highest figure for more than a decade and a 44 per cent increase on the 32 in 1990. Another 28 life/ health companies were also declared impaired or insolvent

last year. The Dingell bill seems to have generated a good deal of reading - "It's the size of the telephone book," complained one New York-based insurance executive — and relatively lit-tle public comment. The NAIC has set up a working group to review the bill and expects to put out a detailed response in the summer.

Many of the largest insurers are publicly supportive of the NAIC has been working very hard to improve solvency regulation," commented Met Life, "and the federal services of the services federal government has a pretty poor record when it comes to financial institutions

Insurers also point out that they have a vested interest in good solvency regulation at present - since, when a call is made on a state guarantee fund, it is other insurers functioning in the same state who retroactively supply funds. Per-haps one of the fiercest criticisms of the Dingell proposals is that it would make solvency versight a federal matter, yet leave pricing and product supervision with the states.

That said, executives at some large, multistate companies concede privately that a federal oversight agency might make life simpler. And, like the NAIC, they generally accept that the federal government could usefully play a role in matters of fraud and the regulation of non-US insurance companies operating in the US. Perhaps the final disincen-

tive for congressmen is Mr Dingell's plan to establish a National Insurance Protection Corporation to cover the claims of policyholders whose insurers become insolvent.

Mr Dingell argues that this corporation would be prefunded by a risk-based levy on insurance companies

But most congressmen have been so badly burnt by the experience of paying for insolvent savings and loans and banks that they are unlikely to over the past eight years, com-pared with 62 in the previous show much enthusiasm for extending the federal eight years. Forty-six property-extending the federal umbrella eight years, rotty-at had to over insurance policyholders.

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Mirica's with ration

Hoechst to restructure N American fibre plants

By Paul Abrahama

REORGANISATION of the ues with the announcement by Hoechst Celanese, the US subsidiary of Hoechst, the German chemicals company, of a \$600m (£339m) programme ta restructure its north American polyester fibres operations

over the next five years.

The group plans to build a 125m lb a year staple fibre installation at Queretaro, Mexico, which should come on stream by the last quarter of 1993. This follows an announcement last week that announcement last week that it was expanding the scale of its proposed polyethylene tere-phthalate (PET) plant there-from 70m lb a year to 125m lb. Hoechst said the prime rea-son it had chosen Mexico for

its fibres expansion was that the textile market in the region had expanded dramatic-ally in recent years and the company wanted to be nearer its customers. However, construction and engineering costs in Mexico were 25 per cent less than the US, while labour costs were a third.

diving US neomes fuel pending rise

The investment would not increase north American poly-ester staple fibre capacity, said Hoechst. It said it was considering shutting down outdated, non-competitive equipment at other Hoechst Celanese facilities in the US and Canada, US production would be centred at Spartanburg, South Carolina. The group is also closing a filament yarn plant at Mill-haven, Ontario.

Pakistani oil plant contract

Crescent Petroleum, a small private Abu-Dhabi-based oil company, has won a \$850m (£198m) contract to build an apgrading unit for one of Pakistan's oil refineries,

writes Deborah Hargreaves. The company will hold a 35 per cent equity stake in the project which is expected to be partly financed by the World Bank. The hydro-cracking unit will produce around 1.6m

Tariff row spoils Caribbean community spirit

Moves towards a common market have fuelled policy disputes on protectionism, writes Canute James

FFORTS by the Carib-bean Economic Commu-nity (Carlcom) to create a common market in two years are being hampered by continuing uncertainty over the establishment of a customs union with the implementation of a common tariff on imports from third countries. The debate over the common

tariff and the attacks which have been levelled at it illustrates the conundrum being faced by small, open economies industries amid a global tendency towards deregulated trade. Caricom has argued that the common external tariff is needed to protect its members economies while it creates the common market which would give it the strength to compete in the global marketplace.

But the structure of the common tariff, and its likely effect on trade, has been attacked by the US and queried by institutions such as the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund. This, combined with the reluctance of four of Caricom's 13 members to has forced a rethinking in the community of the need for the tariff as it is now structured.

The relatively high level at which the tariff has been set has been drawn to our attention by the multilateral institutions," said Mr Wendell Mottley, finance minister of Trinidad and Tobago. They say the tariff levels in other parts of the world are lower, and that Caricom is not moving fast enough to deal with mon tariff. However, several raw materials or finished prod-



The port of Kingston in Jamaica, one of the main commercial hubs of the Caribbean Community

this, I foresee some debate on countries have repeatedly ucis, and agricultural products missed target dates, saying Caricom, which has a market they feared adverse effects on

of 5.5m people, is made up of 13 English-speaking countries of the region, including Belize in their economies. The common external tariff imposes low rates of duty on Central America, the Bahamas, imports which do not compete with goods produced within the community, but sets high and Guyana in South America. The Community was estab-lished in 1973 with the aim of rates on any imports which are likely to injure domestic indusstrengthening the economies of its members through increased try. Under the new tariff the highest rate of duty within the regional trade and a common approach in trade negotiations with third countries. All memcommunity will be 45 per cent and the lowest five per cent. This replaces a structure in bers, except the Bahamas which is not a signatory of the which tariffs ranged from five trading agreements, had said they will implement the comper cent to 70 per cent. Rates differ where the imports are

will be given protection while

inputs for agriculture will be subject to very low tariffs. The US. Caricom's main trading partner, is unhappy with the structure of the tariff, and has suggested changes which it says are in keeping with the trend towards the removal of barriers. Mr David Malpass, the US deputy assistant secretary of state, said the common tariff will reduce Cari-

"I am concerned that the current structure of the com-mon tariff could keep the

com's trade competitiveness by

protecting vulnerable indus-

region from achieving the com-petitiveness and growth which it so badly needs and wants." Mr Malpass said.

"The real crunch is the obvious tension between trying to protect vulnerable industries and sectors, and the need to liberalise to make these economies more efficient." Caricom's progress towards trade liberalisation was lagging substan-tially behind that of other groups in Latin America, such as the Central American Common Market and the Andean to impose a common external tariff with a maximum level of 20 per cent in general, Mr Mal-

The criticism was immediately rejected by Caricom technocrats. Mr Byron Blake, director of economics and industry at the Caricom secretariat, said US trade with Caricom had grown significantly from 1984, while there had been a decline in the exports of community members to the US.

While Caricom's tariff regime appeared to be a "real problem" for the US, he argued, it would neither reduce imports from the US nor impact negatively on regional competitiveness

"Some Caricom members, such as those in eastern Caribbean, by and large have very

"Their exporters have not been able to compete in the extra-regional markets. So clearly there is not a question of tariffs which deals with our ability to compete." The 45 per ceiling in the community's tar-

iff affected only a few products Mr Blake said. It is now clear, however, that the community will have to rethink the man ner in which it will create the customs union which it says is fundamental to transforming itself into a common market.

alteration in the structure of the common tariff has been indicated by Mr Edwin Carrington, a former secretary general of the African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) group, and who will take office as Caricom's secretary general in September. Rather than having a regime which demands the same tariff levels, he argued, it is more realistic to determine which goods are produced, or can be produced, in the com

"We can then design a tariff which deals with these products, but which leaves member countries to impose differing duties on products which are not produced in the community," he argued. "The entire instrument needs to be revised. The IMF and the World Bank are pressuring us to remove barriers, and the world is moving in the direction of lower

munity.

Business leaders, such as Mr Pat Thompson, executive director of the Caribbean Association of Industry and Commerce, believe the problem has to be resolved quickly.

"If is it not then we will not have a common market because it is not possible to have a common market which does not have a common exter-

Daewoo in Vietnam trucks and buses deal

DAEWOO of South Korea has agreed to set up a \$6m (£3.3m) joint venture plant to produce trucks and buses in Vietnam, the company said yesterday

AP reports from Seoul.
It will be Daewoo's first vehicle plant overseas. Daewoo officials said construction of the plant would begin in May. Beginning in 1993, the plant

in Vietnam would produce about 400 buses and trucks a year. Daewoo has agreed to a 60 per cent share in the venture and plans to invest more to produce passenger cars within the next two years.

South Korea has no diplomatic relations with Vietnam but business ties between the two countries have increased recently as Korean companies have sought to use low-wage Vietnamese workers. "It is part of the Daewoo Group's long-term projects to broaden its base in South-East Asia," a Daewoo spokesman said.

Other joint ventures sought by Daewoo in Vietnam include hotel and plants to produce textiles and electronics. The group's main subsidiary, Dae woo Motor, has announced plans to establish a joint venture with First Philippine Holding and Westmount of the Philippines to produce buses and trucks.

Daewoo Motor, a joint venture of the group and General Motors of the US, is South Korea's second largest auto maker behind Hyundai.

Report urges tougher rules to curb arms trade

tonnes of oil products a year.

ings among a wide range of

arms experts and decision-

officials from 16 countries in

ATTEMPTS TO control trade in weapons solely through agreements between supplier countries will fail in the long run to prevent proliferation and excessive arms build-ups. This warning is one of the conclusions of a report published today based on sound-

and the Third World.

It also questions the extent to which "selective embargoes" such as those against Iraq and Libya can be effectively

The report by the Oxford Research Group, an independent study organisation devoted to security issues, says that "supplier regimes" - on the lines of the current Missile Technology Control Regime - were regarded as no more than holding operations that

Nato, the former Warsaw pact would allow down proliferation. Negotiations should aim instead at a "participatory regime" involving voluntary co-operation among all producers and buyers, on either a regional or a global basis, according to the report's find-

> Independent inspectorates could be set up to monitor compliance, with sanctions imposed on countries failing to agree to inspections or violat-

"At no time has the political

will world-wide been more favourable towards the negotiation of international controls," the report says.

It highlights widespread scepticism about the effectiveness of the UN arms register due to be set up in the aftermath of the Gulf war to record exports and imports of certain categories of offensive weap-

Proposals for improving the register would be to include supplier nations' own arms procurement, disclose financial terms, and make the register

publicly available. The first data for the register, referring to 1992 arms transfers, is due to be supplied by April 30 next year.

The initiative is seen as a positive first step that can improve mutual confidence and provide early warning of regional military build-ups, the report says.

International Control of the Arms Trade, Oxford Research Oxford OX2 6JA, £10.

Rabobank joins in Chinese venture for trade finance

RABOBANK, the Dutch bank with strong roots in the Netherlands' agri-business sector, has signed a letter of intent for a trade finance ven- a later stage. ture with the Agricultural Bank of China, writes Ronald van de Krol in Amsterdam.

ABC will own 46 per cent of the venture and Rabobank will hold 18 per cent, Yasuda Trust of Japan and the International Finance Corp, the World Bank subsidiary, are also expected to take 18 per cent stakes in the

added that banks from Singapore, South Korea and Australia may join the partnership at

The Shanghai-based joint national Bank for Trade and Finance, will concentrate on financing trade with China. Loans will be made in foreign currencies to Chinese subsidiaries of foreign companies as seeking foreign funds.

Extracts from the annual review of Mr N. F. Oppenheimer, Chairman of Anglo American Gold Investment Company Limited

AMGOLD

"Gold remains a unique metal, and in a year of continuing economic recession it has once more confirmed its importance in jewellery."

Financial results

Profits for the year at R235.5 million were R57.3 million, or 32.1 per cent, higher than for the 13 months ended 31 March 1991. Total investment income from both listed and unlisted investments declined by 8.6 per cent to R219.9 million from R240.7 million for the comparable period as a result of lower dividends being declared by gold mines in which the group is invested. However, this was offset by an increase in interest earned and other income to R67.5 million from R24.7 million as a result of the interest on surplus funds of the company held for the full year subsequent to the rights issue in November 1990.

South Africa's gold mining industry

While market circumstances over the past year have been largely unfavourable for bullion, a stronger dollar relative to the rand has shielded South African producers from the full effect of the drift in the gold price. However, the protection afforded to producers by exchange rate depreciation is not a long-term solution to the problems of the gold market. The cost-cutting measures introduced by South African mines during the past year, and the consequent Improvement in their operating profitability, have given a much needed breathing space to the industry, but such cost-cutting cannot continue indefinitely. Producers have to rely ultimately on a healthy gold market to ensure their longer term survival. Effective and regular promotion of gold, and of gold jewellery in particular, is vital and deserves the support of all gold producers.

Strong fabrication demand to continue

On balance, the gold price has performed steadily during a difficult year for metals in general, and for precious metals in particular. Gold remains a unique metal, and in a year of continuing economic recession it has once more confirmed its importance in lewellery and in other fabricated forms, together with its intangible element of value associated traditionally with its role as a precious metal. Jewellery sales held up remarkably well in circumstances damaging to most other sectors of consumer goods, and these sales have offset the disappointing performance of the metal in other

Although the overhang of material quantities of swapped Russian gold in western banks and the signs of increasing bullion activity from central banks are reason for caution, there are positive signs elsewhere in the bullion market. Prospects for faster global economic growth toward the end of 1992 and in subsequent years should result in an increased offtake of gold in jewellery. While the pricing of gold is not only influenced by the overall balance between physical supply and demand owing to the very substantial volumes of metal traded in the futures markets, increased physical demand is essential to sustain and increase price levels. Strong demand from the jewellery fabrication sector has been responsible for the steady bullion offtake which has supported the gold price, and there is every indication that this demand will be sustained.

April 1992

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Achievements in 1991

Total premium income up by 8 per cent to £1,190 million.

Record bonus allocation

to life assurance and pensions policyholders up by 9 per cent to £447 million.

New annual premiums business up by 9 per cent to £106 million and new single premiums up by 76 per cent to £127 million.

Motor and household policyholders continue to benefit from special discounts after just 3

Total premium income for life assurance and pensions business up by 18 per cent to £778 million.

Investment income up by 8 per cent to £485 million. Assets, held on behalf of policyholders, valued at £7.9 billion.

TOTAL PREMIUM INCOME

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Newspaper launched into bitter battle for Britain's black readers about

THE circulation battle among newspapers aimed at Britain's black population is set to move up a gear with today's launch of The Weekly Journal, the first broad sheet newspaper targeted at Britain's growing young black middle class. The move has raised the

for the 1.1m potential Afro-Caribbean readership in the UK. Black readers are already served by the 10-year-old tabloid weekly, The Voice, whose circulation at 47,000, is double that of its nearest rival The Caribbean Times, and by Black Briton, which claims weekly

sales of 20,000. The Weekly Gleaner, owned by Gleaner Group of Jamaica,

15,000. Public sector advertising has been the mainstay for

The Weekly Journal is owned by Voice Communications, publishers of The Voice. The latter's dominance has been under threat from the midmarket tabloid Black Briton, which was launched

The Voice publisher's reac-tion was a hastily arranged revamp of the paper, introducing features such as 'the Voice Interview', reorganising departments, and launching an advertising campaign.

Financial muscle was also brought to bear when former staff members that had agreed

Black Briton were suddenly lured back to the fold with greatly enhanced financial

But a spoiler appeared to be the only answer, and with that the Weekly Journal was born. With a print run of 40,000 it is directly simed at the young, educated, upwardly

and first published in the UK last August by a former assistion of tant editor of The Voice.

The Voice with the new paper and in some cases started work on with the recession in advertise and the recession and the rece tising continuing and with Voice Communications declaring it is prepared to spend the necessary resources to support the new paper for "as long as it takes to make it a success" the battle for survival is on; althought it looks as though a casuality in the sector is increasingly likely.

EUROPEAN BUSINESS REVIEW

16th June 1992 Lifting of trade barriers within Europe in 1993 opens possibilities for companies to pursue and develop new cross-border business ventures. The European Business Review will discuss the economics of each European nation and provide vital facts to more senior European decision-makers on international business o than can be reached through any other title. To find out more about promoting your company in this section please

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FINANCIAL TIMES

talks begin at Stormont

Fresh Ulster

NORTHERN Ireland's political leaders began talking yesterday in a fresh attempt to test whether decades of distrust in the province can be overcome.

The resumption of negotiations at Stormont, outside Belfast, marked a reaffirmation of UK ministers' hope that by jug-gling conflicting aspirations of nationalist and unionist leaders, and of the UK and Irish governments, a political solution can be found. Sir Patrick Mayhew, new

Northern Ireland secretary. acknowledged the scale of his task in a statement talking of the province's political impasse being resolved, "step by step". In fact the agenda, as in the

original set of talks under former Northern Ireland secretary Mr Peter Brooke last summer, is far grander - exploring the "totality of relationships" including those between north and south Ireland and between London and Dublin.

Yet no participant pretends it is a "peace conference" to end terrorist violence. Another Catholic was shot dead in North Belfast yesterday by loyalist paramilitaries.

The timetable is tight. Three months have been set aside for the process. Talks - also involving Mr John Hume's national-Social Democratic and

community Alliance party - are only planned for two or three

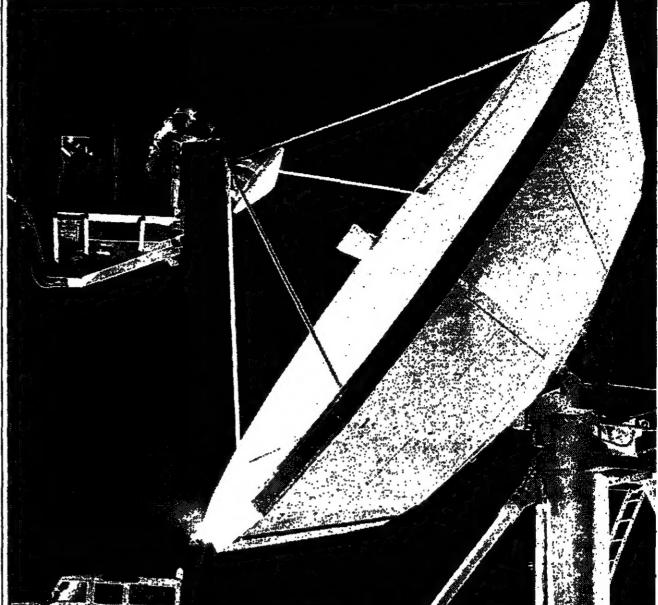
Most critically, "strand two" of the talks - when discussion turns from a devolved government to relations between

north and south Ireland - is due to begin "within weeks". It is the point at which the Irish government enters negotiations and a test of Unionists' willingness to talk to Dublin. It could be the breaking point. Differences between the two governments are more pronounced than at any time last

Sir Patrick says Northern Ireland will remain part of the UK as long as wanted by most ment has insisted the province's constitutional status is up for negotiation.

Nevertheless there is a sens

of renewed optimism. Already the talks have almost exceede the achievements of last year when seven weeks of wrangling delayed plenary sessions Ultimately, however, the talks' success will depend on the political will of the participants. Sir Patrick's statement hour". Unionist and nationalist leaders showed they were willnext few weeks will show if



Putting the final touches to BT's latest satellite dish in Madley, Hereford, west England. The dish, which will be operational later this week, is designed to beam the BBC World Service and Star TV to Hong Kong.

Britain out of time on working hours in



thousands of compa-nies they work for, may have to radically re-think their working SOCIAL time arrangements if EUROPE European Community employment ministers

today reach outline agreement on the EC working time directive. If agreement is not reached today it will come at the meeting in June and,

despite the probable opposition of the UK government, the working time directive could become part of UK law within months.

The "opt-out" from the next stage of EC employment legislation won by the UK government at Maastricht came too late to fend off this directive. And because the directive has been introduced under health and safety legislation it requires only a qualified majority. That means at least one other big EC country plus a small one, or three smaller countries, must side with the UK to block it.

UK officials believe there is a new willingness to do a deal, especially with Mrs Gillian Shephard, the new employment secretary in the chair, and that a high degree of flexibility in implementing the directive might be

ABOUT 2m British workers who work more than 48 hours each week, and the thousands of compa-

allowed at national level. If the UK government fails to find support for a veto it will probably launch a legal challenge to the health and safety basis of the directive. Alternatively, it may refuse to implement the directive and wait for the Commission to take it to the European Court of Justice. Either way there is no certainty that

it would win. So, if it were to be imposed on the UK, how serious would the directive really be for UK industry?

The directive has three main parts. First, a ceiling on the length of the working week set at 48 hours, including overtime. Second, statutory daily and weekly rest periods and restric-tions on night work. The directive states there must be a minimum daily rest period of 11 hours and Sunday should "in principle" be a day of rest. Thirdly, four weeks minimum annual paid holiday, although for the first three years of the directives' life it

will be only three weeks. Not all workers would be covered by the directive. There are complete exemptions for some groups, includ-ing managers, the self-employed and transport workers, there are also "derogations" for other groups which allow flexibility.

Yet the imposition of such measures - particularly the 48 hour limit -would seem a classic case of the EC's legislative norms being imposed upon UK's more flexible system of industrial relations.

Almost all other EC countries, spart from Ireland and Denmark, have had detailed legislation in these areas for decades. Partly as a result there is a much stronger convergence of working time in other EC countries and far fewer people working over 48 hours.

In both the UK and the rest of the EC the average working week is close to 40 hours but in the rest of the EC 72 per cent of employees work between 35 and 40 hours a week compared with just 36 per cent in the UK. The UK has a much higher inci-dence of part-time work and of long hours, taking only full-time workers the UK has the highest average in the

EC at 45.5 hours. UK workers also do more overtime and more shift-work than elsewhere in the EC. The total number of UK employees

who regularly work more than 48 hours per week is 2.7m-or 11.7 percent of the workforce, far more than elsewhere else in the EC. There is a

high concentration among particular groups of workers - rail workers, farm workers, crane drivers, food industry workers - mainly as a result of high overtime. The cost to UK industry of maintaining current levels of output while

complying with the restrictions is sible to calculate. The government's estimate of £5bn - of which £3.5bn comes from the 48 hour limit is not a serious one. It excludes all. exempted workers and is based on the arbitrary assumption that the cut in carnings of those currently working over the limit would be no more than half the cost of restructuring working

Some managers say it is good practice to cut chronic overtime and that the directive will give a helpful push in the right direction. Companies such as ICI are not enthusiastic but say they can live with such restrictions on the continent and with a bit of reorganisation could do so here.

Nevertheless the great majority of UK companies strongly oppose the direc-tive and fear higher costs and reduced flexibility. In the baking industry, for example, where hours average 54 a week, the employers would be happy to cut overtime if they could open the main baking plants seven days a

But employers, and the government, argue that the directive runs against the trend for employers in both services and manufacturing to seek longer working time for expensive assets and for employees to seek greater flexibility.

That trend can be seen in the growth of annual working time agreements allowing for radical variations at different periods of the year. About 6 per cent of UK workers are now covered by such arrangements and there is growing interest in several other EC countries.

There is, indeed, some unease about the directive outside the UK, even though the effect will be much less. Luxembourg and Portugal believed, wrongly, that 48 hours excluded overtime and Denmark is against any weekly limit. But there is a strong Christian-democrat/social democrat consensus behind the directive and although efforts will be made to build in flexibility for the UK, employers should plan for the worst.

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Ck readen Labour reviews Labour Link with unions link with unions

THE opposition Labour party could take an important step towards reducing its historic links with the trade unions this autumn by ending the unions' role in the election of the party leadership, it

emerged yesterday. Such a move is being fuelled by mounting public criticism of the unions' conduct in the current leadership contest, not least the refusal of several of

the largest to ballot members. Mr Larry Whitty, the party's general secretary, said the national executive committee had agreed to an immediate review of the rules for future leadership elections which is to be completed before the Black-pool conference in October.

BA setback

competition

By Daniel Green

at hearing on

lead to a proposal for an imme-diate end to the present electoral college that gives 40 per cent of the votes to unions and 30 per cent each for MPs and individual party members in leadership elections.

Any change would have no bearing on the current battle

between Mr John Smith and Mr Bryan Gould for the leadership or on the three cornered fight for the deputy leadership between Mr Gould, Mrs Mar-garet Beckett and Mr John It would limit the damage

being incurred and speed up a deep-rooted revision of the relationship between the party and the unions that still control 90 per cent of the votes at the party's annual conference. Officials from both sides said

yesterday that the argument is increasingly between those who want a complete break and those who want a radical scaling-down of the union role A complete split is not yet supported by some unions leaders. Even reformers like

Mr John Edmonds of the GMB general union, or Mr Gavin Laird of the AEU, who are happy to end union involvement in the electoral college, and even phase out the block vote (which gives union delegates the right to cast millions of votes on behalf of members). want to keep some union voice in policy-making. Mr Bill Morris of the TGWU general union is happy to relinquish the elec-toral college but wants to keep the block vote in some form.

Editorial Comment, Page 1

More detail urged

THE Civil Aviation Authority yesterday ruled against British Airways at a preliminary hearing over charges of anticompetitive practices. In an unprecedented deci-

sion, it instructed BA to halve the number of flights it operates between Edinburgh and Manchester from four daily to two. That would allow a rival. Loganair, owned by British Midland Airways, to make a profit on the route.

BA said it was "surprised and disappointed" at the decision. It is to appeal to Mr John MacGregor, secretary of state for transport.

It will maintain four flights a day pending his decision, which is expected before the CAA's public appeal scheduled for June 18-19

If unheld the ruling would open the way-for similar complaints such as that by Virgin Atlantic Airways against BA. The two are engaged in libel suits over allegations of anticompetitive behaviour.

100

in company reports

By Andrew Jack

COMPANIES will be urged to provide far more detailed commentary of their activities in annual reports, by draft proposals issued yesterday by the Accounting Standards Board.

A new "operating and finan-cial review" statement should give a balanced, objective statement of good and bad news including operating results, financial needs and resources and shareholder value, and should be written in an accessible style, the board

Mr David Tweedie, chairman, said: "What we're after is management going behind the numbers and helping people. understand their business. I suspect many private share-holders will read this rather than the accounts.

The suggestions are likely to lead to a statement of best practice rather than the legally-enforceable accounting standards the board has been producing until now.

It would not be audited, because it is not part of the accounts. But one option being considered is whether auditors should be required to approve the statement to ensure it complies with the guidelines.

Discussion of the ideas which are invited by July 17 will lead to an exposure draft in the late autumn and could be converted into a formal statement early next year.

The board would like it to

apply to all quoted companies as well as other businesses including private companies and large entities in the public sector.

Among the more important items which the discussion paper says companies abould discuss in the proposed state ment are: · Main risks and uncertainties

facing the company. . Capital structure of the enterprise. Strengths and resources of the business.

Lex, Page 16

Watchdog strikes new note on Europe

MR ANTHONY NELSON, the new economic secretary to the Treasury, has explained publicly for the first time the government's reasons for a planned upheaval in the regu-lation of financial markets.

He also restated the British government's intention to oppose proposed EC legislation which could threaten the UK's securities industry, although he struck a less strident tone than his predecessor Mr John Redwood.

Mr Nelson said that responsi bility for regulation of financial markets and non-bank financial services would not be shifted from the Department of Trade and Industry to the Treasury for another "month

The move was announced in the Conservative party manifesto ahead of the general elec-

Speaking at a dinner organised by the Securities and Futures Authority, one of the City self-regulatory authorities, Mr Nelson said the switch reflected developments in financial markets. "The present division of ministerial responsibilities rests on a view that banking and other deposit-taking activity can be placed in a seperate box from the rest of financial services, and that the two arreas can be viewed

entirely seperately."
He added, though, that "the barriers between the different industries are crumbling," and that it made sense to bring together regulation of both the bank and non-bank sector.

The change would also give more weight to the UK financial sector's views internationally. He went on to say that he would seek a "market-oriented" approach in the proposed EC Investment Services and Capital Adequacy Direc-tives, the second of which could be finalised before the end of June.

• The dividing line on big fraud cases between City regu-lators and criminal investigators should be reconsidered, Mr Christopher Sharples. chairman of the SFA, said.

Britain in brief



force Lloyd's

meeting The troubled Lloyd's of London insurance market could be forced to hold an an extraordinary general meeting of the 22,400 Names - the individuals whose assets sup-

port underwriting. Mr Richard Astor, acting on behalf of newly formed Names Fraud Action group, has accused Lloyd's of doing insufficient to prevent the financial ruin of hundreds of Names. He needs 100 signatures to force Lloyd's to call an EGM, which it has to hold within 42

days of receiving a requisition. Lloyd's said the EGM bid "a curious thing to do". An annual general meeting is planned for late June - when Lloyd's will announce its results for the 1989 underwriting year. An EGM would "entail considerable extra expense".

Heseltine's support sought

Business leaders have called on Mr Michael Heseltine, the new Trade and Industry Secretary, to end years of alleged ministerial misunderstanding about the needs of British manufacturing industry and to champion its cause at home and abroad.

Mr Heseltine was given the message at a meeting with members of the Confederation of British Industry's National Manufacturing Council, set up earlier this year to promote the manufacturing sector. The session, with leading industrialists, was his first outside engagement since taking over the department.

He was told industry wanted a champion for business in Whitehall, at Westminster and in Brussels.

Those responsible for UK and EC legislation had to be asked to examine the impact on business, in particular in respect of costs.

Channel 4 faces contempt writ

The Department of Public ian murders in North Ireland.

Fines or sequestration of assets are being sought against the Channel and Box

The programme featured an anonymous informant shown in silhouette. He described a secret terrorist organisation in which, it was alleged, members of the security forces, loyalist paramilitaries and local smen organised political and sectarian assassina-

beat index

Only three institutional invesmagazine.

cut prices

BT, the telecommunications group, should be required to make a one-off cut in its prices because it is earning "excess" profits, consumer organisations have said.

Prosecutions has been given High Court permission to com-mit Channel 4, the TV company, for contempt of court over a programme on alleged police involvement in sectar-

Productions, the independent production company which made The Committee, a programme broadcast last Octo-

Channel 4 said that for the first time the authorities were using the Prevention of Terrorism Act to try to compel journalists to reveal sources and name the main informant.

Three groups

tors managed to outperform the FT Actuaries All-Share Index in 1991 - Prudential Portfolio Managers, Eagle Star and Midland Montagu according to a survey conducted by Equity International

The magazine, which annually surveys fund managers on their own results, found that exclusive of property investments, the three had returns in their balanced portfolios of 21.9. 21.8 and 20.8 per cent respectively. When property investments were included, the three posted slightly lower

BT urged to

Both the National Consumers Council and the Consumers' Association, the UK's two

leading consumer groups, argued that consumers should receive a one-off cut in phone bills as part of the price controls being negotiated by BT and Oftel, the industry watchdog. This would be on top of

expected to be a part of the The NCC said BT's profits were high enough to allow a 6 per cent across-the-board price

cut or a 20 per cent reduction in rental and connection

Pay offer likely to be rejected

Government employees' unions are likely to reject an expected Treasury pay offer of about 4 per cent for more than 300,000 civil servants, union officials

The Treasury has not yet made a formal offer, but offi-cials believe the NUCPS, which represents middle-ranking government employees, will be offered a headline increase of about 4.1 per cent. The CPSA, which represents clerical grades, is understood to be facing a headline figure of below four per cent.

The Treasury is expected to argue that performance-related pay will bring earnings up to 4.5 per cent, this year's floor for pay settlements.

Selfridges strike ballot

The shopworkers' union Usdaw is balloting about 1,000 members for industrial action at Selfridges, the London department store, over a pay

The union, which represents more than 50 per cent of staff, says the offer represents a pay cut in real terms because the shop withdrew this year's contractual Christmas bonus without consultation. Members will vote on whether to strike and demonstrate outside the store for one day.

Construction orders rise

UK construction orders rose sharply during the three months to the end of February, according to figures published yesterday by the Environment Department.

But construction industry leaders were swift to deny that this indicated that a recovery

may have begun. The department said public and private orders placed with contractors rose by 2 per cent compared with the previous quarter and by 12 per cent compared with the correspond-

ing period 12 months earlier. The Building Employers Confederation representing 7,000 companies with a combined annual turnover of more than £30bn said: "We see no sign of recovery at this stage and are forecasting a further sharp fall in construction output this year."

Industrial

action at bank Industrial action by 16,000 Royal Bank of Scotland staff is likely to escalate if the bank

continues to refuse pay talks, the banking union Bifu said. The union launched an overtime ban and work-to-contract action just before the Easter weekend as part of its campaign of industrial action over pay. The union will discuss new measures early next

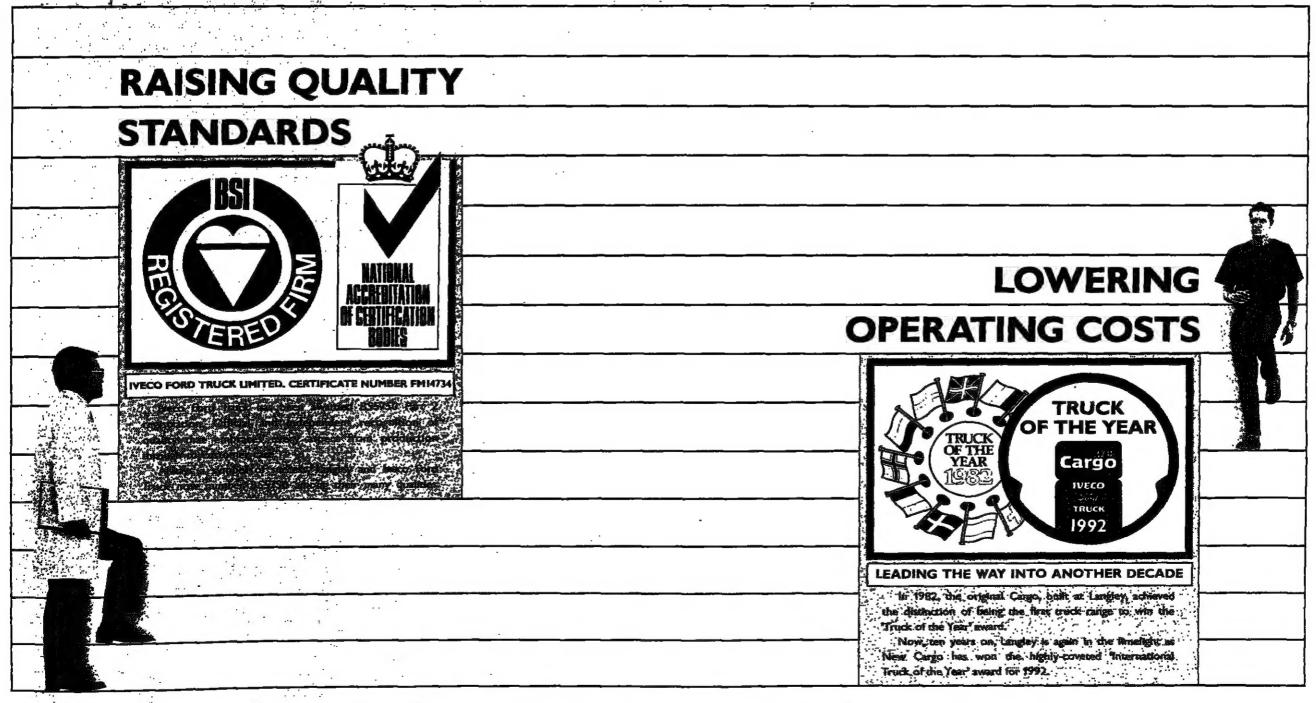
It has rejected an offer of between 2.5 and 8.5 per cent for clerical grades and a performance-related pay package for managers, which it says

Ferry terminal to close

Maersk, the Danish shipping line, is to close its roll-on-roll off ferry terminal at Dartford, Kent, next month with the loss of 134 jobs, less than two years after it took over. The com-pany blamed the recession.

North Sea company fined

The Atlantic Drilling Company has been ordered to pay more than £100,000 in fines after the death of worker on a North Sea drilling rig in December 1990. The company was found guilty in the Aberdeen Sheriff's court of failing to provide a safe system of work under the 1974 Health and Safety at Work Act, as well as not obtaining certificates for equipment as required by reg-ulations.



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n the past few months, the advertising world has lifted the veil from the last taboo of the late 20th century and started exploring the use of death, or at least mortality, as a messen-

The most dramatic images of death come from Benetton, the clothing retailer already known for its willingness to upset accepted mores. In its latest advertising campaign, the company uses a series of photographs of disasters - ranging from an exploding car to an Aids patient on his death bed - with only the Benetton logo to identify

the company and its product.
Athletic shoe makers have seized on a lighter approach, but there no escaping their carpe diem messages. "I believe Life is short. Play Hard," extols the Reebok ad. "Someday, since you are human, you will notice that time has passed and you are not who you were 20 years ago or 10 years ago or even last week." is the message from Nike. Your life was programmed at the factory for continuous play. With proper care and maintenance your life will provide a lifetime of enjoyment," L.A.

Using dead stars to sell products is also increasingly popular. Diet Coke's latest offering employs the services of Humphrey Bogart, James Cagney and Louis Arm-strong, with Elion John represent-ing the living.

Perhaps the most macabre of all

are the endorsements from the grave. Michael Landon, a popular American television actor whose well-publicised death from cancer

gropean and American air-lines are lining up to win back long-haul passengers as

the world emerges from recession. Virgin Atlantic Airways' launch of

a "Mid Class" ticket this week was

the latest manoeuvre in an increas-

customers with low fares and then

keep them with high standards of

But the airlines are far from

agreed over how to do this and

have taken different tacks at differ-

ent times. Some set store by inno-

massages. Others, like Swissair,

prefer to promote a more traditional image, highlighting the per-

sonal attention they give custom-

Even passenger surveys disagree

over what customers want. The US National Institute for Aviation

Research at the University of Wichita, Kansas rates punctuality as the

most important attribute. Next

service and other incentives.

Karen Zagor reports on a macabre approach to promoting products.

Death as a salesman

dominated the tabloids and People magazine last year, can be seen on TV stations across the nation promoting educational study aids. "Because of Michael Landon's belief in this programme, he authorised the producers to continue its broadcast after his death," is the introduction to the television spot for

Where there's a will, there's an A.'
Michael Landon's desire posthumously to promote a product, which has no relevance to the actor's life or death, is a long way from the first sombre use of a dead celebrity, when Yul Brynner spoke out against smoking for the American Cancer Society in 1986, in an ad made to be shown after his death. "I really wanted to make a com-mercial when I discovered that I

was that sick, and my time was so limited I thought I would make a commercial that says simply: 'Now that I'm gone, I tell you, don't smoke – whatever you do, just

has come out of the advertising closet, or how prevalent the theme will become. At Ogilvy & Mather, the person in charge of monitoring trends recently started a file on death. "There's a death theme that she's seeing more and more, and she doesn't know what to make of it," said Shelly Lazarus, who worked on the L.A. Gear account.

Some believe that western society will become increasingly concerned with ageing and death as the so-called baby boomers age and die. Others believe that Aids has thrust death into the limelight.
It is only recently that we've

become squeamish about death. In his book, Western attitudes toward Death,' French social historian Phillipe Aries says "the more society was liberated from the Victorian constraints concerning sex, the more it rejected things having to do with death ... The interdict on death suddenly follows upon the



heels of a very long period - sev-eral centuries - in which death was a public spectacle from which no one would have thought of hiding and which was even sought after at times."

Benetton, which has been charged with exploiting serious issues to sell sweaters, maintains that its provocative ads force people to think and discuss important issues, and that its target customers - 18 to 34-year-old women - "are more socially active and aware than any genera-tion that precedes them. Various

studies have shown that in 1992, consumers are as concerned by what a company stands for as they are about the price-value relationship of that company's products."

Larry Kopald, executive vice president of Foote Cone and Belding, a marketing consultancy, says: "There has been a tremendous reaction to the Benetton ads. Many people think it is a gross misuse of a real life tragedy, that is being used for shock value. I think that advertising is always trying to find new

and this is a new way for some people to do it. I hope it isn't a trend."

Bill Katz, executive vice president

at BBDO, the advertising agency, has not noticed an increased obsession with death but believes there is a trend away from "fluff and peripheral imagery and towards more substance and reality. It gets back to the pundits and soothsayers of our industry who try to plot and charter the future and believe the 1980s, with recession hitting, are about

on the victously competitive trans-atlantic market, has left Virgin with fewer than 4 per cent of its economy passengers paying the full-fare. With Mid Class, it hopes to raise this to more than 16 per cent.

Although Virgin's extra layer of economy class is, perhaps, unique, the strategy is straight out of the long-haul travel management text-hook: cut prices for leisure travellers and improve service for busi-

ness passengers.
Others are doing the same thing.
Canadian Airlines International is
offering business class seats to pas-sengers who pay full economy class fares. The strategy is risky, Instant upgrades and giving away free flights through frequent flyer pro-

grammes may cut revenues in an already tough environment.

But airlines are prepared to do this because they believe recovery is on the horizon. After nearly two years of recession, the business is lean and fit and demand could catch up with supply. If it does, atribes will be quick to turn away from the heavy promotion of higger seats and free flights.

Banking on an ethical approach

thics are hardly a normal theme of corporate adver-tising, but they form the centreplece of an ambitious campaign to be launched by the Cooperative Bank tomorrow which stresses businesses with which it refuses to be associated.

Few attempts to restructure a company can have been so fun-damentally linked to marketing objectives or as widely tested among existing customers.

Terry Thomas, managing director and the bank's first marketing director when he joined in the early 1970s, makes no secret that the ethical stance is designed to win new business. The issues highlighted were approved by 30,000 of the bank's

1.5m customers canvassed in a questionneire late last year. Those most widely supported - arms exports, environmental damage, cosmetics-testing on animals and human rights - are SHOLOGY FILE

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How

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the ones to be used. The first two television advertisements - which will appear in three northern TV regions, reflecting the bank's heartland - focus on environmental dam-

age and arms exports.

They are striking for their simplicity, mostly filmed in black-and-white, with a series of sketched stills accompanied by a

There is a long silence before the final message: that some banks will use depositors' money for unethical purposes, while the Co-op will not.

They stand in contrast to typical financial services ads which are glossy, colourful and often criticised for not living up to expectations," says Simon Williams, head of marketing. "Ours are stark, straight-talking and come as quite a shock."

Press advertising will include the broadsheet newspapers and specialist magazines catering to some of the interest groups likely to respond to the issues the bank is raising.

The bank is coy about the costs of the campaign, although the bill is believed to be more than £1m.

Andrew Jack

Sitting down to the opposition

Daniel Green says big seats are among incentives on offer to win airline passengers

ingly bitter marketing war.
This is a critical moment for the industry. Airlines need to attract comes safety and baggage hand-ling, Fares are some way behind. The International Air Transport Association (lata) said this week that the most important factor for business travellers it had questioned was a big aircraft seat. Ticket flexibility and fast check-in were next, with membership of a frequent flyer programme fourth vative service. Virgin provides limand lack of crowds fifth. ousines to take passengers to and from airports, beauty therapy and

Harold Shenton, an economist at Avmark, the aviation consultancy, warns that the Kansas research is misleading. He says it is based on interviews with airlines' own experts combined with records of what passengers most complain about. The lata survey, by contrast, resulted from direct questioning of passengers who had identified their journey purpose as "business". Neither improving punctuality

nor fitting bigger seats to aircraft

Virgin chairman Richard Branson at the launch of Mid Class this week will be easy. Punctuality is often governed by airport congestion and is out of the hands of airline managements while bigger seats mean

Mid

Airlines are already raising published tariffs on the busy north Atlantic routes, partly in anticipation of rising demand. They are fewer people in an aircraft and posattempting to boost slow sales now by heavily discounting some tick-ets. The logic is that discounts can sibly less revenue. The result could

be abandoned at short notice if business picks up, while published fares take longer to change. While passengers are still scarce, airlines have also renewed efforts to promote what the surveys identify as the most popular incentive:

frequent flyer programmes which lead to free flights or upgrades. Limousines to the airport and free gifts are playing a smaller part in this year's promotions. Virgin's new Mid Class ticket

reflects the changing mood, offer-ing wider seats and special check-in desks. Virgin previously had econ-omy class and "upper" — where prices were roughly comparable with business class on other airlines. Now, anyone who pays for a non-discounted economy ticket will travel Mid Class.

Virgin has much to gain. The rush to discount tickets, especially

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COMPANY SWAPSHOT Standard Chartered Bank, fourided in 1863, operates from 700 offices worldwide. The group's main strength is in the Pacific Birn Africit, the Middle East and south east Asia. It was formed from a merger of the Standard Bank and the Standard Bank and the Chartered Bank in 1969, its Sharinghai brench, opened jis 1858, makes it the oldest foreign bank in China. Operations in: Singapore and Hong Kongweiss opened the following year. Nattire of business: international beriding, with operations in 50 countries. Turnover/profit in 1991 the bank showed a 37 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £205m. Trading profits in the Far Basings in file far Basings in the far Basings and th Employaes: 30,000 worldwide of whom 4,200 work in information technology, 17

TECHNOLOGY FILE Software: Core packages incide times, a financial trading package, and MMS, a back office support system, both from Surecomp. Also Hogan's International Banking

Application, IBA.

Hardware: Five IBM-compatible mailtings a mailten and a

mes running (BM's mainframes running (BMs)
MVS/CICS operating
environment are located in
Malaysia, Floring King (IBM).
Singapore and Wales [Hastle.
Data Systems). The benk sted
vers more than 100 mid-range
IBM computers (ASMOS).
System 38 and 384) and systems
from ICL, NCR and Unleys.
Steplant Charterest's collor is from ICL NCR and Unisys.
Standard Charterad's policy is to remove its mild-range computers entirely and transfer applications to hove the Cocar area networks, or to the large maintrance based data centre.
Maintenance and testing: This large maintrance to the same trains. Hantenance and leading. The Repeatable Test System Installed to the back of five software testing products. Playback and File-AID. Suppliers: Computate; a privately owned US software house based in Milchidan; with

nouse based in Michigan, with the NK headquarters in Dunstable specialises in attornated software testing roots. Value of contract limited licensing costs at the time of installation (1986) went around £150,000. Product maintainings fees and typically 16 per chini of comment policies. tres Jack

ritish banking is pening the times. Despite the millions spent on technology it still takes three days to clear a cheque. Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) are often not ritish banking is behind working or out of step with a cus-tomer's banking details.

This is partly due to the con-straints imposed by the software which runs large banking systems. These represent a big investment but, once implemented, become a liability as much as an asset. A simple amendment to the software can cause chaos out of all proportion to the scale of the change.

in the banking industry, mainte nance raises questions of scale, and not just because so many systems run on multiple mainframe computers serving thousands of ATMs. There are personnel and staffing issues, and multi-country operations to be considered.

Custom-built or bespoke systems pose the thorniest problems because knowledge of them tends to be esoteric, and confined to the original developers, it is for this reason that the Standard Chartered Bank has taken a long-term view of the maintenance issue when implementing new systems.

The main foundation of our policy is that we do not develop pro-grams, we buy packages in," explains Phil Reed, group IT man-ager. The bank also believes in developing in one central site, and

then shipping out to others.

The policy is the result of a large technology review carried out by the bank between 1986-87. The issue of multi-country operations loomed large, as the systems in Hong Kong, Singapore, Malaysia and the UK varied widely. The businesses were of different sizes and all supported home-grown systems and maintenance teams. In Hong Kong, a Uni-sys system ran the retail side and an NCR system was used for corporate systems.

A review by Andersen Consulting focused on economies of scale. "The issue we faced was not just cost, but whether we could do it with the resources available," explains Reed. Standard Chartered's strong presence in the Far East also brought home the high expectations of customers there.

"As a customer, I regularly use banks in the Ear East and the US, and I can be in and out in a couple of minutes having done everything I want," says Reed. "For the last two years, anyone in the Far East has been able to pay in money at the counter and check the correct balance on the ATM outside within

This gave the bank a strong incentive to introduce improved business benefits at the same time as streamlining its technology on a

Claire Gooding continues a series on getting the most out of software by tackling the thorny subject of maintenance

Keeping the cash flowing

SOFTWARE AT WORK

vice we offered as a retail bank in the mid 1980s in the Far East was restricted: very similar to that

offered in the UK now." The main aim was improved functionality, and "real time banking" was chosen as the best route forward. The implications of this were 24-hour banking and a high degree of on-line resilience; far higher than

that needed by batch systems. There were three main components in the plan: retail, treasury, trade finance and business (includThe trouble with all-singing, all-dancing systems, he observes, is that one person cannot keep the whole picture in their brain. To this he attributes the downfall.

of several large-scale banking schemes that have been shelved several years, and several millions of pounds, down the development 2. "The project manager and the MIS manager cannot have the whole view. Both have large teams which, although they might be termed development teams, are maintenance teams as well."

The solution to both these problems was to buy packages, sticking closely to those perceived as "stan-dards" in the IBM world. "There had to be a common technical struc-

REAL-TIME OPERATIONS demand speed and reliability because they are instantaneous. Often the computer code also triggers off a "real" or mechanical event, such as the control of an ATM. BATCH SYSTEMS process high volumes of transactions, usually overnight

and are the basis of most older mainframe systems. ON-LINE SYSTEMS provide "interactive" access to information, though the data may not be up to date if it fed by betch rather than real-time systems.

Chartered decided on the package be different," says Reed. write for all. "The attempt to create new banking systems from scratch has proved time and again to be too difficult," says Reed.

He sees two big issues in the decision characterised as "the mainte-nance issue" and "the big picture". ware. The question is: do I modify my working environment to fit the

The software industry has

only recently moved towns the formalisation of testing

and, more importantly, the automation of lest

esting is essential in any nancial institution. The

Chartered Bank ima recognised that there

cost of errors can be

CONSULTANT'S CRITIQUE

ing corporate) systems. Standard ture, however much people claim to

This fitted the bank's policy of delivering functions from one country to another. "The issues facing us when implementing packages are very different from be spoke soft-

performance of a program la a medul yardstick to

n to "wtick with the

compare with the current lecturious.

kraftling", Since Standard Chartered is not a software

house it wisely devolves the risks and costs of software development to the vendors.

to suit my working environment?
"The answer is yes to the first any other route throws away the benefit of using nackages." It was a board decision that the packages should be "modified to a limit". Senior management is closely involved in the IT process, and recognises IT as a "people issue".

"IT and personnel report to one executive director because IT affects all employees and the way they operate. It's a personnel and union issue. We haven't got it right yet, but we do have a product management methodology.

This consists of managing the "product" from the cradle to the grave, the product meaning Reed's big picture" of software product, benefits, culture and lifestyle. As with many successful projects, the first step is to get the most senior person in the business to sell it

The maintenance issue is woven into this philosophy. "Maintenance and development are intertwined. Everything has to be tested and tested well." But, he points out, user-testing is too expensive on a manual basis, involving users and programmers working day and night, larger machines to run test systems alongside live ones, and so

Reed's team came up with the concept of having various tools and products for maintenance. "If you

concentrates on ensuring that the packages fit the business, interestingly, he states extended that

would only serve up to a point, Much software is

operational methods must be

changed to fit the software. I

poorly designed — especially on mainframe systems. It is

often written by programmers who have no understanding of the hundress. To let them dictate

the day-to-day running of a multi-million pound business

eems a little ricky.



'Our policy is that we do not develop programs, we buy packages in'

glue them together with a methodology, you have a much-enhanced set of benefits so that you can use it over and over." The package approach ruled once again, and the ink turned to products from Dunstable-base Compuware.

Compuware's Playback and File-AID packages have formed the basis of a re-useable system for the testing phase - generally the Cinderella of the software development cycle. The pressure to deliver new systems often means that developers fail to test every possible path. and therefore miss the repercussions of "minor" changes.

Ian Weavers, manager of development environments for group IT, heads a small team in charge of

The bundling of IT with strategic planning and personnel is unusual.

Hopefully it reflects the recognition of the links

rather than a rag-bag of

wanted. Reed has wisely

nyolded the eners of ell-ir

the goals by integrating multiple packages. Kevin Gram

Software Design and Construction, of Milton Keynes

The author is a consultant at

that no one also un the board

one systems and has looked

at the best way of achieving

testing. He believes few developers bother to treat their test data as a re-useable asset. "Completed test data were often discarded after use. This is a tremendous waste - as crazy as throwing source code

Testing is estimated to take up 40 per cent of the total development cost: a figure that stays constant in later releases, even where development costs lessen. Here the Repeatable Test System proved its worth.

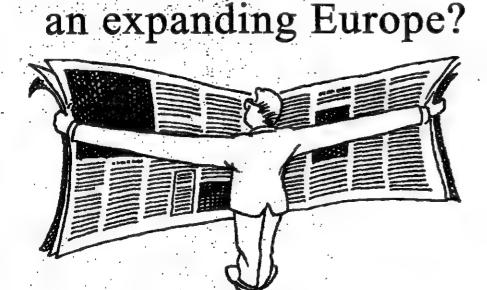
The International Banking Application, from banking software specialist Hogan, was tested and implemented in Hong Kong initially. The two-year cycle was cut down to six months when the process was repeated in Singapore, and an even shorter cycle in Malaysia. The bank plans to use the system with IMMS and Imex from Surecomp.

Reed recognises his re-usable test harness as an asset, which saves the valuable time of programmers, users, and technical staff who would otherwise be involved.

On average, the combination of RTS and Playback has brought down the amount of user-acceptance testing down from 28 per cent to 2.3 per cent of total effort. Actual costs of testing dropped from £431,250 to £53,000.

"In a world where 53 per cent of defects are caused by changes, we have raised the quality of the software and reduced the time it takes to deliver working systems to users," concludes Reed.

development to the ventors, in doing so, it gives up some level of constembnation and tallering. On the other band, it is too to change suppliers if service is not acceptable. Phil fixed, IT manager. heartening to the professional developer. It has recognised that teating is a on asset. The post How do you keep up with



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Long arm of US antitrust law

n April 3, the US Justice Department issued the following policy statement on the extension of US antitrust enforcement policy to non-US markets:

"The Department of Justice will, in appropriate cases, take antitrust enforcement action against conduct occurring overseas that restrains US exports. whether or not there is direct harm to US consumers, where it is clear that:

1) the conduct has a direct, substantial and reasonably joresceable effect on exports of 300ds or services from the US: (2) the conduct involves anticompetitive activities which violate the US antitrust laws - in

most cases, group boycotts, coltusive pricing and other exclu-sionary activities: and (3) US courts have jurisdiction over foreign persons or corporations engaged in such conduct. This policy statement in no

way affects existing laws or established principles of personal jurisdiction." This statement was not innovative. It merely revoked a decision, expressed in a footnote to a 1988 policy statement, to reserve such action for cases

where US consumers were harmed. The decision is nevertheless disheartening. World trade is in a delicate state, poised between free trade and man-aged trade between blocs: it is not a good time to make asser-

tive noises Nor is the move likely to be to the taste of other govern-ments which take a more modest view of their right to interfere in business conduct

beyond national frontiers. On the positive side, the US policy signalled that it will be confined to cases of deliberate and obvious anti-competitive conduct: the examples given are among those which US law treats as anti-competitive as such ("per se"), and it is made clear that the words "other exclusionary activities" will be taken to mean only those of a similar type (for example, mar-

ket-sharing and bld-rigging). The enigmatic statement about "personal jurisdiction" also provides some comfort to foreign companies. It dispels an early anxiety that companies with a US subsidiary would be subject to US jurisdiction for that reason alone.

By Celia Hampton

versal. Other societies endorse

the rules which they find most

effective and best suited to

their needs. Some rules may be

looser, others tighter. Few

other countries endorse

enforcement through US tre-

The Justice Department

dilutes its reassurance about

"comity" when it goes on to

say: "If the conduct is also

unlawful under the importing

country's antitrust laws, the

Department of Justice is pre-

pared to work with that coun-

try if that country is better sit-

uated to remedy the conduct

and is prepared to take action

against such conduct pursuant

This sounds rather decent -

letting another country enforce

its own competition policy on

its own market - but it also

warns that the Department may not be "prepared" to leave

it to that country if local action

fails to protect US interests as well as US law would.

Most countries would draw a

line between protecting the

domestic market from foreign-

source abuse and enforcing the

domestic rights of citizens

abroad from abuse on the for-

eign market. The US does not.

the legal differences. US law treats as one what many laws

treat as two distinct issues:

competition law and unfair

competition. Unfair competi-

tion is largely unknown to the

English common law, which

was the grandfather of US law.

When the US Congress

passed the Sherman Act in

1890, it created a single protec-

which combined both the pro-

tection of competition on the

market and the private protec-

tion of competitors. It gives

rise to public and private

rights of action, both on behalf

of the market and of competing

suppliers. This was not

entirely followed by competi-

Competition law aims to

secure free competition

between suppliers on a given

market; where the product or

service comes from is largely

irrelevant. It may give rise to

private rights, but incidentally

rather than as its purpose.

Unfair competition law gives a

tion laws elsewhere.

tion of "trade and commerce"

An explanation may lie in

to its antitrust laws."

ble-damages private lawsuits.

or that the US subsidiary may be good, but it is not uniwould be answerable for its foreign parent's conduct abroad. The Justice Department will stick to the normal rules, though these are not altogether comforting.

The responsibility of a US subsidiary for its parent's behaviour will depend on how independent the subsidiary is. Foreign parent companies would be wise to secure as much autonomy for their subsidiaries as is commercially

The courts' treatment of a

foreign subsidiary virtually as an arm of the US parent, for example, in obeying a US political boycott, is not promising. For the purposes of US domestic liability, the mere import of a foreign company's products into the US is not egarded as enough to establish jurisdiction over the foreign producer. But the level of contact with the US market needed to bring a foreign com-pany within the US courts' jurisdiction can seem minimal according to Mr Mark Cymrot of Baker & Hostetler in Washington DC. Owning property, providing an after-sales service or negotiating with a customer

It might be argued that the US courts would be less willing to try foreign subjects' liability where the issue arose abroad. The Justice Department says that it "will continue its longstanding policy of considering

in the US may be sufficient.

principles of International comity" (comity means respect for the other country's way of doing things). It will also notify and consult with foreign governments before taking action (for example, under the 1991 EC-US antitrust co-operation agreement). But the US courts are the final arbiter of this question.

Enforcing antitrust law is not the sole prerogative of the Department: about 90 per cent of all antitrust lawsuits are brought by private parties, who can claim treble damages. The new policy makes no change to this situation, but

the Department's renewed determination to act may encourage private lawsuits. Problems also arise out of the differences between US and other competition laws. US law

supplier a private right of action for compensation gainst someone who damages his capacity to compete.

As far as competition law jurisdiction is concerned, there is an analogy with the traditional criminal jurisdiction over conspiracy, which is to be tried where it takes effect on the victims; the illegality of the conspiracy should be judged by the standards of the place where the harm is suffered.

Injury to competition would normally be tried in the market where it occurred. But, if treated as conspiracy, it can logically be extended to cartels agreed abroad but taking effect on the domestic market - a principle accepted in the European Community as well as in the US.

The situation covered by the US policy is not the same.

If US companies are excluded from a foreign market by a conspiracy, the competition loss is on that market. It would also be normal to sue for unfair competition in the place where the harm was done or where the defendants (parties to the cartel) were resident,

that is, the foreign market. However, if the cartal were treated as a conspiracy to cause harm to US exporters, it could be said that the effect on the victims - the US compa nies' lost export profits - took place in the US.

In that event, the narrower rules of criminal jurisdiction over foreigners should apply. Many US lawyers are dis-

mayed by the reinstatement of the Justice Department's pol-icy. Not everyone shares Assistant Attorney General James P Rill's faith in US antitrust law: Some observers have gone as far as describing the American belief in competition princi-ples, embodied in our antitrust laws, as having almost a reli-gious aspect. I readily admit to being a disciple of the faith in competition" (Paris, 1989).

Few would disavow competition as a worthy object of devotion, but a great many do not believe that it is exclusively embodied in US antitrust law and certainly not in US enforcement of it.

The author is editor of Pinan cial Times East European Busi-ness Law and executive editor of Financial Times Business

New lives for Chalmers, Shaw and Thoresen offshore life company.

Two big life assurance companies have appointed new chairmen. National Mutual Life, based

in Hitchin, Herts, has appointed Norman Chalmers (left) to succeed Sandy Pease, who is retiring after 17 years as chairman and 29 years as a director.

National Mutual is a small life office, and very much a "niche" player - it produces only pensions, rather than ganeral life insurance products, and it markets them exclusively through independent

It has a reputation as one of the more traditional offices and with Chalmers' background this seems unlikely to change much; he is a freeman of the City of London and is on the Court of the Worshipful Company of Gardeners. He trained at the Royal Military Academy at Sandhurst, and

went on to serve as an officer

chairman of Britannia Life, in the Black Watch, before which is building a new headqualifying as an accountant. quarters in Glasgow. Britannia Life, which also

Society, of which it is a wholly owned subsidiary. Calum MacLeod, the outgoing chairman, steps down on the completion of his five-year term. When he started, the company was a mutual society,

called FS Assurance. However

he will continue as deputy

has a new chairman, is a very

different animal. The change

in personnel reflects a move to

Integrate Britannia Life more

fully into Britannia Building

Meanwhile, the new chairman will be Michael Shaw (centre), managing director of the main building society. The aim is to establish "a more direct reporting line to the society's management and

And at Royal Life International a replacement has been found for Richard Gough, the previ-ous managing director lured away to set up Sun Life's new

Otto Thoresen (right), 36, will be RLI's new chief executive. Of Norwegian extraction. but with a Scottish accent, he is currently managing director of Royal Life on the mainland, and has previously worked in marketing for Abbey Life and Scottish Equitable. Thoresen will be based in

RLI's impressive, if slightly incongruous, new head office just outside Castletown at the southern tip of the Isle of Man. It is the largest life company on the island, with 170 employees, and the appointment of a man with a marketing back-ground may signal further determination to find new outlets for its products. At present it has many customers in the Middle and Far East, but it is keen to move further away from the company's traditional exatriate market, and also reduce its dependence on one-off single premium products.



ERichard Brewster (above) finance director of Prudential Portfolio Managers, is appointed group finance director of MERCANTILE AND GENERAL.

David Fischel has been inted and of TRANSATLANTIC HOLDINGS. ■ John Charman, md of

Charman Underwriting Agencies, has joined the board of SYNDICATE UNDERWRITING MANAGEMENT. Timothy Philpot has been promoted to investmen director and David Wells

treasurer of the LIVERPOOL VICTORIA PRIENDLY SOCIRTY on the retirement in May of Brian Hollands. Micholas Hoexter is appointed a director of IFICO. ■ Guy Whiting, previously md of Target Life, is appointed chief financial officer and actuary of NATWEST LIFE.

board. Stephen Wood is appointed md of the Bristol office. John Kemp and Anthony Kidd have been appointed directors of ANTHONY Norman Waite has been FALCON; Kemp moves from

Bowrings Professional Indemnity and Kidd from Sun Somelife. Stephen Hitchcock is

appointed a director of CE REATH andrew Freeman and Brian Rothwell have been appointed tirectors of EW PAYNE.

■ Ian Trotter is appointed ind of SUN ALLIANCE investment management on the retirement of Geoffrey Browne in June; Peter Foreman is appointed md of Sun Alliance Insurance International on the retirement of Eric Coward; Jim Rochelle is appointed and of Sun Alliance Insurance UK on the retirement of Bill Sclere. Peter Croucher replaces Rochelle as md of Sun Alliance Kanagement Services.

Bill Jackson, director and general manager of DAS UK, is to retire in June after a career started in insurance

 Adrian Daly is joining HIBERNIAN LIFE as md. designate on the retirement of Dan Corcoran who remains a non-executive director. M Anthony Asquith has been appointed a director of EW PAYNE COMPANIES. ■ David Beer, md of BAIN CLARKSON's surety and specie division, is appointed to the international division

appointed a director of BOWRING Marine Reinsurance Brokers (London) and Roland Seoul a director and member of the executive committee of BOWRING MARSH & MCLENNAN. Peter Willis-Flaming has been appointed md of PWS ENERGY SERVICES. I Jim Hunt has been appointed director in charge of ELLISTON's London office. # Gary Stott has been appointed regional development director, north. of SEDGWICE JAMES

(NATIONAL). ■ Jeff Medlock (below) has been appointed chairman of the executive board of Eureko, which was set up by Friends Provident, Avero Centraal cheer, Topdanmark and



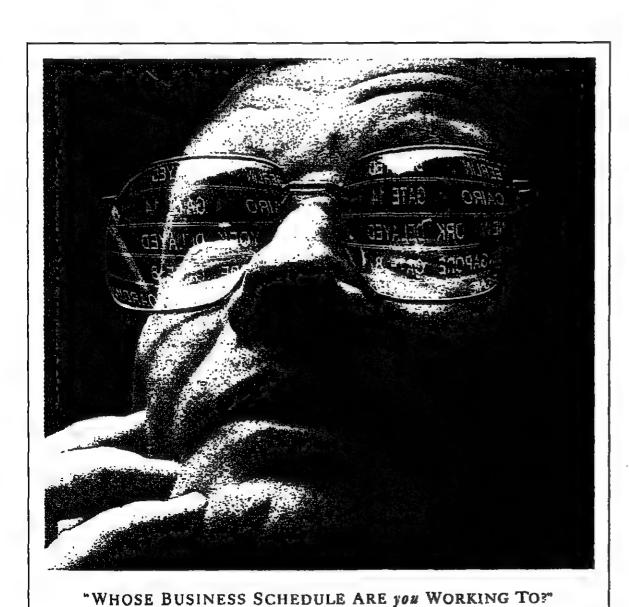
The media planning and buying group Aegis has announced the death on Tuesday evening of Francis Gross, co-chairman and one of the two founders of Carat, the main Aegis operating subsidiary. He would have been 57

yesterday.
One of the international giants of the media buying business, Gross joined his brother Gilbert, who first set up Carat in 1969. Peter Scott, chairman of Aegis, said; Francis was one of the innovators and founders not just of Carat but of the European industry of media planning and buying. He was a man of immense inspiration and will be greatly missed."

Awarded the Legion d'Hon-

neur in January 1989, Francis Gross took a leading role in Carat until some six months ago, when cancer was diagd. His major achievemen in Carat was not simply to have built a successful company but to have extended that success internationally.

■ Gisela Gledhill is leaving es, the brewing, hotels and Bass, the newnig, average leisure group, where she has been company secretary since 1989, to take up a similar appointment at Wellcome, the pharmaceuticals group. Bass has appointed Philip Bowman, finance director, as company secretary pending the



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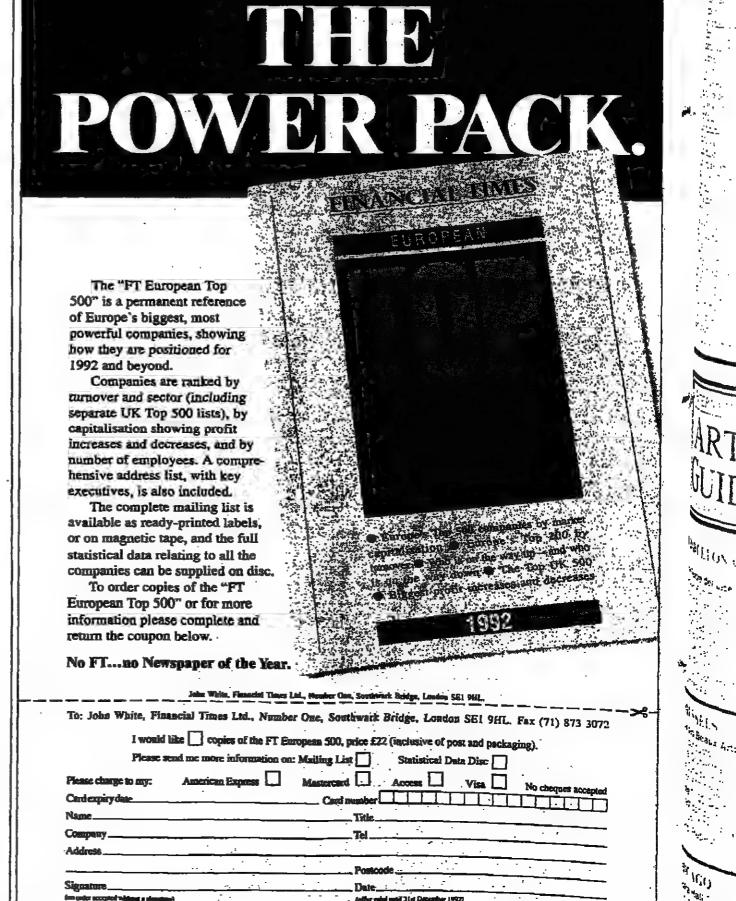
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Emma Thompson and Helena Bonham Carter in the Merchant-Ivory production of 'Howards End'

Prose and passion personified

re you sitting comfortably? Then off we go. The rattle of horses and traps, the swish of Edwardian dresses; the tinkle of tea cups; the sight of great British actors rolling up their sleeves to fackle Great Rnglish Literature

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It must be - it is - another Merchant-Ivory adaptation of E.M. Forster. With Howards End the producer-director team continue their tradition of treading angelically where other fools might rush in. Their new film, like A Room With A View and Maurice, is a triumph of wit and delicacy, of non-obsequious faithfulness to

Forster and of mind over narrative maze. Howards End, Forster's last major work to be filmed, is a novel with Laocoon plot coils: the tale of two German-born sisters boldly bearing the banners of art and moral idealism into the philistine Wilcox family, Margaret Schlegel (Emma Thompson) befriends the dying Mrs Wilcox (Vanessa Redgrave) and later marries wealthy widower Henry (Anthony Hopkins): Helen Schiegel (Helena Bonham Carter), after a brief coup de foudre with young Paul, declares war on the whole clan when her bank-clark friend Leonard is ruined by some casual bad advice from

But let us not strangle ourselves with plot. For Forster, these events were narrative tracery hung on a vast arboreal structure of themes concerning art and humanity. The novel begins with an exposition of Beethoven's 5th symphony; goes on to bap-tise that mantric phrase for our time, "Only connect", and sees in its tale of two families a fable about prose versus pas-

Director James Ivery and acreenwriter Ruth Prawer Jhabvala skip the mantric. phrase and turn the Beethoven passage by a mad musicologist (Simon Callow). Probably wise. A film is not a novel, and abstractions like Prose and Passion must be incarnated in real People.

Here Ivory's cast excels. Vanessa Redgrave, possessed of a seraphic intensity not seen since the Delphic Synil, spreads a glow over the early scenes. She persuades you of her passion for Howards End - the house talismanically tussled over throughout the book - and her staring-eyed legato manner is a counterpoint to Hopkins's brusque, emotionally evasive staccato. Misses Thompson and Bonham Carter make a matching counterpoint: the first all grace, vivacity and anxious compromise, the second a Dresden shepherdess turned disappointed romantic who hurls emotional darts from her black-

browed eyes. The film sometimes slides towards cliché. Every Edwardian Summer gets its rowing scene, but an idyllic river is the last place to stage Helen and Leonard's doom-laden mutual seduction. And the music is somewhat wall-to-wall, as if composer Richard Robbins had been bitten by Philip Glass. But minor pains like this set chant-Ivory again confound critics ready to deal out the "lace-hankie" insults. Their best films, far from being cinema's answer to Emily Post, are prismatic visions of past times coloured, ironised and toughened by a modern sensibility.

Lawrence Kasdan's Grand Canyon is about the urban crises that happen around us daily. You know the kind of thing. You set out to see, say, a new James Ivory film at your local Odeon and on the way are attacked by muggers, accosted by Jeho-vah's Witnesses and shot in the leg by a runaway bank robber.

These and similar things happen to L.A. business executive Kevin Kline; and/or to wife Mary McDonnell, film producer pal Steve Martin and black tow-truck driver Danny Glover, whom Kline befriends in scene one after being rescued by him from a band of inner-city thugs.

> HOWARDS END James Ivory

GRAND CANYON Lawrence Kasdan

MOBSTERS: THE EVIL **EMPIRE** Michnel Karbelnikoff

> RICOCHET Rossell Mulcaby

JACQUOT DE NANTES Agnes Varda

Kasdan's film is so all-inclusive that it resembles a Which? report on urban survival. It also has a sickly, messagey ending the cast page out over the real Grand Canyon and wonder at the beauty of Nature's great divide as opposed to the great divides that humans place between themselves and - blah, blah, blah, we get the noint.

No need of this to crown a film that displays at best a lithe and likable wit and a fresco-like breadth. Kasdan, wearing his social anatomist's hat (The Big Chill) rather than his genre practitioner's (Body Heat, Sitverado), gives us characters pierced through with quiet desperation. Kline's middle-aged yuppie, guiltily filiring with his nervous-eyed secretary (Mary Louise Parker), is as much overdue for spiritual counselling as his wife, who wants to keep the abandoned baby she has found in a park while jogging there.

Even more of a stretcher-case — literally is film-maker Steve Martin. He is shot in the leg by a mugger. Contrite, thoughtful, his limb in plaster, Martin renounces all idea of returning to the blood-and-gore movies he once lived off. Then, recovering, he changes his mind.

This too short cameo is the satirical jewel of the film. Kasdan should have tipped the balance towards him and away

off the major pleasure of the whole. Mer- from the racial harmony subplot between Kline and trucker Glover. This is scored for maudlin, make-the-world-better dialogue worthy of The Cosby Show. But the film, 2% hours long, pounds persuasively on even over its own potholes and pres-

> for us by its denizens. Mobsiers: The Boil Empire tries to do for the truth-based gangster film what Young Guns did for the Western. For young Billy the Kid read young Lucky Luciano (Christian Roberts), Meyer Lansky (Patrick Dempsey) and Bugsy Siegel (Richard Grieco). Growing up from delinquent childhood into arrested adolescence, these glamorised psychotics carve up New York's organised crime industry even as

ents an L.A. far more convincing than the

brainless Lotusland usually immortalised

In this sepis-hued would-be spic directed by ex-commercials whiz kid Michael Karbeinikoff, cheeks are slashed, noses bitten off and craniums pierced by ice picks. A thousand bullets puncture twitching bodies in saunas or restaurants. A man is dangled from a penthouse before plunging to his death. (We hear the final crunch, solat).

they carve up, more literally, their ene-

As if this were not enough for impressionable filmgoers, we have Michael Cambon sauntering onto screen with an Italian accent: "When ah keem frahm Seecily..." But Gambon is the most magnetic thing around as a pouchy-eyed crime kingpin, closely followed by rival copo Anthony Quinn, roaring like a wounded bull over every tableful of pasta he consumes or destroys. The younger actors never match the older and there lies the rub. The film is like watching "Bugsy Malone: The Next Generation" as, amid the Godfather-surolus sets. Hollywood's newest brat demonstrates it is marginally duller than the old one and infinitely dullar than the veterans showing off around them. Ricochet, a crime thriller from director

Russell Mulcahy (Highlander), is never dull even while it is silly. We do not believe one moment of this tale about a cop (Denzel Washington) being pursued Cape Fear-style by a psycho (John Lith-gow) he once put behind bars. But we have a great deal of fun not believing it. Especially when the finale defies both gravity and plausibility atop L.A.'s picturssque Watts Towers.

Or you may prefer Agnes Varda's Jacquot De Nantes. The French film-maker assembles memories of her late husband. director Jacques Demy, and sticks them into a moving photo album. Disporting on a beach in Super-8 is the ageing Demy, grizzled veteran of Lole and Les Purupluies De Cherbourg. Working behind the scenes to turn him into a fictionalised little boy. playing in flashback with his first movie camera, is Mile Varda. Deft, delicate, touching.

Nigel Andrews | eighth symphony's third move-

Monteverdi Vespers

The Vespers of 1610 remain one of the most elating experiences music can offer. In Westminster Abbey on Tuesday I spent 100 minutes of rapturous absorption sucked into their unfolding as though I had never heard them before. Scholars advise that they are not to be thought of as a "whole work", that the order of their component sequences is by no means fixed, and that the exact combination of performing forces must remain a matter of dispute and debate. Yet when one encounters a performance so filled with animation, exaltation and bounding vitality as that by the Collegium Musicum 90 and Westminster Singers under Richard Hickox, it becomes impossible not to succumb to the succession of movements as a

For the occasion Hickox had mapped out a path of wise moderation between the executive extremes that have marked recent fashions in putting on the Vespers - the sumptuous large-choral, large-instrumental feast on the one hand and the

ascetic, single-instrument and choir-of-so-loists meditation on the other. By employ-ing a chamber choir, a band of period instruments and a team of eight soloists, the conductor ensured that both the private and public faces of Monteverdi's invention - the devotional pleadings and the splendid celebrations through corporate virtuosity - received their due.

He took many of the movements at a

speed which taxed the choir's agility while building up an exhibit ating sense of forward movement. The Abbey is, of course, a wonderful place for the Vespers. When solo singers are planted at far ends of the building, or in the pulpit, or high above the choir stalls, a balance of space, intimacy and reverberance is achieved that allows the music to be at once awesome and intimate - "personal" in the way that stamps, say, the "Duo Seraphim" as one of the key expressions of Italian humanism

Among his group of soloists Hickox had found himself two tenors - Mark Tucker

and Lynton Atkinson, young Englishmen both - whose vocal attack, colouring of tone and response to words proved bless-edly free of the dreaded Anglo-Saxon good manners that in some circles pass for "authenticity", and that continue to dog British revivals of Monteverdi. In the "Duo Seraphim" the two duetted in a spirit of athletic competitiveness as well as of artis-tic comradeship. Mr Atkinson's outstandingly eloquent contribution to "Audi coe-lum" was in the best way worthy of an Italian tenor's: openly engaged with the rhetoric of the musical expression, alive to emotional nuances. If only more modern Monteverdi singing showed a similar engagement with the italianità of the vocal writing!

The Vespers, given under the auspices of Opera London Concerts in aid of Save the Children and other charities, will be repeated at Salisbury Cathedral on Satur-

Max Loppert

Death and the Maiden

No doubt like many readers, I had seen the reviews but not the play - not until Thursday, by which time two new princi-pals were safely ensconced in Ariel Dorfman's tight, even-handed melodrama. Reading just two or three reviews was enough, one discovered, to have learned almost everything about the action, swift and spare as it is. All that is left is to

watch it being played out.

"Melodrama" is not meant insultingly,
but it is the right word; the basis of the piece is a volatile, violent confrontation which may or may not end in murder. Several comparable plays have cropped up in recent years, often with a feminist slant a woman turns the tables savagely on a male oppressor, generally after an attempted rape. Dorfman's version, however, enlists broader resonances in its background - from the black years in Chile (or any such place) when arbitrary arrests, torture and rape were commonplace, and the problem now of how to live with that unredeemed past when the quondam oppressors have slipped into respectable mufti.

The tension is well sustained, with the extra tease that Paulina's cornered "oppressor" may be a case of mistaken identity – but not electrifying. One's withers weren't wrung. Though the new heroine, the excellent Geraldine James, cap-tures her sympathetically overwrought character with precision, she is not a creature with a really dangerous edge. We are quite sure that if that gun ever goes off, it will be just an accident, or a result of momentary panic. Perhaps her predeces-sor Juliet Stevenson suggested more unpredictable depths; in any case, for Anglo-Saxon prejudices a passionate, pistol-waving Latin American lady would present a naturally wilder threat. Michael Byrne continues as her benign,

ambiguous victim. Her temperate husband is now Paul Freeman, whose part in the implicit moral debate, as written, leaves him under-explored (why has he shied off discussing what happened to Paulina, all these years?) and slightly weak-kneed: we have to take his honourable gravitas on trust. At the end, it is doubly frustrating that the crucial facts are never established - since we know perfectly well that there could never have been a truth-of-the-matter, but at most only the playwright's

David Murray



Duke of York's Theatra Geraldine James

La Scala Philharmonic

This orchestra is substantially that which plays for operatic productions at the Milan theatre of the same name. A decade ago, when Claudio Abbado was La Scala's music director, he determined to give the band the chance to broaden its scope with purely symphonic concerts, and now under Carlo Maria Giulini's guidance the orchestra, taking its mission very seriously, has a Beethway, being recorded by Sony. At its London debut in Barbican Hall on Monday night, the orchestra under Giulini showed us what it can do with

the eighth and third sympho-Alas, it was not much at all. Good symphony orchestras are ever in short supply in Italy and La Scala Philharmonic sets a high enough technical standard to give its compatriot ensembles pause; but on Monday's evidence one is bound to say that this orchestra cannot begin to compare with those which routinely occupy London's halls. That the concert should have been promoted as part of a "Great Orchestras of the World" series was entirely

The violins were sprightly (the leader impressive); there were odd moments of individual flair (first bassoon in the

ment); the overall sound was solid, on occasion vigorous, and steadfastly uniovely. That in itself is not a decisive objection in the performance of these works: Beethoven's orchestration is hardly a sensuous treat. But it mattered greatly that ensemble was so consistently loose and intonstion so unreliable. The woodwind were the sourest offenders in the latter regard: I have

indifferent woodwind playing.
Most perturbing of all, though, was Giulini's indifference. The vibrant spirituality for which his interpretations are famed had given place here to dull, dutiful, Kapellmeisterish time-beating. Tempi were plodding, attention to dynamic shading was minimal, and hardly any desire to secure refinement of phrasing was evinced. The performances were not without sonorous energy but it was of a crude, over-driven sort such as threatened to overwhelm and crush the first movement of the lightboned eighth symphony. The Emica was sluggish and untidy and remarkably uninspired.

Paul Driver

Barbican Hall Sponsored by Lehman Brothers International

Folk to the fore

John Drummond would once have agreed with Thomas Beecham - "try everything once, apart from incest and folk dancing." Now he has changed his mind, at least about folk dancing. As director of the European Arts Festival he has decreed that almost a fifth of his 26m budget will be devoted to folk festivals.

This is understandable. Folk music is international and bub-With only three months to plan the Festival, the brainchild of John Major and crested to celebrate the UK's six month Presidency of the European Community from July 1. it is naturally strong on relatively inexpensive grass roots events and short on big and costly galas which take time to

Drummond, who has just retired as Controller of Radio 3, has spread the Government's money over 600 events. His sims have been to permeate the whole country, to include all art forms, and to reflect the artistic life of the eleven other community members. In many cases he has given money to events that were gleams in the eye of the organisers but which needed extra cash to come to full fruition.

Among the big names coming to the UK are the Theatre du Solell Ariane Mnouchkine,

presenting The House of Atreus in a former carpet factory in Bradford: the Piccolo Theatre from Milan and Franco Zeffirelli's company, both coming to the National Theatre in London with, respectively, La Baruffe Chiozzotte by Goldoni and Pirandello's Six Characters in Search of an Author; and Greek Theatre Attis from Athens appearing in Cardiff and Belfast with a modern version of

Dance is enhanced by the Netherlands Dance Theatre paying its first visit for 17 years, in Bradford, and Pina Bausch returning to the UK, to the Edinburgh Festival, after a ten year gap, plus Wim Vanderkuybus from Brussels, at Oxford, Nottingham and Newcastie, and the Bagouet Company from Montpellier on its first UK visit.

Among the foreign orchestras coming are the Royal Concertgebouw; the ECYO; and the Berlin Radio Orchestra. Many of the grander events considered, like Pavarotti in Tosco at Covent Garden and the British premiere of Stockhausen's Sternklang in Birmingham, would have happened anyway, but Festival money smoothed the way and it has enabled the Royal Onera to put on a Piazza live relay of Tosca.

Antony Thorncroft

INTERNATIONAL TODAY'S EVENTS

BARCELONA

Gran Teatre del Liceu 21.00 Kathleen Kuhlmann stars in Steffen Piontek's Dresden production of La Cenerentola. also Sun. Sat song recital by Frederica von Stade (412 1466). Tomorrow, Sat and Sun morning in Palau de la Musica: Gary Bertini conducts the Barcelona City Orchestra (268 1000)

■ BRUSSELS

Palais des Beaux Arts 20.00 Peter Hirsch conducts the Belgian National Orchestra and Brussels Creation (507 8200) Monnale 20.00 Guido Johannes Rumstadt conducts John Cox's production of The Rake's Progress. Repeated on Sat (219

■ CHICAGO

Orchestra Hall 20.00 Kenneth Jean conducts the Chicago Symphony Orchestra in works . by Berlioz and Beethoven. An

alternative programme with Goldmark's Country Wedding Symphony can be heard tomorrow afternoon, Sat evening and next Tues (435 6666)

Royal Theatre 20.00 Choreographies by Balanchine

■ COPENHAGEN

and Laura Dean. Sat first night of new production of Kurt Weill's Mahagonny (3314 1002) **■ FRANKFURT**

Alte Oper 20.00 Montserrat

Caballé and Marilyn Horne sing arias and duets. Tomorrow: Natalie Cole in concert (1340 400) Opernhaus 19.00 Carmen with Alicia Nafé in title role. Tomorrow: Cosi fan tutte. Sat: William Forsythe's ballet Slingerland, Sun: Lohengrin (236061) Schauspielhaus 20.00 William

Forsythe's ballet Limb's Theorem, also Mon. Tomorrow and Sun: Shakespeare's The Merchant of Venice (236061)

■ GENEVA

Plainpalais 20.00 Ballet du Grand Theatre in choreographies by Oscar Araiz, Antonio Gomes and Christopher Bruce. Repeated on Sat (311 2311). Tomorrow in Victoria Hall: Franz Welser-Most conducts the Lausanne Chamber Orchestra (329 2511)

■ LONDON

THEATRE A Slip of the Tongue: John Malkovich returns to the West End in Dusty Hughes' new play about a Czechoslovak academic's relationships with four women students during the 1989 revolution. Currently previewing Press night May 11 (Shaftesbury 071-379 5399).

 Needles and Opium: moving between the Hotel Louisianne, Paris, in 1989 and 1949. Robert Legage's new multi-media solo performance weaves together the disconnected threads of a young man's attempts to reach the lover who has rejected him. Opens tonight (National, Cottesioe 071-928 2252).

 Berlin Bertie; new Howard Brenton play about two sisters struggling with loss of faith. personal and political. Diana Rigg heads the cast (Royal Court 071-730 1745).

Death and the Maiden: Ariel

Dorfman's Chilean drama starring Geraldine James (Duke of York's 071-836 5122).

Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme:
Richard Jones directs the National Theatre's new production of Molière's comedy of manners. Now previewing, opens on Tues (Lyttelton 071-928

 For ticket information about all West End shows, phone Theatreline from anywhere in the UK: Plays 0836 430959 Musicals 0836 430960 Comedies 0836 430961 Thrillers 0836 430962 DANCE

d'amore. Sat: The Flery Angel

Covent Garden 19.30 Kenneth MacMillan's Royal Ballet production of Manon, with Darcey Bussell. Tomorrow: L'elisir

(071-240 1066) MUSIC

Coliseum 18.15 Michael Lloyd conducts David Pountney's production of Don Carlos, with Rosalind Plowright and Edmund Barham, also Sat. Tomorrow: Madama Butterfly (071-836 3161) Sadier's Wells 19.30 D'Oyly Carte Opera Company presents The Yeomen of the Guard, also tomorrow and Sat. G&S season continues daily except Sun till May 16 (071-278 8916) Royal Festival Hall 19.30 Jane Glover conducts the London Mozart Players in Beethoven's Fifth Piano Concerto (John LIII) and symphonies by Mozart and Mendelssohn. Tomorrow: Charles Mackerras conducts the LPO. Sat Rohan de Saram gives world premiere of Roger Reynolds' new work for cello and orchestra. Tomorrow and Sun In Queen Elizabeth Hall: Opera Factory production of Monteverdi's Poppea (071-928 8800) Berbican 19,45 Michael Tilson Thomas conducts the LSO in Bernstein's suite from A Quiet Place, Rakhmaninov's Third Plano Concerto (Vladimir Feltsman) and Prokoflev's Romeo and Juliet. Tomorrow: Andras Schiff with Chamber Orchestra of Europe. Sat: Purcell's Fairy Queen (071-638 8891)

■ MADRID

Teatro Lirico La Zarzuela Placido Domingo sings Figaro In tonight's performance of II barbiere di new opera by Jacobo Duran

Loriga, Repeated on Sat (527

Edificio Cuzco Sergiu Commissiona conducts the Spanish Radio Orchestra In works by Brahms, Beethoven, Turina and Respighi, with Joaquin Achucarro piano sololat (581 7719) Auditorio Nacional de Musica

Violin recital by Igor Oistrakh. Tomorrow, Sat, Sun: Spanish National Orchestra and Chorus in Haydn's The Seasons. Sun: Daniel Barenboim conducts the Berlin Philharmonic (337 0100)

■ NEW YORK DANCE

Metropolitan Opera 20.00 American Ballet Theatre in Prokofiev's Romeo and Juliet. Season runs daily except Sun till June 20 (362 6000) State Theater 20.00 NY City Ballet in Peter Martins' production of Sleeping Beauty, daily except Mon till May 10 (870 5570). Tomorrow, Sat and Sun in City Center: Ecole du Ballet de l'Opéra de Paris (239 6200) Joyce Theater 20.00 Lines Contemporary Ballet triple bill. Also tomorrow and Sat, with matinee and evening performances on Sun (242 0800)

Carnegie Hall 20.00 André Previn conducts the Dresden Staatskapelle in works by Strauss and Beethoven (247 7800) Avery Fisher Hall 20.00 Kurt Masur conducts the New York Philharmonic Orchestra in Dukas' Sorcerer's Apprentice, Barber's Cello Concerto and Tchaikovsky's Fifth Symphony. Repeated tomorrow and Tues (875 5030)

PARIS

Théâtre des Champs-Elvsées 20.30 James Conton conducts the Orchestre National de France In Mahler's Second Symphony. Sun morning: Jean-Pierre Châtelet 20.30 Marek Janowski conducts the Orchestre Philharmonique de Radio France in works by Schoenberg, Haydn and Brahms, with Waltraud Meier

soloist in Berg's Seven Early

Songs. Mon: William Christie

conducts Purcell's Fairy Queen

ROME

(4028 2840)

Teatro Olimpico 21.00 Piano recital by Ivo Pogorelich (323 4890). Sat in Teatro dell'Opera: first of five performances of one-act operas by Mascagni and Alfredo Casella (488 3641)

ZURICH

Opernhaus 20.00 Two ballets by Bernd Roger Bienert, also tomorrow. Sat: Nello Santi conducts first night of new production of Semiramide, with Edita Gruberova (262 0909) Tonhalle 19.30 Euler Quartet plays string quartets by Beethoven, Weissberg and Schubert (201 1580). Sun in Kirche St Peter: Tokyo String Quartet (261 1600) Schauspielhaus 20.00 Gogol's The Government Inspector (221

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Thursday April 30 1992

Kohl's moment of truth

dangerous insouciance? Mr Helmut Kohl gained a well-deserved reputation for the former quality as he presided over the triumphant unification of Germany's two pieces two years ago. But in the last few days, with his governmental coalition facing a rash of internal squabbles and a spreading wave of labour unrest, the German chancellor's unruffled posture has begun to look more like the latter. Either his nerve is stronger than his current trade union opponents imagine, or he is riding for a fall that will have worrying consequences throughout

The challenges are certainly daunting. The last time there were public-sector strikes on this scale was in 1974, and on that occasion - combined with a deep malaise in the centre-left coalition - they spelled the downfall of Chancellor Willy Brandt. In the past few weeks, Mr Kohl has lost three valued ministers; support for his CDU party is slipping in the polls; and his government is having increasing difficulty containing spending in the face of public sector pay demands and the rising costs of unification. It no longer seems fanciful to ask whether the strains will prove too great for the traditional, consensual ways of doing business in west Germany

Unseemly jockeying

It would be wrong to overdo the parallels with past crises. Undeniably, Mr Kohl's position has been weakened by the events of this week - especially the announce-ment by Mr Hans-Dietrich Genscher, the veteran foreign minister, that he intends to step down next month and the unseemly jockeying between and within the coalition parties over the succession. Certainly this is unfortunate at a time when the government's top priority should be - through responsible fiscal behaviour and the Bundesbank's tight monetary policy - to tame inflation without plunging Germany into recession.

But there should be no reason for the government to be brought down. Mr Kohl's smaller coalition partners, the FDP and the CSU, may chafe at the allocation of ministerial portfolios, but neither of them could seriously contemplate jumping ship to join forces

WISE IMPERTURBABILITY or with the opposition social democrats. The SPD is, if anything, in deeper disarray than the government parties. Moreover, the CDU may be unpopular in the polls just now, but it does not face any elections – at national or regional level – until 1994. As Mr Kohl is well aware, he has a breathing space of about 18 months in which to sort out his government's politi-cal and economic problems.

Excessive burdens

The important question is how he uses it. For if the chancellor is to complete the task he began with unification, and engineer the transition to a market economy in eastern Germany, without imposing excessive burdens on the west he will need to break with the style in which he has governed up

The immediate imperative is to hold the line on public sector pay. No matter what pressure the unions apply, it would be immensely damaging if the gov-ernment were to climb down now from its determination to keep wage rises below 5 per cent - in terms not just of public spending but also of the signal such a move would send to private sector nego tiators, and to the Bundesbank.

Beyond that, the government needs to develop a clear and decisive strategy for controlling its own finances in the face of the spiralling transfers to, and debts being amassed in, the east. Such a plan is more easily called for than elaborated, not least because the way revenues and expenditure are apportioned at present between the federal government and the Lander (many of them SPD-controlled) provides little incentive for spending reductions. But Mr Kohl has done it before, in happier times - it was he, after all, who presided over the marked reduction in Germany's budget deficit during the 1980s.

Running as a common strand through these issues is the need for candour about the difficulties Germany now faces. The days are long gone when the chancellor could claim that unification would he complete in a matter of three to four years; everybody now knows it is a much deeper, costlier and more enduring challenge. Mr Kohl will not be able to meet that challenge on his own, but neither can it be overcome without him.

The challenge for the Labour party

torate as an alternative government; today it hardly resembles a viable opposition. The abrupt resignation of Mr Neil Kinnock has lest it effectively leaderless, at a time when it should be reflecting upon why it has lost four general elections in a row. Its behaviour over the past week, as factions have quibbled over the rules for electing a new leader while trade union bosses have called the tune, has been dispiriting. The temptation is to write it off completely. This should be resisted.

Democracy cannot function if there is no credible opposition. Yet while it is not certain that Labour can fulfil that role again, it is the largest opposition party Britain has. Some believe that that is a good starting point. The theory is that with "one more heave" Labour will find itself back in government. It improved its position in 1987 and again this year, bringing 69 new MPs into the Commons. A new leader, a little tidying-up of policy here and there, perhaps some tentative overtures to the Liberal Democrats and next time the Conserva-

It is necessary to reflect for only a moment upon the depth of the party's recent defeat to see that this is wishful thinking. At a time of deep recession, the Conservatives retained their previous share of the vote, while Labour was rejected by two-thirds of the voters. The lesson is unmistakable. Labour must restructure itself or make way for a party that is better suited to the needs of the 1990s. The restructuring must be radical, perhaps more so than Labour can bear to contemplate.

Unions out

if it is to have any chance of winning a future election, it must first sever all formal connections with the unions. They may contribute to funds, as the AFL-CIO does for the Democrats in the US. but they should not participate ex officio in party affairs. This means no bloc vote at the annual conference, no union presence in Labour's policy-making counsels, and no union participation in the election of the leader. It is too late to avoid the latter absurdity in the present contest but if, as expected, to get from here to there.

THREE WEEKS ago, the Labour Mr John Smith wins, his first party presented itself to the elecaction should be to start the pro-cess of de-unionisation. When it is completed he should re-submit himself for election.

To achieve that would be revolutionary by the standards of five years ago, but by the needs of five years hence it might seem a mere beginning, a clearing of the decks. Labour's fundamental problem, which it faces in common with other European parties of the left, is that it may serve no political purpose in a post-socialist age. Its original interest group, the organised working-class, is a dwindling minority. Its former generators of ideas, the leading socialist think-ers of the 19th and early 20th centuries, have been discredited by events and not replaced.

Tentative embrace

The result is that Labour's embrace of the market is tentative and uncertain. Its substitution of regulation for state ownership is disquieting. Its 1960s-style plans for redistributing incomes are indiscriminate and wasteful. It has failed to dump its Clause Four commitment to public ownership. Above all, it offers more government when taxpayers are unwilling to finance much, if any, more than the present amount.

The Conservatives are moving in the opposite direction. By the time of the next election, they will have devolved much more administrative power to unelected school boards, trust hospital managements, housing associations and other sub-branches of "Great Britain pic", all to be controlled by means of careful cost accounting at headquarters in Whitehall. If this great assemblage of quangos functions well, and gives people

what they want, it will stick. Yet Labour may usefully offer an alternative approach to the governance of Britain. The Celtic regions may still want home rule. Local government by independent elected authorities, may seem worth reviving. A party that thus espouses democratic reforms. champions the consumer, outflanks the Tories in its zeal for competition, thinks afresh on the environment, and finds some room for targeted help to the poor may yet stand a chance. But there is a great deal of rethinking to do

ver since it was formed in a \$14bn merger in 1989. Time Warner, the world's biggest media group, has been out of favour with Wall Street. This week as it launches a \$7.2bn restructuring of the debt taken on in the takeover, there are signs that investors are starting to warm towards the

company once more. Many observers of the entertainment industry seem to have been persuaded by the company that its latest plan - being worked on by Bankers Trust, Chemical Bank and others - to reschedule most of its \$8.7bn of debt will ease short-term

Debt has been the name of the game at Time Warner since its formation in a highly leveraged merger which ranked among the last hurrahs of 1980s corporate dealmaking. Last year Time Warner spent \$966m on debt servicing

The onerous debt burden has preoccupied top management, eaten up large chunks of cash flow, hindered the company's ability to make large strategic acquisitions and plunged it into the red, in spite of healthy operating profits at its main divi-

The search for a solution to the debt problem has highlighted the controversial management style of Steve Ross, the fast-talking chair-man who recently engineered the resignation of Nick Nicholas, his cochief executive.

It is a story of four personalities Ross; his Israeli-born adviser, Ed Aboodi; Jerry Levin, the new co-chief executive; and Nicholas. Many of the differences between the two camps concerned how to get the debt down. Nicholas, for example, favoured the disposal of up to 2m of the group's 7m US cable television subscribers, which could have raised as much as \$4bn and stabilised the debt picture quickly.

Nicholas wanted to seil off such operations, which he considered less strategic, in the same way as Rupert Murdoch disposed of assets at News Corporation or Lou Gerstner at R J R Nabisco. But Ross, as his friends note, never sells anything. He prefers complex financial mosaics such as the present debt restructuring being spearheaded by Aboodi, a friend who is part of the Ross kitchen cabinet.

The heart of the Time Warner debt restructuring plan is a fresh \$6.2bn bank loan that shifts debt off the main balance sheet to a newly created subsidiary, and stretches out the timetable for repayments of principal that would otherwise have started to come due next year. There is also a separate \$1.1bn private placement in the works that will replace other bank loans.

A closer look at Time Warner's finances suggests that the Ross-Aboodi approach, while conserving assets, is more costly to the company's shareholders, who have never seen a share price of \$200, promised at the time of the merger. The res-cheduled debt will probably carry a

Nicholas believed that Ross and Aboodi were engaged in financial pyrotechnics that would neither boost the stock price nor generate enough cash to reduce the debt rapidly. In February he paid for his disagreement with Ross when he

was forced out.
The elevation of Levin appears to mark the triumph of the highly personal style of management epitomised by Ross. Colleagues say Levin, who once headed Time Warner's cable division, is attuned to the entertainment side of Time Warner and especially to "Steve's

The world's largest media group is restructuring \$7.2bn of debt. Will the strategy work, asks Alan Friedman

A financial stitch in Time

way of thinking". The Ross style was most harshly criticised by former Senator Abra ham Ribicoff, an opponent of Ross's who quit the Warner Communications board in 1987 and made a blistering remark cited recently in To the End of Time, a book about the merger by former Time executive Richard Clurman: "I have never in my life been with a board so sub vient to the chairman or the CEO," said Ribicoff, adding: "You have a bunch of morons on the board completely manipulated by Steve Ross, stooges to give Steve Ross anything be wanted."

One of the things Ross acquired with the Time Warner merger was a 10-year \$196m compensation package, including \$78.2m in 1990 and more than \$70m of stock options in 1991. Substantial chunks of the package consisted of a one-off payment for his interests in Warner. Ross has been attacked fiercely by shareholders for the scale of his pay. This has been especially awkward in the current climate in the US, where shareholders are scrutinising the pay of some top execu-

all Street has gen erally applauded the replacement of the cost-conscious Nicholas by the more visionary Levin. Levin's defenders maintain that this is because he has a broader view of Time Warner's future than Nicholas, who, since resigning, has been depicted by Levin and Ross's allies as an unimaginative "bean counter".

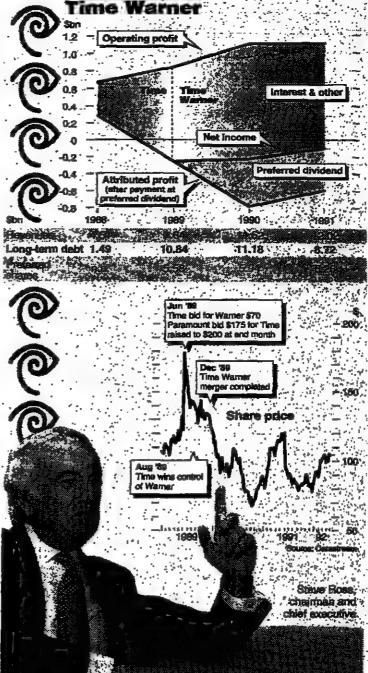
But a certain amount of hean counting is no bad thing at a behemoth such as Time Warner, with operating earnings of \$2.26bn in 1991, and debt-servicing costs that sulted in a loss of \$692m

Ross has been full of optimistic forecasts for the future of his company, but with a few exceptions. such as the cable business, few new revenue streams and profit sources have been created by the supposed synergies touted at the time of the

in the words of Allan Sloan, the US columnist: "As far as I can see, the formation of Time Warner resulted in one giant, high-debt company replacing two big, lowdebt companies that were perfectly able to compete on their own.

As presently structured. Time Warner's debt calls for annual repayment of principal - of \$2.3bn in 1993 and of \$1.4bn each year from 1994 to 1997, Projections by analysts who have studied Time Warner's accounts indicate that the company will not achieve a net profit defined as net after all interest and dividend payments costs are calculated - before 1994.

The debt rescheduling now under way will stretch out maturities.



Even bullish analysts such as Ms. debt at Time Warner's option. Jessica Reif of Oppenheimer, the New York investment firm, say the ud's 1992 loss after idend payments is likely to be

These calculations include not only the present \$8.7bn debt, largely in bank loans, but also \$8.3hn more of preferred stock generated by the merger. Normally such preferred stock is considered equity rather than debt, but Ms Reil says that "nobody thinks of this as equity. it's debt." The reason, in part, is that the stock can be converted into

The company's belance sheet may be debt-laden, but each of the five operating, divisions the Houv wood studio, the music business, the magazine and book publishing division, the HBO cable programming division and the company that operates cable television systems

for home subscribers - has a strong underlying cash flow. The cable systems division is the biggest money spinner, and generated nearly \$900m of operating income last year, followed by music (\$560m), films (\$390m), publishing

(\$246m) and cable programming

Unlike Murdoch, who sold off assets, Ross has pursued complex fund-raising ventures devised by Aboodi, who is not a Time Warner executive but who sits in company headquarters and plots company

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Part Partie

Service Comments

Charles Control

strategy. Aboodi was behind last year's controversial rights issue, which eventually raised \$2.6bm, but only after a revolt from investors alarmed that their holdings would be seriously diluted if they did not participate - caused Time Warner to make a change in the offer terms.

The 50-year-old Aboodi was also the man behind a joint venture, soon to be completed, with Japan's Toshiba and C Itoh, the trading house. The Japanese companies are putting up \$1bn for 12.5 per cent of a Time Warner subsidiary that includes the company's movie, cable programming and cable operations assets and is called Time Warner Entertainment (TWE). The next step of the joint venture plan is to try to raise another \$1bn or \$2bn by bringing in a European partner or Chinese language investor from Hong Kong, or even a US

ankers say Aboodi's most urgent priority, which should come to fruition by June, will be to move \$7bn of Time Warner's \$8.7bn of debt over to

The debt rescheduling, assuming it succeeds, will probably be presented as a victory by Time Warner. Yet moving debt to an 87.5 per centowned subsidiary does not make overall debt servicing costs, of \$800m to \$900m a year, go away. Stretching out billions of dollars of principal repayments, however, will at least put off the day of reckoning

There is another reason why TWE is not a panacea for Time Warner. As part of its creation of the subsid iary vehicle, TW will spend about \$1bn to buy up the remaining 18 per cent it does not already own of American Television and Communi-cations (ATC), a publicly quoted cable operating subsidiary. ATC will then be placed in TWE.

"The \$1bn comes in from Toshiba and Itoh and it goes out again as new net debt to pay for the ATC shares," says one adviser to Ross.

A top Time Warner executive, with knowledge of the company's financial commitments, puts it this way: This company has been jumping through unbelievably complex hoops, but it hasn't really changed the debt profile." Time Warner is very sensitive to

outside criticism - from shareholders or from the media. It has argued that critics focus too narrowly on its debt burden, which masks the group's real strength in cash flow

In the past, Ross has always managed to confound his critics, rising from his first job at an undertakers to his present role as one of the US's best known and best paid executives. Now in poor health, he is determined to preserve his legacy at Time Warner. With Levin as his beir apparent, a debt rescheduling under wav. and Wall Street warming to his cause, he has gone some way towards achieving this ambition. History's judgment of his achievements, however, are likely to rest on whether the next few years produce a lasting solution to the debt problem and some clear evidence of the synergies promised from the merger. Unless Time Warner can deliver these, Wall Street's more favourable view of the company may prove temporary.

BOOK REVIEW

Ideas into actions

ohn Maynard Reynes was one of the decisive thinkers and shapers of the century. He pointed out that, in a market system, economies can stumble along indefinitely in deep depres sion without any certainty that they will necessarily correct themselves. A company can improve its position by sacking workers and cutting investment, but not a whole

sconumy, Keynes had nothing but contempt for those who could not, or would not, see beyond the operations of finance to the realities of jobs, incomes and human needs. The idea that Britain could have plentiful unemployed labour and materials and machinery lying idle, and yet could not "afford" to build new houses or roads or other public works was a "delirium of mental confusion*.

Reconomics was, for Keynes, not a search for timeless truths, let alone a set of inexorable laws by which we are obliged to live, providing wealth for some and misery for others. Economics was a method of analysis, essentially historical and empirical, a modest and hesitant attempt to apply reason to current problems in order to alleviate them. Because of his unique personal

access to the centres of British life, Keynes was able to mount persistent and ultimately successful campaigns to persuade governments to adopt new approaches. From his experience as a Treasury official during the First World War, when he was given huge responsibilities for the overseas financing of the allied war effort, he understood the minds and aspirations of politicians, civil servants, bankers and businessmen. He mastered the complex processes of inquiry, debate, pressures and bargains by which policy is actually made. Since he was clever, rich, self-assured, well-connected, witty, arty, homosexual and usually right, he made many eneMAYNARD KEYNES, AN **ECONOMIST'S BIOGRAPHY** By D E Moggridge

Routledge. £35. 941 pages mies. But his life is a wonderful their way into political action.

example of how ideas can make If, in the west, the second half of the century has largely escaped the prolonged mass unemployment, damaging trade wars, and associ-ated political extremism which marked the inter-war years, much of the credit belongs to Keynes.

In his large new book, DE Moggridge attempts a comprehensive account. As Keynes himself noted in his vivid biographical sketches of economists, men and ideas cannot be separated. Even the most innovative thinkers share the spirit of

their age.

Professor Moggridge was one of the editors of the excellent 30-volume edition of Keynes's economic writings published between 1971 and 1989 by the Royal Economic Society and Macmillan. He has also explored the huge archive of personal papers (equivalent to another 100 volumes, he estimates) and other public and private records.

He sticks closely to the documents and is more an editor than a biographer. In a misjudged attempt to be comprehensive, he includes a great deal that obscures and slows his narrative. When Keynes joins a committee we are given the names and dates of the other members, and sometimes their subsequent careers even if they never cross his path again. During the years when Keynes was associated with the Bioomsbury group, he can scarcely have tea without our having to be told whether Ottoline or Vanessa or Duncan or Bunnle was there too. Although a Canadian, Moggridge easily slips into the English rever-ential style, to which books on

whereby everybody who goes to this, or that school or college, or who becomes a member of this or that undergraduate club, remains for ever beautiful and brilliant.

The chapters on the economic controversies include slabs of sum-maries from Keynes's writings. However, Moggridge offers little choices to which they relate or of the comparative magnitudes. Figures in, say, 1925 pounds are meaningless without some indication of whether they were big or small or catastrophic in the circumstances of the day. The book tells us what happened but seldom helps us to understand why.

Did Keynes ever admit to himself that the book on which his reputa-tion was built. The Economic Consequences of the Peace, was seriously deficient? Why is his most famous work, the General Theory, so tortuously obscure? When Keynes wrote to persuade, his style was bold and colourful, full of vivid and amusing metaphors, memorable images and striking phrases. Did Keynes make this book inacces sible to keep out policymakers? Did Keynes's intense feelings for Karl Melchior, whom he met at the post-Armistice negotiations, influence his subsequent attitude to Germany, which was sometimes too sympathetic? Many such questions remain largely unaddressed.

The best part of the book is the account of Keynes's successful efforts, along with the American, Harry Dexter White, to devise and establish a new postwar regime for international trade and payments. The International Monetary Fund and the Gatt, which even former communist countries are now eager to john, are among the most visible reminders of the scale of his

William St Clair

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PERSONAL VIEW

The new utopias that threaten Europe

By Jacques Calvet



Has Marxism already been replaced as a political and economic utopia, so soon after its

One would think so, to see the influence of liberalism and federalism in shaping tomorrow's Europe. These new ideals have fortered new utopias which pose a serious threat to the European Community's future, both eco-

nomic and political.
On the economic front, the dangers are threefold: competition policy, free trade and monetarism. Of these, competition policy is the most significant. Liberal influence underlies most of the European Commission's powers to deal with trusts, abuses of dominant positions and government

Although administered with the greatest restraint until the economic expansion of the 1980s, competition policy was given disproportionate importance by two energetic, opinionated competition commissioners, Mr Peter Sutherland and then Sir Leon Brittan, relegating the Treaty of Rome's other policies to secondary roles, Recently, its reach has even extended to regulating industrial concentration, a master stroke of the French. presidency which rebounded on it in the De Havilland affair, when the Commission outlawed the planned takeover of the Canadian sircraft company by Aérospatiale of France and Alenia of italy

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At the same time, the Commission launched a witch-hunt against state subsidies, which seriously harmed several ECowned companies, but did not touch the European subsidlaries of their US and Japanese competitors. European - and especially French - businesses thus find themselves ham-

strung on their home turf. The second false utopia is free trade, consecrated in late 1985 by the signing of the Single Act. Although the vest new market, with its elimination of treaty forgot to organise any must be authorised, as long as internal borders, was supposed co-ordination of hatfonal ecc. they are granted equally and to be a giant step forward for Europe, it was nothing new for union can never occur. So the large corporations, for which treaty needlessly sacrifices the • A market economy's freethese frontiers had long been merely symbolic. The policy would not have been so bad if a common border to separate the EC from the outside world had been established. But Europe unilaterally disarmed without anything in exchange. . In the auto industry, Europe had to beg Tokyo for an agreement that will offer Europe's car market to the Japanese on



Calvet: "The EC is a victim of its own success"

a silver platter. Since then, European carmakers have all announced redundancies, some

of which will be huge. Even including the jobs that. will be created by transplants, the European car industry will lose 70,000 employees by 1996. The Japanese car industry will gain 50,000 jobs over the same period. The European policy that creates this situation has

to be strange. The third and most recent false utopia is monetarist economics, which emerged with force in Maastricht. The pro-

posed economic and monetary Economic success union uses solely monetar- will never come from about a compean ideology, whether tition policy; it needs an indusinflation rates, enforced pari it be protectionist trial policy. ties, long-term or free trade Concentration interest rates

budgets - to arrive at a single demned, and alliances encour-European currency. Those who drew up the nomic policies, without which within the framework of a state's essential rights, and does nothing to solve the real problem: the Ecu's parities

and balanced

with the dollar and the yen. We therefore urgently need to return to reality, and thus to business, which was largely ignored by the Treaty of Rome, and which today is threatened. by the treaty's blind application, Economic success will never come from an ideology, merely a smokescreen for

whether it be protectionist or free trade. On the other hand, economies that really work, like Japan or Germany, owe their success to something else; the primacy of business, and the marshalling of all the nation's vital forces to serve it. Europe must therefore return to three economic truths:

 Europe is not a marketplace inhabited only by consumers. Establishing a central Ruropean authority does not mean creating a power that decides between good and evil, but one that has the best interests of business at

heart. Europe does not care must be facili-- tated, not con-

aged, as long as they are forged between Europeans, Subsidies must be authorised, as long as European development policy. dom of action cannot be organised through coercion and intimidation. There must be a political body that sets rules that are clear-cut, stable and the same for everybody, and these rules must favour European companies.

· Lastly, Europe must stop being siraid of itself. The so-called "global economy" is

(BAKK)

For an awful moment I

thought you were making a hostile bid"

Always noted for his grand estures, he was caught out

by the grandest: his bid of over

£16m a year for his franchise.

It was a touch too rich for the

Independent Television Com-

mission - a view endorsed

by both the High Court and

the House of Lords. TSW is

now running down to the

handover to West Country

and there isn't going to be

TSW any more," he says.

After more than 35 years

much moving and shaking at

in the media, all but five of them in ITV, it is time to take

a break. "I'm riding off into

the sunset and will probably

turn up as a belly dancer in Libya," he adds. Although his pay-off is

bracket. TSW's greatest tribute

is not trying to replace him.

■ The bank portrayed earlier

is County NatWest. The description, by personnel

specialists Ian Carlton and

probably in the £200,000

He is irreplaceable.

Identity

"I am a mover and a shaker

Television on January 1.

European faint-heartedness and US and Japanese ambition.

Europe will never be the lead-ing industrial power unless it defends its interests and takes up the same arms as its rivals. If we do not come back to these simple principles, we must realise that the current utopias will bring the downfall of our businesses and the dis-

appearance of our states. The return of economic utopias goes hand in hand with the resurgence of a political

utonia: federalism. The centralisation of power leads away from democracy. National parliaments are incapable of keeping track of the twists and turns of decisions of a handful of experts. Day in and day out, these technocrats alter economic realities that none of them understands or cares about.

But since Maastricht, federal-ism has become the official doctrine, even if the term itself was deleted at the last minute at the UK's request. This is particularly disturbing at a time when federal systems are falling apart all over the world, as we can see in Russia, Lebanon, Belgium, Canada and,

more tragically, Yugoslavia. Moreover, federalism in Europe is incapable of coping with two important challenges. The first is German expansion. Each day Mitteleuropa is becoming a more powerful reality. It takes an unusual Lilliputian complex to believe that the ties of federalism will lessen the giant's strength. Federalism is based on fear.

The EC - and this is the second challenge - is a victim of its own success. Candidates from all sides are flocking to join. Considering the Community already works poorly with 12 members, would it be manageable with 19 or 25?

It is imperative that the Community's executive branch be inter-governmental in nature. While it would be tempting to introduce majority rule for the sake of efficiency, this is unacceptable when essential interests are at stake.

Furthermore, states must delegate only the minimum authority to Brussels. And we must restore the power of national parliaments, rather then strengthen a Rumnest Parliament that so far has fatled to be convincing.

Today Europe has come to the moment of truth. It will not find salvation in naive or outdated doctrines. What we need is neither "more Europe" nor "less Europe" but rather "another Europe".

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Number One Southwark Bridge, London SEI 9HL
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Political dimension Taurus role in cutting of drug prices in EC cost of share From Mr Anthony H Wild. Sir, Your article, "Car prices vary by 40 per cent in parts of EC" (April 27), very succinctly registration

From J S Watson.
Sir, In his letter (April 16),
Mr Nunnenely, the chairman
of the Institutional Fund Manpoints out a major pricing problem in the EC. This example pales into relative insignificance, however, if one looks at the 200 per cent-plus discrep-ancy between prices of pharagers' Association, makes the point that to designate individ-

ual investors' holdings within a fund manager's nominee would add to the cost and complication of administration. He is, of course, correct and I would suggest that he is somewhat understating the case. price fixing and squeezing by

big change.

in the interim.

Tourus project director.

London Stock Exchange

J S Watson,

The introduction next year of Taurus, the Stock Exchange's new system for transferring and registering shares, will significantly simplify and automate the registration process. It will be perfectly possible and preferable for fund managers to maintain separate accounts for each investor so that individual holdings are recorded and visible on the company register.

there to hide impropriety. The Stock Exchange has already indicated that it may wish to go further once the Taurus system is in place and make statutory enquiries on any remaining nominee hold-ings easier and replies faster.

In the meantime, while we grapple with the existing paper-based system, I wonder if fund managers could go some way towards relieving the fears of investors whose holdings are maintained in nominee

Company registrars must, by law, make the register of shareholders available to the public for inspection. Fund | London EC2 some governments.
Politicians and bureaucrats find drugs to be the only sector of healthcare where they feel it is politically possible to cut costs to balance their books

maceuticals in different EC countries.

Also, unlike the case of retail car prices, the cause of the drug price problem is a rela-tively simple one: artificial

without considering whether pharmaceuticals can save costs in the long run by cutting down on hospitalisation and Anthony H Wild, president

Schering-Plough KK, 2-6 Awajimachi 1-chome Chuo-ku, Osaka 541,

Rate cut is managers could, voluntarily, make the underlying investor detail of a nominee company the cure for available on request to clients or their auditors. Germany Such an offer would allay

many fears and would make it From Mr Geoffrey Gardiner. clear that nominees are currently used to ease the admin-Sir. If economists will disre istrative burden and are not gard textbook theory and look at the empirical evidence they The nomines system is a will realise that high interes well-established means of rates are causing the big reducing the already vast amount of paper involved in increase in the money supply in Germany, not curing it.

transferring and registering shares; until Taurus removes It appears that the endowment effect is particularly strong in Germany and all the paper from the system, it is unreasonable to expect a increased interest rates have caused bank profits to leap. A voluntary disclosure of Profits attract capital, and capunderlying shareholders would ital provides the base for the enable a swift transition to expansion of credit. One Ger-Taurus without having to mulman bank has already tiply the paper handling costs announced a huge rights issue and the effect of that is inevita-

> No doubt intensive marketing of credit will overcome any borrower resistance that

higher rates of interest might engender. We have seen this process

occur several times in Britain. One example is enough: the huge Barclays Bank rights issue in 1988 was used as a base to increase the credit sup ply by £41bn by the end of 1989. If the credit explosion gets out of hand, the result is bank ruptcies and recession as we in Britain well know. Excessive increases in bank capital wher-ever they take place bring nearer the likelihood of a 1929-

style calamity. Textbook theorists claim that it was the lowering of interest rates in May 1988 that precipitated the credit explosion. The evidence suggests otherwise. Lending for acquisitions and mergers - the main cause of the asset price inflation - was at its highest in the third quarter of 1989 when base

rates were 14 per cent.
The Bundesbank will save Germany and the world a lot of grief if it sharply reduces its discount rate. Geoffrey Gardiner, 3 Molly Potts Close,

Krautsford, Cheshire WA16 3QT

Response to a busybody

Sir, The Co-operative Bank is a censorious busybody ("Co-op Bank calls 'unethical' customers to account". April 24). The correct response is to to refuse payment of cheques drawn on it.

Stephen Fein.

When aid acts as a deterrent to foreign investment

From Ms Lucy Martinez-Mont. Sir, I read with great interest your survey "Latin American Finance and Investment" (April 6). I would like to see a similar survey on how foreign aid interacts with financial

change in Latin America. In small countries like Guatemals, the amount of hard currency dumped on the economy, through an array of foreign-aid programmes, sometimes exceeds 10 per cent of

public spending. Many authors have denounced the high levels of waste and corruption associated with foreign-aid grants. However, little has been said on how foreign aid distorts the exchange rate in the recipient countries

I contend that foreign aid creates an exchange rate equilibrium through which the value of the local currency increases vis-à-vis the US dollar (one dollar buys less local

currency units). This reduces the incentive for private capital inflow and therefore the greater the amounts of foreign aid as a percentage of GDP, the smaller the amounts of private foreign capital that flow into the country.

It is interesting to note that the countries in Latin America which are attracting greater amounts of private capital are the ones that have received relatively small amounts of forof their GDP. Perhaps Guatemaia, El Salvador, Paraguay, the Dominican Republic and other small Latin American countries would do better in became the sole target for the charitable sentiments of rich foreign governments. Lucy Martinez-Mont, Las Nubes Km 11,5, Carretera a El Salvador,

Rey	Parties 1		
(in millions of LUF)*	1991	%	1990
Balance sheet total	532,198	4.2	510,52
Customer deposits	412,274	3.1	399,81
Bank deposits	67,233	11.5	60,27
Customer advances	117,601	6.2	110,739
Capital, reserves and provisions			
including loan capital	34,128	9.2	31,24
Net profit	1,083	38.8	780
Net consolidated profit	1,297	26.2	1,028
Distributed profit	542	8.6	498
Net dividend per share	LUF 380	8.6	LUF 350
Number of employees	2,030	~ 6.1	2,217

Highlights of 1991 Cash flow up by 37.6% to million LUF 5,046

 Net profit up by 38.8% Overheads (staff, operating and depreciation)

down by 0.6% European solvency ratio comfortably exceeded

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Observer

Undercover operations

Poor old Boris Yeltsin. As if he hadn't enough trouble with his country falling apart, the Trotskyite Spartacist League have returned to the warpath accusing him and his regime of "stalling, smoke-

screens and incompetence". **Today Spartacists worldwide** will be demonstrating over the murder two months ago of one of their comrades, an American called Martha Phillips, in Moscow where she was evidently striving to forge a new Leninist-Trotskyist

party.
"It used to be that if a Trotskyist died under suspicious circumstances anywhere within the long reach of J V Stalin, the responsible was not really a question," the organisers

True, the Spartacists admit that the culprit's identity is no longer as certain as it would have been under Uncle Joe. "But it cannot be ruled out," they add, that her death was "a political act."

Wondering about the evidence, Observer called their London office to put a few queries, including, as a supplementary, where the eague's funds come from ~ a line of questioning which spokesperson's suspicions. I wasn't born yesterday," she snapped.

Spot the bank Readers are challenged to identify the investment bank portrayed as follows by two members of its central

management team in a learned professional journal According to them, it has:

... a very strong achievement

culture; a strong (though declining) power culture; and relatively low support and role cultures. One of the features of an achievement culture is difficulty of control; the weak role culture is associated with a comparative lack of rules and procedures.
"At its simplest, this means

that it is not an organisation where people naturally look for guidance from above. They want to get on with the job and regard anything that deflects them from immediate client-orientated bottom line activities as an unwelcome intrusion.

Possible clue: when formally setting objectives for his staff, one of its managers included "Help cover my backside." Answer later.

Rocks on the box

■ Don't show your age by talking about "engagement" rings. They're out, sneers De Beers, because golden youth now associates them with fusty family-arranged marriages.

Today's people talk of "commitment" rings, adds the world's top diamond-producer, about to launch its biggest television advertising campaign in Europe at a cost

of £8.5m.
But while making much play with the new "in" word, the ads will emphasise that, whatever the changes in terminological fashion, diamonds are for ever. And it just so happens that the first Monday, will be during a re-run of the James Bond movie with the same name.

Bid farewell

Ashes to ashes. Cigarsmoking Harry Turner, the characterful chief executive of Television South West,

Martyn Sloman, is taken from an article in the latest edition of Britain's Human Resource Management Journal. Abell

Charming Scotsman Eddle Bell, boss of HarperCollins UK,

these days part of the Rupert indulging in a bit of rather ms-Celtic title inflation. Formerly just a plain old been elevated to executive chairman and publisher for

the UK - with his very own

senior management board called the Chief Executive Office. (Who could manage without one?) Bell is normally credited in the industry with a more material generosity – having ploneered the inflationary mega-buck advance payment that rival publishers must

favoured few) authors in recent years. He explained yesterday that the Chief Executive Office is there to grasp the opportunities of the 1990s. "This is the decade of service to authors...". Quite.

Pinned down

■ It has been assumed - at least by charitable observers - that President Ibrahim Bahangida has been trying to

revive the Nigerian economy.

Not so.

Drawing on insights from 120 minutes spent "rubbing minds" with the president, the government-owned newspaper Daily Times reported:

"Those who know believe that the decision on March 5 to regulate the exchange rate of the Naira is one of the most profound yet taken by the regime in its determined effort to wrestle Nigeria's restless

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Bill Clinton speaks after winning the Pennsylvania presidential primary, watched by Democrat Representative Joe Kennedy

Woman steals the primary headlines

Jurek Martin identifies two main lessons from the Pennsylvania voting

THE TWO big lessons from the Pennsylvania primaries are that Bill Clinton lives and that women scorned can be a potent political force this year.

The biggest story was the tri-umph in the Senate Democratic primary of Ms Lynn Yeakel, who rose from obscurity in the polls at the beginning of the year to a comfortable 44-33 per cent victory over Lieutenant Governor Mark Singel, the initial favourite-son

In contrast, Mr Clinton's victory - by 57 to 26 per cent over Jerry Brown and with at least 110 of the state's 169 delegates added to his tally - was not surprising. Doubts may persist about his viability as a presidential candidate but there can be few that he will be the Democratic nominee

This was the message he gave congressmen and senators in Washington, many of whom are attending the New York convention in July. He has secured the by looking past her primary endorsement of nearly 300 of opponents to the November elec-

these. Mr Clinton, whose delegate total is now approaching 1,500, seems to accept that he may not finally nail down the 2,145 needed for the nomination until the final primaries on June 2. The best news for him was that, according to exit polls in Pennsylvania, more than 60 per cent of Democrats thought he was honest enough to be president. This was up from under 50 per cent in ear-

This partly offset the fact that the turnout in the state, as elsewhere, was very small, reflecting lack of enthusiasm for the candidate. In this respect, Mr Clinton is in the same boat as President Bush, who had the admittedly minor mortification of seeing Mr Patrick Buchanan - who hardly campaigned - win nearly a quarter of the vote. Mr Bush will be Republican nomination soon.

lier primaries.

Ms Yeakel, a successful fundraiser for women's causes, triumphed in her first political race

ployed and only then are we able

completely nonsensical to do that."

Mr Bangemann refused to com-

ment on Sir Leon's parallel paper

on EC car prices, publication of

which has been postponed, but indicated they had resolved some

tion against Senator Arien Specter, the incumbent Republican, who won easily on Tuesday.

It was Mr Specter's aggressive grilling of Professor Anita Hill in the hearings to confirm Judge Clarence Thomas to the Suprem Court last year that induced Ms Yeakel to run. Her campaign fea-tured commercials replaying at length Mr Specter's hostile questioning, which included his brandishing a copy of the novel. The Exorcist, and asking Ms Hill whether she drew her allegations of sexual harassment from it.

As with Ms Carol Mosely Braun, who unseated the Democratic incumbent in the Illinois primary last month, Ms Yeakel tapped a deep well of discontent, among men as well as women, about the perceived indifference, exemplified by the Thomas hearestablishment towards women's issues. She made much of being an outsider capable of changing that establishment

Mr Specter is, in most things, a moderate Republican. Unlike his

ple, in the right to abortion. Pennsylvania's law restricting that right is currently before the Supreme Court, on which Mr

Thomas now sits. The man he beat in his primary was the architect of that law, but polls in the culturally conservative state showed over 60 per cent in favour of the freedom to choose abortion.

Ms Yeakel's success, allied to that of Ms Braun, will doubtless encourage other women candidates across the country. Particular attention will now focus on California, where Dianne Feinstein, the former mayor of San Francisco, and Congresswoman Barbara Boxer are bidding for the two Senate seats being decided

Elsewhere in Pennsylvania, to fight harder to survive, but only one Democratic congressio nal bead, that of Joe Kolter, actually rolled. Four of the state's 23 congressmen had previously

THE LEX COLUMN

A statement of intent

The latest salvo from the Accounting Standards Board is not quite as radical as usual, in that the changes proposed are not strictly compulsory. But it will do to be getting on with. The new operating review which UK companies are to include in their annual reports should discuss such novel matters as cash flow by operating segment and the effect on earnings of inflation. The financial review should cover peak borrowing requirements and confirmation that the company can cover them without breaching covenants: or if not, it should give details of the covenants. It should also specify any restrictions on moving cash from one part of the group to another, which in the case of a company like Lourho

night make interesting reading. The snag is the lack of an enforcing mechanism. Since the proposed state ment does not form part of the accounts, it does not strictly fall within the remit of the auditors. Without that sanction, the risk is that those very companies whose statements would be most revealing will fail to produce them. One answer would be for the Stock Exchange to make statements compulsory; but the Exchange has not been notably valiant in such causes in the past. With lock, there would be pressure from the market, which would take note of the beence of a statement and price the risk accordingly. But in one or two companies one can think of, lack of information has been in the price for years without any noticeable effect on management thinking.

CS Holding

CS Holding is obviously more opti-mistic about the prospects for Swiss banks than the Zurich stock market. Its decision to defer flotation of 20 per cent of Credit Suisse reflects not just the fact that the move is no longer necessary to satisfy the country's strict capital requirements. Having recently brought Mexican banks to the market at 3.5 times net asset value, it is also reluctant to part with its own assets at less than book.

in fact, the outlook for the larger Swiss banks is not as bad as is suggested by a weak domestic economy, high interest rates and a depressed property market. The worst knocks have been taken by regional banks. Because the domestic rules require capital backing which is high by international standards, the larger banks have capacity to pick up high margin international busi-

FT-SE Index: 2664.9 (+13.9)

ness as Japanese banks withdraw. Perhaps yesterday's slight drop in CS Holding's share price was a mark of investor disappointment that it is not going to return Credit Suisse to them on the cheap. Some may also be disappointed that part of the dividend is again to be paid in equity warrants. as a means of stocking up further capital. They might take some consolation, however, from the speed with which CS First Boston has bounced back from its 1990 losses, as well as from strong performance from the derivatives business. That said, it would be dangerous to be begulled by a 12.4 per cent return on shareholders' equity. It looks high compared with the likes of UBS and Swiss Bank Corporation. But compared to them, CS Holding's equity base is still relatively low.

Rosehaugh

Serious investors have long since abandoned Rosehaugh to the banks, But yesterday's comment from the company that prospects for new let-ting in the London office market have deteriorated in recent months may still send a chill down the odd spine. Property shares, after all, have outperformed the FT-A All-Share by 7 per cent over the last two weeks in the grim hope that the worst may finally. be over.

A touch of realism is certainly over-due from Rosehaugh, but given its new masters it has no reason to overstate the problems. The fact that the company managed a £28m loss before exceptional items in the last six months of 1992 is a vivid enough illustration of the dismal level of activity. Shareholders, though, may be more

concerned that just 2 per cent was knocked off staff and administrative costs over the period. To be fair to Rosehaugh, the company differs from most of its peers in running a large number of small projects, while its annualised staff and admin total is now running at a little over £10m, against £17.7m for the full year to 1991. If nothing else, it all goes to show that operational gearing is not a concept easily applied to the property sector. ;uts \$500

is expendit

Chemicals

If the first quarter figures from the big three German chemical companies are a guide, investors should not expect too much from ICI's results today. None of the three holds out much hope of an upturn in trading. All suffered a bigger percentage fall in profits this quarter than last year as a

With luck, ICI should do a little better. Its restructuring started earlier and is perhaps more determined. The German companies also suffer by comparison with a first quarter last year in which the domestic economy was still enjoying the stimulus of unifica-tion. All the same, the message from Continental producers is uniform and slightly depressing. Germany is down, the US recovery is patchy and the Far East is getting worse. Bulk chemicals are still taking a hammering. If, as the market expects, ICI's quarterly profits are broadly unchanged, it will have its non-cyclical pharmaceuticals business

Bank of Scotland

Bank of Scotland's results may pass unremarked by a market obsessed by developments at Midland. Its cost performance bears scrutiny all the same Though high by the standards of other clearers, a 13 per cent increase in costs seems more reasonable when set against a 12 per cent increase in assets, not to mention a 26 per cent increase In other operating income. The cost/income ratio fell slightly to 54 per cent and would have been just 48 per cent without the loss of £108m

in interest on non-performing loans.

How does Bank of Scotland manage to stay in a different league? Given the debate over rationalisation in banking, the answer is instructive. It relies heavily on electronic delivery of services and has eschewed the tempta-tion to develop an extensive branch network south of the border where its loan book has been growing strongest.

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Bangemann hits back at critics of competition policy

By Andrew Hill in Brussels

EC INDUSTRY commissioner Mr Martin Bangemann, outlining Commission plans to make the European car and aircraft industries more competitive, yesterday attacked critics who claim he is tampering with the working of Mr Bangemann insisted that

industrial and competition policy went hand in hand but criticised competition "ayatollahs" who assumed that more competitors always meant more competition. Sometimes that is nonsense. You could have very vivid competition between three competi-

tors and no competition at all between a hundred," he told jour-Several of Mr Bangemann's colleagues, including Sir Leon Brittan, the competition commissioner, and the social and

regional funding commissioners,

had sought changes to the Com-

mission's paper on the car indus-

try. In the event the amendments have been minor. Mr Bangemann defended his proposals for more on-the-job training of car workers to reduce the risk of redundancies. Some of his colleagues are worried such a move would drain existing EC funds - targeted on long-term unemployment and training of young people - into the coffers

of private car manufacturers. 'Could you please explain why

World

US hits India's trade status in patent dispute

it is that we have to sit around and wait . . . until a person is By Nancy Dunne in Washington [defined as] long-term unem-

PRESIDENT Bush yesterday to act?" he asked. "I think it's slashed \$60m worth of Indian products from the US duty-free preference scheme for poor comtries in retaliation for India's continued refusal to provide patent

demands, arguing that, as a

developing country, it is entitled

to different "rules of the game"

However, under US pressure it

last February agreed to expand market access for foreign films

and provide more protection for

"Because India is negotiating

in one area it doesn't mean we

are satisfied with how the phar-

maceutical issue is being

treated." Mrs Hills said. "We suf-

fer the loss in this country of

roughly \$60bn in the theft of our

intellectual property...We are

foreign trademarks.

of their differences over a "friendly lunch" on Tuesday. Sir Leon's car price study origidirected towards Indian exports nally appeared to contradict the of pharmaceuticals, chemicals Bangemann paper, especially on the sensitive question of what to do about exclusive car dealerand related products. Mrs Carla Hills, the US Trade Representative, said the action is "meant to be a rifle shot absolutely focused ships in the EC. Sir Leon mainly on the entities that are benefiting blames the system, which is exempt from competition rules from the theft of our patents". In the Uruguay Round and in until 1995, for the price differbilateral negotiations with the ences on new cars across Europe. He wants dealers to prove the US, India has resisted US

system is efficient. The car industry paper produced yesterday now takes a neu-tral line on whether the system - which is exempt from competition rules - should be maintained until the end of the century, while the EC market is opened to Japanese car imports. Following minor amendments. the paper says that "provided it works satisfactorily and efficlently [the system] would help in the management of the transi-

tional period". Shake-up urged, Page 2

as keenly interested in protecting intangible property as we are in protecting tangible property."

In a related action. Mrs Hills amounced that under the annual "Special 301" review, Taiwan has been added to a special list along with India and Thailand - of countries considered the protection for foreign pharmaceu-tical and chemical products. worst offenders in failing to provide intellectual property rights The sanctions, imposed after protection. They could be subject years of US complaints, are

to retaliation this year. Although Taiwan has proposed improvements in its intellectual property laws, it has made "little progress" in enacting or imple menting them, Mrs Hills said.

Thailand was listed because of failure to enforce copyright pro-tection and deficiencies in its patent protection. "Thailand is energetically trying to correct its problems," Mrs Hills said.

partners, including the EC, to a priority watch list" for its inade quate intellectual property protection. The EC was named for its Broadcast Direction, which requires states to ensure "where practicable" a majority of broadcast time for European pro-

Indonesia was bumped down to a lower "watch list" when, after last minute negotiations, it agreed to increased market access for video and movie pro-

Mrs Hills named nine trading

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Delta cuts \$5bn in capital expenditure

Delta Air Lines, the US airline, yesterday announced plans to cut more than \$5bn from its capital expenditure plans over the next nine years, by reducing new aircraft deliveries. The spending reduction was described as part of an attempt to "implement changes in its fundamental cost structure". Page 20

J Bibby bid disallowed

A \$133m (£75m) bid by J Bibby & Sons, which 79 per cent owned by the South African Barlow Rand group, for control of Spain's monopoly Caterpillar distributor, Finanzauto, was yesterday disallowed by the Spanish stock market commission and will have to be resubmitted in mid-May. Page 25

GM steps on the gas

A large foot appears to have hit the accelerator marked "reform" at General Motors, the trou-bled US carmaker. It has announced plans for a \$2.3bn international share offering: a reorganisation of the management structure in its loss-making North American vehicle operations; and the group's first quarterly profit after 18 months of red ink. Page 20

Vauxhail profits fall 45%

Pre-tax profits of Vauxhall, the UK subsidiary of General Motors of the US, fell by about 45 per. cent last year under the impact of the deep recession in the UK new oar market. Page 27

Heracles milestone



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Greece's two-year-old privatisation programme passes a milestone this reek when the new owners of Heracles Cement arrive. Heracies, Europe's largest cement exporter, was sold last month to Calcestruzzi, the construction arm of italy's Ferruzzi group, in a joint venture with the state-owned National Bank of Greece. Page 24

Challenge of Afghan agriculture



One of the most difficult challenges facing any new Afghan government is restoration of the agricultural sector after the protracted civi war. The United Nations has estimated that war-related damage has out the amount of land under irrigation by 300,000 hectares to under

Market Statistics

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FINANCIAL TIMES

COMPANIES & MARKETS

OTHE FINANCIAL TIMES LIMITED 1992

US helps Ford move out of the red are now being helped by a mod-est pick-up in orders and sweep-

By Martin Dickson in New York

FORD MOTOR yesterday underscored the gradual recovery in the US car market when it reported its first profit since the third quarter of 1990. General Motors, America's big-gest vehicle manufacturer,

reported its first profit after six quarters of red ink on Tuesday. Both companies were hit last year by a slump in demand during the US recession, which led to heavy price discounting. They

ng cost-cutting programmes.
Ford surprised analysts by reporting a net profit of \$84m from its European operations, compared with a loss of \$129m in the same period of last year. The company said group earn-

ings for the quarter totalled \$338m, or 60 cents a share, on sales of \$24.6hn, compared with a net loss of \$884m, or \$1.88 a share, on sales of \$21.3bn a year

conglomerate.

expressed concern about the

Investors holding at least 25

per cent of Worcester's shares are

expected today to vote to ask the

Takeover Panel to review a deci-

sion which allowed Bosch to offer

different terms to management

Worcester's management and

its families control 38 per cent of

the company, giving them an

This has allowed them, say

some shareholders, to obtain

terms which breach the first

principle of the Takeover Code,

that all shareholders be treated similarly by a bidder. The dissident shareholders are

unhappy with two aspects of the

• First, they feel the cash price

of 225p is too low, with 300p a

· Second, they object to the sep-

arate deal being offered to man-

agement, who will have a 32 per cent stake in the merged busi-ness, and receive dividends on

their shares. There is a formula

to buy them out in 1996 at a price

between 100p and 393 %p depend

ing on the earnings achieved by

"Preserving the interests of

non-management shareholders is

member of the Takeover Panel.

quarterly meetings, the member

With cross-border mergers on

the rise, the issue is unlikely to

die with the culmination of the

Continental takeovers are usually agreed deals with management; complaints by sharehold-

These companies have yet to

come to terms with the emerging

Worcester deal.

Worcester up to then.

more realistic price.

ence over the company's fate.

and outside shareholders.

turnround depends on a sustained recovery in the US and other key markets. "Although industry sales in the US remained weak in the first quarter, there are signs of an improv-

ing trend," he added. Ford's US vehicle operations earned \$57m, compared with a loss of \$947m a year ago, but they were put into the black by a \$61m gain from the sale of a computer business. Overseas, the group

Mr Harold Poling, chairman, earned \$28m, against a loss of strong sales of its restyled Tauwarned that a continuation of the \$208m. The financial services rus and Sable mid-sized cars and group contributed \$253m, down \$18m, which the company attributed to one-off gains a year ago.
Ford officials said reasons for

the US improvement included a sharp reduction in heavily discounted sales to fleet buyers, which dropped from 37 per cent of vehicle sales to 29 per cent.

In spite of this, the company's share of the US car market rose one point from the full-year 1991 level, to 21.1 per cent, thanks to rus and Sable mid-sized cars and its Explorer four-wheel drive vehicle. The average discount to buyers fell to \$1,000 a vehicle from \$1,150 in the fourth quarter. In spite of the improvement in Britain, Ford's Jaguar luxury car business lost "a little" less than \$100m, according to a company official, compared with a loss of

GM tunes up, Page 20,

"a little more" than \$100m a year

Norma Cohen and Maggie Urry look behind an unusual flexing Nestlé sees of shareholder muscle at a small company's annual meeting profits up **UK** investors 9% and plans to demand fair split stock

By lan Rodger in Zurich

NESTLE, the world's largest food group, expects net profits to grow between 9 per cent to 10 per cent this year from last year's SFr2.47bn (\$1.6bn), Mr Helmut Maucher, chairman,

Nestlé also said it planned to split its registered shares 10 for one later this year and convert its participation certificates into registered shares next year. following its recent takeover

of Source Perrier, the group intends to establish a headquarters in France for its global mineral water business, with Mr Serge Milhaud, a long-serving group executive and a French

national, in charge.

Mr Reto Domeniconi, finance director, sald Nestlé and its bidding ally, Banque Indosucz, had more than 50 per cent of the capital of Percier. Their offer closed last Thursday. He said the net cost to Nestié, once the Volvic mineral water and Caves de Requefort cheese businesses had been sold, would be more than

No new capital was needed. The group's net debt at the end of last year was SFr4.5bn. or 26.9 he explained. Also, profits from the Perrier business were expected to cover interest costs from

the July 1 takeover. The addition of Perrier's mineral water assets to Nestlé's existing brands would make the group the largest mineral water supplier in the world with annual sales of 1bn litres worth SFr3bn, about 6 per cent of

group sales. Mr Domeniconi said the group's handling of the takeover would not be affected by the outcome of the investigation by the European Commission's cartel office and due to be completed late in July.

Nestle's greatest market concentration would be in France where it would have 41 per cent share by volume, excluding Vol-vic, followed by BSN with 34.6 per cent, including Volvic. The Swiss group's view was that the market should be exam-

ined Europe-wide and include other soft drinks. Mr Domeniconi said Nestle had

learned that Perrier had a combined share of 10 per cent to 15 per cent of the Italian mineral water market. He did not think this was sufficient to cause further problems with Brussels. Nestlé has joined many Swiss

groups taking advantage of a new law allowing them to split their shares. Nestlé registered shares trade at about SF19,600 each, so the split would make them more affordable for small investors. The split will be proshares for all hareholders in Worcester In this case, Bosch insisted on Group will meet today and display an unusual flexing obtaining irrevocable commitments from shareholders totalof institutional muscle. They will ling more than 50 per cent of the

decide whether to challenge the sale of the UK company to Robert Bosch, the privately held German None of the dissenting shareholders argue against the deal in The case raises critical questions about UK corporate goverterms of industrial logic.

The merger of Bosch's Junkers boiler business with Worcester, the UK's largest manufacturer of nance and the extent to which boards of directors must treat all shareholders equally, even to the detriment of their own interests. combination boilers, would give a leading position in two main The Association of British European markets and a platform Insurers, the powerful trade body from which to dominate the rest representing some of the aggrieved shareholders, has also of Europe.

But industrial logic matters little to outside shareholders since they are being offered cash, not a continuing interest in the merged

company before its bid became

Mr Cecil Duckworth, chairman and chief executive of Worcester. remains convinced that the deal with Bosch offers the best future for the company and its employ-

He acknowledges there is a conflict of interest between "getlooking after outside sharehold-

Originally, he had hoped to negotiate a deal with Bosch under which the German group would take a 20 or 25 per cent stake initially. But he realised that it would be "a bit much to ask Bosch to pay up" to buy the rest of the group after the benefits of the alliance began to flow through.

The only way forward was a

full bid, he says. He says the 225p offer looked a good premium over the shares 168p price at the time terms were struck. But the post-election stock market surge reduced that

r Duckworth points out that at least three large institutional shareholders considered the price attractive, so Bosch was able to tie up 51 per cent of the votes.

a very critical issue," said one Even if Worcester shareholders He thinks that shareholders are only raising the issue of simifail to press their case, therefore, lar treatement in order to induce the Takeover Panel is likely to take the matter up at one of its Bosch to pay them more for their

The price is considered "fair and reasonable" by Mr Michael Davies, Worcester's only independent director.

Mr Davies says he was Involved in the negotiations of the 225p price, which he agrees is "at the bottom end of the bracket" of valuations. But he says it is a fair and reasonable price, and his view is backed by Smith New Court, Worcester's financial adviser. Mr Davies also

eral weeks. Lloyds has been con-

Worcester Group Directors Interests ... 31 DEC 1991 OFIDINARY ORDINARY SHARES SHARE OPTIONS Cecil Duckworth 9,000,000 Niget Collis Clive Woods Peter Walker 1,256,000 7.560 : 200,000 450,000 Biggest shareholders Gartmore investment 3.9% TSB Group offish Mufuel Assumnos Pre-tax profits (£m)::-Share price (pence) on ordinary activities

deal is fair compared with the

cash offer. Dissenting shareholders acknowledge that they are fight-ing an uphill battle. Should the Takeover Panel reject their arguments, they could collectively decline to tender their shares. If holders of more than 25 per cent of the shares stick together, they could keep the Stock Exchange quotation for the shares and block any effort by Bosch to restructure its new subsidiary. Eventually Bosch might have to

1986 87 88 80 90 93 1988 87 88 89 90 91 82 One recent precedent is discouraging for the dissident shareholders, however. When DRG, the packaging group, was acquired through a £697m (\$1.2bn) leveraged bid by Pem-

> shareholders met to discuss action but their resistance fell apart when they failed to agree. Thus, the message for shareholders is that effective activism stems from collective efforts - a

> bridge Investments, unhappy

lesson UK institutions are still trying to learn.

Hershey buys into Norway's chocolate

By Karen Fossii in Oslo

TOUR.

HERSHEY Foods Corporation, one of America's biggest chocolate producers, is to acquire an 18.6 per cent stake in Freia Marabou, the leading Scandinavia confectionery group, for NKr1.16bn (\$179.4m). The holding is being bought from Orkla, the diversified Norwegian

The deal represents an expansion of the US group's European operations which comprise a chocolate manufacturing opera-tion in Germany.

Orkla was forced to dispose of the interest by an ownership regulation authority in Norway following the merger last year with Nora Industrier.

Orkia, in last year's annual report, valued the Freia Marabou shareholding at NKr685m. Orkla's A-share price yesterday closed NKr4 up at NKr181 on the news while Freia Marabou's B-share price rose NKr12.50 to

NKr290. Hershey has co-operated with Freia Marabou for more than a decade: it previously held a 17 per cent shareholding in Marabou, and occupied a seat on its board, before Marabou merged

with Freia two years ago. In 1990 Hershev sold the Marabou stake to Orkla for \$78m. Hershey said the Freia Marabou acquisition would cost approximately \$180m and that the transaction was expected to be completed in May.

The purchase of these shares will represent both a financial and strategic investment for Hershey Foods. While we are confident that the purchase of this interest will in itself be a good investment, we are hopeful that we can build on it over time," said Mr Richard Zimmerman, Hershey chairman.

Mr Sten Hansson, a Freia Marabou executive, said his company welcomed Hershey as a najor shareholder. However, he said Freia was unsure of Her-shey's full intentions and hoped to meet its executives in the near future. Last year Freia Marabou

boosted profit, before extraordinary items, by 16 per cent to NKr512m. Orkia halved profits last year to NKr601m.

Hershey lifted 1991 net income to \$219.52m from \$215.88m and said 1991 activities represented a significant step towards its goal of increasing worldwide confectionery market share by establishing a presence in Europe.

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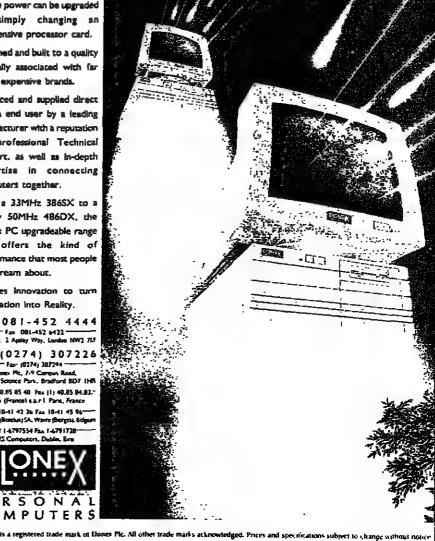
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Midland softens support for Hongkong Bank takeover

By Robert Peston in London

MIDLAND Bank of the UK vesterday softened its support for Hongkong and Shanghai Bank's takeover bid in the wake of the £3.3bn (\$5.84bn) offer proposal

from Lloyds.
As the battle between Hongkong Bank and Lloyds for control of Midland gained momentum, it emerged that National Australia (NAB), the blg Australian bank which owns the Yorkshire and Clydesdale banks, has told Lloyds it may buy several hundred Lloyds' and Midland's branches, if Lloyds succeeds in buying Midland.

Lloyds yesterday took encouragement from the first official announcement from Midland since Lloyds made its offer proposal. Midland's board said it "intends... to recommend Hongkong Bank's offer, provided this would not conflict with the ability of Midland shareholders to der a firm offer from Lloyds which secured demonstrably greater value for their shares". Under the terms of the take-

over code, this does not constitute a firm recommendation in favour of Hongkong Bank's bid. A Midland director said: "The recommendation is slightly on the shelf." The Midland statement was

approved by the board after a two-hour meeting with the bank's advisers on Tuesday even-ing. Midland's directors felt they could not dismiss the Lloyds offer completely because it was pro-posing to offer more than Hongkong Bank.

approach but is unlikely to enter into detailed negotiations for sev-

sidering whether its proposal to acquire Midland would avoid being referred for lengthy scrutiny by the Monopolies and Mergers Commission, the UK competition authority, if it were to agree to sell branches NAB is firmly committed to buying more branches in England to add to its network of more than 700 in the north and

In a separate development, it emerged that there is consider-Lloyds is considering the NAB

able legal uncertainty about the meaning of a key article in the EC Merger Regulation, which will determine whether the Hongkong Bank bid falls under the jurisdiction of the UK competition authorities or the EC authority. The article refers to the location of bank assets. More details, Page 24

Volvo optimistic on Renault alliance

VOLVO, the Swedish car and truck group, said it would save SKr4bn (\$670m) a year equivalent to 5 per cent of group sales - by the end of the decade as a result of its alliance with Renault, the French vehicle group.

Mr Christer Zetterberg, chief executive, said the alliance with Renault would provide savings of SKr400m this year

Separately, Mr Zetterberg said that in spite of the weak start to the year, 1992 would be clearly better than the preceding year," although no precise forecasts were given by the

Speaking at a press conference before Volvo's annual general meeting yesterday, Mr Zetterberg said that when the group entered into its alliance with Renault in 1989, "we estimated that the savings - integration gains - would amount to SKr800m annually within two to five years, increasing thereafter to SKr2bn a year. Today, our calculations indicate a savings potential of

end of the 1990s". Mr Zetterberg said Volvo's alliance with Renault was "developing very well...in fact, significantly better than we dared hope in the beginning". About 75 per cent of the savings related to product

SKr4bn annually toward the

development and the supply of components, he added. Mr Pehr Gyllenhammar,

chairman, stressed the strategic motivations behind the group's alliance with Renault. He said that the link provided economies of scale, highly complementary product programmes, and a presence in the European Community. It also provided gains through industrial co-operation in product development, procurement and manufacturing, he added.

However, on a less optimistic note, Volvo said 1992 had seen a rather weak start. In the truck sector, Volvo

experienced a decrease in market share in Europe, and its truck division suffered from

"substantial costs" related partly to the development of new products.

Volvo said that car sales had declined in 17 of its most important markets in March, although the group managed to increase its market share in

Mr Zetterberg, who is responsible for introducing a costcutting programme which included slashing 11,000 jobs, said the full effect of the rationalisation would not be felt until 1993.

He is leaving the group this autumn following a surprise management shake-up last month. Mr Sören Gyll replaces Mr Zetterberg as chief execu-

SKF still in the red but sees profit for full year

SKF of Sweden, the world's leading roller bearing manufacturer, reported a first-quarter loss (after financial items) of SKr34m (\$1.7m), following a final quarter loss of SKr306m in 1991 and a first-quarter profit last year of SKr59m.

The group forecast a fullyear profit for 1992 and said it does not expect to see a further deterioration in business conditions, although it warned that an unturn was not expected until the first half of 1993.

SEF made a loss of SKr211m (after financial items) for 1991 as the world recession hurt demand for its products. Group sales in the latest quarter were SKr7.16bn, up 14.8 per cent on the previous quarter and 3.4 per cent up on

the 1991 first quarter. SKF's bearings division reported a first-quarter profit (after financial items) of SKr90m, against SKr79m in the same period last year and a loss of SKr260m in the final quarter of 1991.

EC clears Accor bid for Wagons-Lits

THE EUROPEAN Commission has cleared Accor's bid for Wagons-Lits, the Franco-Beigian travel company, but on the condition that the French hotels group sells Wagons-Lits' chain of motorway cafes

concluded there were no objections to the merger in the hotels and general catering sector, but that the groups would have over half the French motorway cafe market.

Crédit Suisse float deferred as 1991 profits surprise respond by selling part of new equity, although it would

By Peter Montagnon In London

CS HOLDING has deferred the flotation of part of Credit Suisse, Switzerland's third largest bank, because betterthan-expected profits in 1991 will enable it to meet the country's stringent bank capital requirements.

The group's net profit rose to SFr980m (\$649m) in 1991 from SFr149m the previous year. giving consolidated earnings per bearer share of SFr225.10

against SF134.70. The result would allow the group enough retained profit to meet Swiss capital requirements, Mr Rainer Gut, chairman, said in London. This was in spite of a ruling 18 months ago by Switzerland's Supreme Court that the requirements should apply to CS First Boston, its investment bank, on the same basis as if it were a

commercial bank CS Holding had planned to

Operating profit rose 16 per

cent to £393.3m from £339.4m

- reflecting success in increas-

ing core business - but this

was cut by a rise from 2202.3m

By James Buxton,

collinet.

Scottish Correspondent

Crédit Suisse on the stock not need to do so to meet the exchange, but Mr Gut said it was in no hurry to do so when Swiss bank stocks were selling at below net asset value. "We have to make sure we are not

diluting our earnings," he said. In the longer run, it might be interested in a sale to generate capital for expansion into other markets, but the matter would not be considered again before

the start of next year. Meanwhile, group capital will be strengthened by about SFr300m by paying part of this year's dividend in share warrants. Each SFr120 dividend will include a warrant worth. the equivalent of SFr45, compared with SFT110 and SFT35 respectively last year.

CS Holding will also seek shareholder approval to issue SFr250m in contingent capital which could be used to back equity-linked debt issues. Mr Gut said this would create scope to raise about SFr1bn in capital requirements.

The sharp rise in profits

reflected both an already announced 57 per cent increase in net earnings at Credit Suisse and a swing from loss of \$475m to net income of \$216m at CS First Boston.

Mr Jack Hennessy, CSFB president, said bridging loans of about \$1bn to US companies, which gave rise to the 1990 losses, had now been refinanced through equity and note issues with a market value of some \$500m. They were in the books at \$375m.

Last year was the turn of Crédit Suisse to record large loan loss provisions amounting to SFrl.1bn. Mr Robert Jeker, president, said the bank was budgeting for a similar amount in 1992. It expected a further increase in profits this year, despite the weak Swiss econnmy. Lex, Page 16

Matra slashes dividend after sharp decline

By Alice Rawsthorn in Peris

MATRA, the French electronics and defence group, has cut its dividend from FFr8 in 1990 to FFr5.5 for 1991 after a sharp fall in profits.

Net profits fell to FFr252m (\$45.16m) in 1991 from FFr606m in 1990 after a decline in opersting profits to FFr965bn from FFr1.3bn. Turnover rose 6 per cent to FFr22.7bn. Matra, which is chaired by

Mr Jean-Luc Lagardère, attributed the fall in profits to tough trading conditions, and to its 17 per cent increase in

By Andrew Fisher in Frankfurt

DAIMLER-BENZ, the German

motor, aerospace and electron-

ics group, will raise its divi-

dend for the first time in six

years after an 8 per cent rise in

net profits in 1991, to DM1.9bn

increase the payment by DM1

to DM13 a share at a time of

threatened industrial unrest

over pay claims reflected the

group's desire to made a

favourable impact on the stock

market ahead of a DM2bn rights issue later this year.

Daimler indicated last year

that profits would justify a

higher dividend.

Analysts said the decision to

(\$1.15bn).

Daimler to raise payout

for first time in six years

research and development costs, to FFr3.2bn, during 1991. However it said it expected 1992 to be a better year.

The decline in profits comes at a sensitive time for Matra, which is orchestrating a merger with Hachette, the heavily-indebted publishing group also run by Mr Lagardère. Hachette recently announced it was trying to recapitalise after making hefty provisions on its losses in La Cinq, the French TV station which folded earlier this year. ■ The French government has

given the go-ahead to the long

The rise in profits came

despite coats of more than

DM500m at its AEG electronics

subsidiary for the closure of its

loss-making Wilhelmshaven

office equipment plant. How-

ever, sales of the new S-class

executive car, priced higher

than its predecessor, have been

favourable, and the truck mar-

ket has been buoyant after

At the same time, concern

over high German costs,

especially for labour, has

prompted the group's Merced-

es-Benz vehicle subsidiary to

announce job cuts of some

20.000 in the next few years.

although it wants to avoid

German unification.

standing plan for Banque Nationale de Paris (BNP), one of France's largest state-controlled banks, to swap up to 10 per cent of its equity with Dresdner Bank of Germany.

BNP has been in talks with Dresdner for some time. Mr Michel Sapin, who became finance minister when Mr Pierre Bérégovoy took over as prime minister, announced the decision in the French parliament yesterday.

Last year, the government, which owns nearly 73 per cent of BNF, paved the way for such a deal by permitting state-con-

By Ronald van de Krol

AKZO, the Dutch chemicals

company, saw a 5 per cent rise

in net profit in the 1992 first

quarter. All four of its core

businesses reported higher

results after a difficult year in

Net profit increased to

Fl 205.8m (\$111.2m) from

Fl 192.2m in the weak first

quarter of 1991. Operating

profit showed an even bigger

rise, climbing 17.5 per cent to

The company's shares

recovery, rising more than 3

responded strongly to the

Fl 348.6m. Sales were up 5 per

cent at Fl 4.43bn.

5% first-quarter advance

of their equity to private-sector concerns. This is in keeping with the trend for France's public-sector banks to loosen links with the state.

The deal with Dresdner, which still needs the approval of its shareholders and the European authorities, also comes at a time when the French financial sector is trying to strengthen its presence in the German market. Credit Lyonnais, another big state-controlled bank, is considering an investment in RfG, the Ger-

Fl 161.00 on the Amsterdam

bourse. Akzo, the first big

Dutch company to release 1992

figures, posted a 13 per cent decline in net profit in 1991. In spite of the first-quarter

improvement, Akzo said it was

unable to make a forecast for

the full year because of con-

tinuing economic uncertainty

As in 1991, Akzo's health

care product group made the

single biggest contribution to

operating profit, accounting for

slightly more than one third of

the total. Unlike the previous

year, however, the other prod-

uct groups also recorded

higher operating results.

in Europe and the US

Akzo cautious in spite of

Sir Leon Brittan, EC compe tition commissioner, has set a legally-binding deadline for the sale of the Wagons-Lits division. Officials would not indicate the final date, on the grounds that it might be used by potential buyers to extract a better price out of Accor. Brussels' marger task force

throughout the year.

to £256.8m in provisions for bad and doubtful debts.

Bank of Scotland improves to £140.7m

The result for the year to BANK of Scotland yesterday February 29 matched market reported annual pre-tax profits expectations, but the shares 5 per cent ahead to £140.7m (\$249.03) from £134.1m and said eased ip to 117p. An analyst said the bank was "doing betit was continuing to increase ter than other clearers but not better than expected". its share of the UK banking

The withdrawal of some capacity from the banking market, which reduced excess competition. meant improved margins on new lending and leasing, and Lex, Page 16

higher fees and commissions. Earnings per share dipped to 8.4p from 7.56p. The final dividend is 2.65p for a total 7.1 per cent ahead at 4.35p. Operating profit was £247.9m, up 10 per cent. Pre-tax

profit was £99.2m, a 16 per cent Lending to customers rose 10 per cent to £12,3bn. About half the bank's UK lending stemmed from England and

Rosehaugh reports £32m pre-tax loss

By Vanessa Houlder, Property Correspondent

ROSEHAUGH, the ailing property developer, yesterday announced an interim pre-tax loss of £31.93m (\$54.28m) and warned trading conditions would remain difficult

"The prospects for new lettings in the London office market have deteriorated in recent months and the commercial property market as a whole low level," it said.

The loss, for the six months to end-1991, compared with a pre-tax loss of £49.66m the previous period. It reflected a dete-. rioration in the company's trading position, tempered by fewer provisions against falling

property values.
The company made a loss before tax and exceptional items of £27.8m, against a profit of 23,44m a year earlier. its turnover fell from £89.37m

والمنافض والمناوي

has continued to trade only a to £23.13m and its interest ... charge increased from £10.32m to £16.19m. The provisions, which related to the writedown of stocks in subsidiaries and investments in associates. totalled £4.1m, against £53.1m a

year earlier. Rosehaugh said talks were taking place with potential tenants at the office complex at Ludgate that is being built by Rosehaugh Stanhope Develop ment, its joint venture. Lex. Page 16



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Dr Siegfried Meysel, Chairman

Full	Year Resu	lts	
AS bn	1991	1990	Change
Turnover	82.91	77.87	+6.5%
Profit before Tax	1.72	1.85	-7.0%
Profit after Tax	1.42	0.81	+75.3%
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Cash Flow	7.26	7.25	+0.1%

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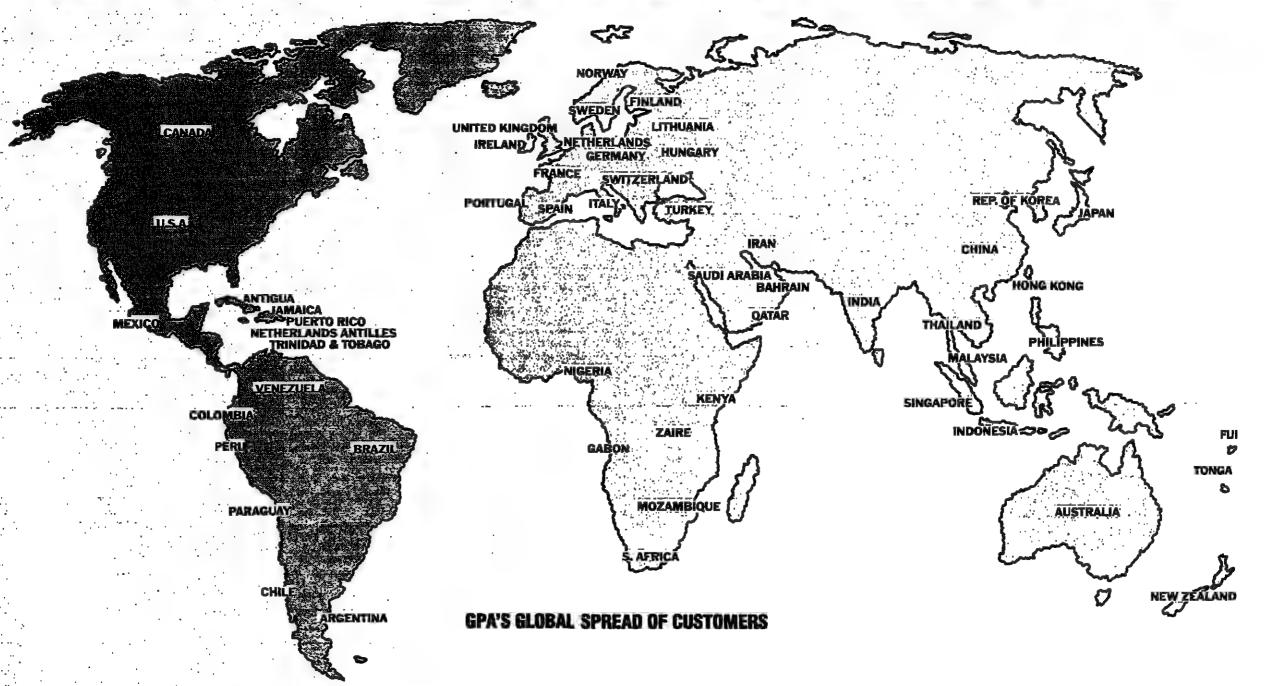
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Delta Air slices \$5bn off nine-year spending

By Nikki Tait in New York

DELTA Air Lines, one of the three US "mega-carriers", vesterday announced plans to cut more than \$5bn from its capital expenditure plans over the next nine years by red ling

new aircraft deliver ... The carrier sau the spending reduction was part of an attempt to "implement changes in its fundamental cost structure," and would result in the airline taking delivery of over 100 fewer aircraft. Capital expenditure plans for the period had previously stood at around \$22bn.

Delta's action mirrors that of American Airlines and United Airlines, its two big rivals in the US. American said in November it would axe \$8bn from its \$22bn capital spending plan over the next five years, by deferring options, or allow-

to profits in

opening quarter

USF&G, the large but troubled

Baltimore-based insurer.

reported first-quarter after-tax profits of \$1m. against a net

loss of \$55m a year earlier. Net realised losses on invest-

ments totalled \$300.000, com-

pared with gains of \$400,000 in

The company said a "mea-

surable positive trend" was

emerging and attributed the

rise in operating earnings to a

better performance in its prop-

The company, which has pul-

led out of some insurance lines

and pruned costs fairly drasti-

the first quarter of 1991.

erty-casualty business.

By Nikki Talt in New York

ing them to lapse, on nearly aircraft on order and under 100 aircraft. United, mean-option would be involved. while, said in January it would cut at least \$2bn over the next three years from a \$15.8bn spending programme, again through cuts in its fleet plan. Delta declined to specify pre-

cisely which aircraft would be affected although it said both Boeing and McDonnell Douglas aircraft were involved. It has 275 aircraft on option with the order. But The airline said it would not exercise options expiring on May 1 for 10MD-88s and two Boeing-757s.

Boeing shares slipped \$1 to \$43%, while McDonnell Douglas lost 1/4 at \$58%. Boeing said yesterday it had only had preliminary discus-sions with Delta, and believed

only aircraft under option were affected. Delta, however, said - within the total cuts - both

DU PONT, the leading US

chemicals company that last

business of Britain's Imperial

Chemical industries, yesterday disclosed an 18.3 per cent

slump in its first-quarter net

The decline, which translates into 71 cents per share, against 88 cents a year ago, was struck

on revenues 5.2 per cent lower

The company blamed the

sales drop on lower worldwide prices for crude oil and refined

products, and to the exclusion

of sales from its cost business

CHASE

Wells Fargo & Company

Floating rate subordinated

provisions of the notes, notice

Interest Period 30 April, 1992 to

carry an interest Rate of 51/,%

per annum. Interest payable on

the relevant Interest payment

date 29 May, 1992 will amount

to US\$12.29 per US\$10,000 note

and US\$211.45 per US\$50,000

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Daiwa International Finance

(Cayman) Limited

U.S. \$200,000,000

Subordinated Floating

Itale Notes day 2001

Guaranteed on a

subordinated basis by

The Daiws Bank, Limited

The Daiwa Bank, Limited

as Agent Bank

30th April, 1992 to 31st July, 1992

92 days 4.425% per anatom

U.S SL.130.83

JPMorgan

umber of days

Coupon Amoust If each Note

is hereby given that for the

29 May, 1992 the Notes will

In accordance with the

000,000,00022U

notes due 2000

profit, to \$482m.

cally, had already predicted a - now part of a joint venture. Small net profit for the quarter. Nonetheless it decided to boost

U.S. \$300,000,000

Woodside Financial Services Ltd. (Incorporated in the State of Victoria)

Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due July 1997

Unconditionally Guaranteed by

Australian industry Development Corporation in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, notice

is hereby given, that for the Interest Period from April 30, 1992 to July 31, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 51.% per annum. The amount payable on July 31, 1992 will be U.S. \$3,354.17 and U.S. \$134.17 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$250,000 and U.S. \$10,000.

By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.

London, Agent Bank

Wells Fargo & Company

Floating rate subordinated

In accordance with the

provisions of the notes, notice

interest period 30 April, 1992 to

carry an interest rate of 5% per

annum. Interest payable on the

elevant interest payment date

29 May, 1992 will amount to

Agent: Morgan Guaranty

IRELAND

US\$300,000,000

Floating Rate Notes

due 2000

Notice is hereby given that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, May 29, 1992 for the pend November 30, 1991 to May 29, 1992 against Coupon No. 13 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$252.78 and in expect of US\$20,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$6,319.50.

April 30, 1990, London By Cirbank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

US \$204,000,000

Republic of Italy Euro

Repackaged Assets Limited

F.E.R.A.R.I. I

due 1993

For the period from April 30, 1982 to July 31, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 45% per annum with an interest amount of US \$1,038.19 per

Floating Euro-dollar Repackage Assets of the Republic of Italy

Trust Company

JPMorgan

US\$40.28 per US\$10,000 note.

is hereby given that for the

29 May. 1992 the notes will

notes due 1992

April 30, 1992

despite 18.3% reverse

USF&G returns | Du Pont hoists payout

The Atlanta-based carrier, which last year bought Pan Am's east coast shuttle and transatlantic routes, stressed that other efforts to prune its cost base were under way.

Mr Ron Allen, chairman, said personnel would be cut via attrition, some facilities consolidated, some hub city flight complexes streamlined, and more use made of part-time and contract person-

Delta has one of the youngest Deets in the US, with an average age of 9.17 years. It has also been among the

strongest carriers financially. However, this month it reported a \$199.3m operating loss for the first quarter of 1992, despite a lower fuel bill. Mr Allen conceded that losses had escalated recently.

the dividend from 42 to 44

said he was encouraged by

indications of a broader eco-nomic improvement, as reflected in stronger earnings

for non-petroleum businesses

such as fibres and polymers. The petroleum division's earn-

Fibre division earnings were

45 per cent higher while poly-

mer earnings were 56 per cent up on 1991's depressed level. Chemical earnings fell by 25

per cent, because of lower sales

of intermediates and higher

costs associated with the com-

pany's expansion of its white

pigment capacity in the US.

U.S. \$100,000,000

Allied Irish Banks Pto

Allied Irish Banks Ptc
(freezosse and beater are Pepele
of hister own as Company and the Pepele
of hister own as Company freeze Notes
In accordance with the provisions of
the Notes, notice is hereby given, that
for the three months imposs Percel
from April 30, 1992 to July 31,
1992 the Notes will cerry an interest
payable on the relevant interest payment date July 31, 1992 against
Coupon No. 26 will be U.S. \$16.18
and U.S. \$2,954.56 respectively for
Notes in denominations of U.S.
\$10,000 and U.S. \$250,000. The sum
of U.S. \$118.19 will be payable per
U.S. \$10,000 principal amount of
Registered Notes.

April 30, 1992

were 29 per cent higher.

Diversified business earnings

ings slumped 63 per cent.

Mr Edgar Wollard, chairman,

ent company — had also achieved a small profit in the first three months after suffer-ing record losses last year.

The financial improvement in the UK, achieved despite the continuing decline in the UK new car market, was the chief factor behind Ford of Europe's

return to profit.

In the whole of last year the losses of \$761m at Ford of Britain and \$354m at Jaguar had more than offset profits made in continental Europe and in some other overseas

markets.

Ford of Europe back in the black

By Kevin Done

FORD of Europe staged a financial recovery in the first three months this year and achieved a net profit of \$84m

Its automotive operations, Its automotive operations, including Jaguar, its UK lux-ury car subsidiary, slumped to a net loss in the whole of last year of \$1.079bn from a net profit of \$1.45m in 1990 and a profit of \$1.19bn in 1989.

Ford said it operated profitably in most of its main European markets in the first quarter, and had reduced the operating losses of Jaguar to

operating losses of Jaguar to \$90m from around \$130m.

The company claimed Ford of Britain - now excluding Jaguar, where ownership has been transferred to the US par-

Ford of Britain, excluding Jaguar, made a small profit in the first quarter, despite a 10.3 per cent fall in sales volume to 95,896 from 106,892 a year

Ford said its UK marketing costs, although still high, had been reduced to 17 per cent of sales revenues from 19 per

NORWAY

June 23rd 1992.
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Data source:" EBRS 1991

FT SURVEYS

SAINT-GOBAIN

Coupons n° 16 will be payable as from October 29th 1992 at a price of ECU 266,88 equivalent to an Interest of 10 1/2% calculated

covering the period from April 28th, 1992 to

Fiscal Agent & Reference Agent

CREDIT LYONNAIS

GM tunes up its recovery plans

Martin Dickson detects some urgency at the slow-moving car maker

UDDENLY, a large foot appears to have hit the accelerator marked reform at General Motors, the troubled but slow-moving US vehicle manufacturer.

In quick succession over the past week the world's largest vehicle company has announced plans for a \$2.3bn international share offering a reorganisation of the management structure in its loss-making North American car operations; and the group's first quarterly profit after 18 months of red ink.

At first glance all this might seem a rapid and dramatic response to the extraor-dinary boardroom coup which shook GM at the start of this

That was when the company's non-executive directors, frustrated by management's slow pace of reform, clipped the wings of Mr Robert Stempel, the GM chairman, by removing him from the leadership of an important board committee.

They also demoted two of his lieutenants, including Mr Lloyd Reuss, the group's presi-dent and head of North American operations, who was replaced by Mr Jack Smith, head of GM's highly profitable

international operations.
Certainly, since the coup, GM has been setting about restructuring itself with a much greater sense of urgency.

Q4 1991

Q2 1990

Q1 1990

General Motors **Quarterly Net Income**

(1,056.7) (1,617.0) (1,978.8) O2 1060 O1 1960 Q4 1968 Q3 1968 859.2 1,506.7 1,092.1

Yet the road it is following is basically the same as that outlined by the "old" management team between Decomber and February, when Mr Stem-pel announced plans to close 21 plants by the middle of the

its operating problems.

They will get a little help from this week's first-quarter figures, which were modestly decade, cut 70,000 jobs and radically overhaul the North American management structure. That said. Mr Smith has added some significant

new twists to the strategy.

GM's basic problem in North America is its bureaucratic, slow-moving, nature. This means it has failed to react until now - with sufficient vigour to its loss of market reported a return to profit yes-

has tended to avoid labour confrontations by buying off the powerful United Auto Workers

It produces a bewildering range of cars, serving overlap-ping markets, which bear seven different brand names and have a decidedly mixed design reputation.

To sustain its 35 per cent car market share, it relies heavily on discounted sales to fleet

Its past failure to close excess capacity means many of its plants are running way below break-even, while its contract with the UAW means it pays members irrespective of whether they are actually working.
All this could be glossed over

during the industry's up-cycle in the late 1980s, but the recession of the past year has exposed the company's funda-mental weaknesses. Its losses of \$4.5bn in 1991, the highest ever reported by an American company, eroded its balance sheet and liquidity, and cre-ated a very negative climate on Wall Street

Standard & Poor's, the credit rating agency, lowered its rat-ing on GM's senior debt in mid-March, on the grounds that the group's North American reforms looked inadequate to

bolster liquidity.

Even more seriously, S&P threatened to do the same for GM's commercial paper, which provides cheap funding for its important financing arm.

The share issue which GM

announced last Friday, but which appears to have been approved by the board many weeks ago, forms a major plank in the company's efforts to convince Wall Street that it has sufficient

The company will also issue \$500m of shares to its underfunded pension scheme. All this, together with several recent tranches of preference stock, will bring to more than \$5bn the amount of equity capital GM will have raised since

The success of the issue will depend on Mr Stempel and his colleagues convincing investors during an international road show that the company really is getting to grips with

better than analysis had been expecting. The group made \$179m, compared with a loss of \$1.1bm before special items a

North America was still heavily in the red — to the tune of \$1bn, according to analysts' estimates — but the losses were much reduced. Detroit rival Ford also

terday, and recovery from

Robert Stempel: plans to reorganise North American management structure have been accelerated

recession over the next year should float the industry as a whole away from the financial

Yet GM's profit levels are derisory for a business with quarterly turnover of \$320n, and investors will need convincing its recovery plans can not only produce a sustained improvement, but do it mighty quickly too.

Mr Stempel hinted in a speech this week that he did indeed plan to speed up his leisurely schedule of 21 factory closures. So far only 14 of these to be shut hear hear. of those to be shut have been identified.

And his plans to reorganis North America's management structure have also been accelerated since the coup. The idea, first outlined by Mr Stempel in February, is to cut out bureaucracy and speed decision-making by scrapping the framework established in 1984 by Mr Roger Smith, GM's previous chairman. Roger Smith set up three

cumbersome divisions. Two of them made and sold cars -Chevrolet-Pontiac-GM of Canada and Buick-Oldsmobile-Cadillac - and one did the same for trucks and buses.

Il this has been ditched in favour of a single umbrella organisation, headed by Jack Smith. There is a single team in charge of passenger car engineering and manufacturing, a similar one for trucks, and a single group to oversee all US vehicles sales

and marketing.

The result should be a more coherent, co-ordinated approach to the business, and could eventually mean rationalisation of the model range, or

new structure were appointed last week and the biggest gainer is Mr Michael Losh, 45, who has been put in charge of

all sales and marketing. For

the past two years he had been running the struggling Olds-mobile division, where he was credited with considerable or inc

Nation

income

llan oil

plore in

marketing flair.
However, the structure sumounced last week contains one large change from the precoup, pre-Smith scheme. A new post, head of worldwide purchasing, has been created, and it is to be filled by Mr J. Ignacio Lopez de Arriortua, a 50-

year-old Spaniard, who is head of GM purchasing in Europe. When Mr Smith was turning round GM Europe in the mid-1960s, Mr Lopez played a key part in the strategy of cutting components costs by buying cheaper ones from non-tradi-tional suppliers around the continent and beyond.

Mr Loper's new role suggests Mr Smith will try the same tactic in North America, which could spell trouble for GM's in-house parts operations, which have been shielded from competition. It could also spell confrontation with the UAW, which is opposed to further

out-sourcing of parts.

Another important ingredient in the GM's successful European operations has been the introduction of three-shift, round-the-clock working at its factories.

Mr Smith may try to repli-cate this in the US, again risk-ing difficulties with the UAW, which is smarting from the 21 closures.

The union does not appear in a particularly strong position. It suffered a serious defeat earlier this month at Caterpillar, the heavy equipment group, where a management threat to replace strikers led to a return to work

But even if GM's managethe brand names.

The top managers for the ment changes proceed amouthly – a big if, given the turnoil that followed the 1984 plan - Mr Smith will need to tread softly and carry a very big stick if he is to bring the UAW slong with the revolu-

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application. Accordingly, conflows are invited to
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Dursus, 65 Holbson Vindest, London BCIA 2DY,
Ref. CS/ANEI/NOC for further information.

LEGAL NOTICES

Asverteement of creditors' meeting under Section 48(2) of the insolvency Act 1980

Section 48(2) of the Irredivency Act 1986
The Property Act 1986
The Above-mined company will be held alto Orchard House, 10 Albion Place, Madditons Jord House, 10 Albion Place, Madditons Jord on 14 May 1982 at 10,30 am for the purpose of Intering laid before it a copy of the report prepared by the Articlamia Place as used the Act. The amening may, if it thinks it, establish a committee to exercise the functions contended on treditors' committees by or under the Act.

fonctions confinered on creditors' committees by or under the Act.

Creditors are enly entitled to viole it:

(a) they have delivered to me at the uddress shown above, no later time poon on 12 May 1962, writen details of the debts they delire to be due to them from the company and the otalin has been duly admitted under the provisions of Fluie 3.11 of the free/eventy Rules 1980; and

(3) there has been lodged with me sity proxy which the conditor intends to be used on his in-her betterif.

Please note that the original proxy stoned by

or not serial.

Please note that the original pracy eigned by or behalf of the crucitors must be indeed at the audireus, enemilianed; photocopies (including famed copies) are not acceptable. Signed: N J Vooght Joint Administrative Receiver.

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U.S. \$100,000,000

Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Notes due 1998

Agent Bank

TURKEY

The FT proposes to publish this survey on

It will be of particular interest to the professional investors in over 160 countries and 54% of the chief executives in Europe's largest companies who will see this survey, which will be distributed with the Financial Times on this day. For further information about adverting and for a copy of the editorial synopsis please contact:

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TURKEY: Mr Ciro Costante, Toren Sok 14 D.1 Levent 80600, Istanbul. Tel: 90 1 2795330 / 90 1 2792648 Fax: 90 1 2641761 or your usual Financial Times Regressentative.

*Data Source: Chief Executives in Europe 1990.

The relevant interest payment date will be July 31, 1992. Agent Bank: Banque Paribas Luxembourg

US \$100,000 Note.

US \$100,000,000 Credit du Nord Floating Rate Notes due 1997 For the period from April 30, 1992 to July 30, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 55% per annum with an interest amount of US \$132.71 per US \$10,000 Note.

Banque Paribas Luxembourg Société Anonyme



(The Development Bank of the Republic of China) U.S. \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2001 For the Interest Period 30th April. will carry a Rate of Interest of 4 4125% रा आग्रेका, कार्यो ३ दिक्कण लेक्फ्रका व U.S. 55,607.55 per U.S. 5250.000 Note. The relevant Interest Paymen Date will be 30th October, 1997.

Benkers Trust Company, London Agent Bank

appears Every Transfey & Saturday. Please carried, Melanie Miles on 971-873 3308 or write to ber at The Financial Times, One Son London SEI 9RI.

US\$100,000,000 Floating Fixty Moses (

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ECU 125 000 000, LOAN AT VARIABLE INTEREST Republic of Italy RATE AND NO FIXED ECU1.000.000.000 REDEMPTION DATE Sondholders are hereby informed that the rate applicable for the fifteenth interest period has been fixed at 10 1/2%. Floating rate notes due 2005

0

Notice is hereby given that the notes will bear interest at 10.10156 % per annum from 30 April, 1992 to 30 July, 1992. Interest payable on 30 July, 1992 will amount to ECU127.67 per ECU5.000 note and ECU1,276.72 per ECU50.000 note and ECU2,553.45 per ECU100.000 note.

Agent: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

JPMorgan

U.S. \$300,000,000

Australia and New Zealand

Banking Group Limited

Perpetual Capital Floating Rate Notes

For the six months 30th April, 1992 to 30th October, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 4.4625% per annum with an amount of interest U.S. \$226.84 per U.S. \$10,030 Note and U.S. \$5,671.09 per U.S. \$250,000 Note, payable on 30th October, 1992. Listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange

Bankers Trust Company, London

Agent Bank



CIVAS 10 LIMITED

Interest Rate 4.5225% p.m. interest Period April 30, 1992 to October 20, 1992 interest Periode per USE100.900 Mote US82,173.27. April 30, 1352, Landon By Chibank, N.A., (CSS) Dept.I, Agest 8:

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Notice to the holders of Autobacs Seven Co., Ltd. Warrants

subscribe for shares of common stock of Autobacs Seven Co., Ltd. issued with

U.S. \$100,000,000 3 per cent. Guaranteed Bonds due 1996

share to Japanese rivals, and

Pursuant to Clause I(A) of the Instrument dated Lith March, 1992 and Condition 12(B) of the Terms and Conditions of the Warrants relating to the above-captioned Warrants (the "Warrants"), notice is hereby given as follows:

Autobass Seven Co., Ltd. (the "Company") has designated the following office of The Tokai Bank, Limited as the Payment Handling Bank and Custodian's Agent in Japan, where the certificates for the shares of common stock of the Company issued upon exercise of the Warrants is to be delivered: The Tokai Bank, Limited,

5-12, Ffiranomachi 3-chome, Chuo-ku, Osaka All other business relating to the exercise of the Warrants shall continue to be handled at the following office of: The Tokai Bank, Limited,

6-1, Otemachi 2-chome, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo The Daiwa Bank, Limited on behalf of AUTOBACS SEVEN CO., LTD. 30th April, 1992

Lavoro Bank Overseas N.V.

ECU150,000,000 Floating Rate Guaranteed Notes due 2000

For the six months 30th April, 1992 to 30th October, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 10.30078% per annum with an interest amount of BCU523.62 per ECU10,000 Note and ECU13,090.57 per ECU250,000 Note, payable on 30th October, 1992. Listed on the Lattershourg Stock Exchange

Benkers Trust Company, Loudon



Norwest Corporation

For the six months 30th April, 1992 to 30th October, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 58% per annum with an interest amount of U.S. \$266.88 per U.S. \$10,000 Note.

Bankers 1700. Company, London Bankers Trust

Agent Bank

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ask Anne Whitby

INT COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Koor Industries returns to profit after five years

ing \$48m the previous year. Faced with the threat of liquidation three years ago, Koor launched a recovery programme and last September, signed a comprehensive debt

reflected the full extent of an KOOR Industries, Israel's administrative, operational largest industrial conglomer—and financial revolution that ate, yesterday reported its first—has faken place at Koor," said annual net profit in five years. Mr Benjamin Gaon, president.

The company posted net earnings of \$89m in 1991, after losresults since 1988 clearly indicates the constant improve-

ment over those years."

Koor's operational profits
were up by \$4 per cent last
year; to \$134m. Sales fell 11 per
cent to \$2.4bn, compared with restructuring programme with the previous year. This was its local and foreign creditors - attributed to reduced holdings "For the first time in 1991, in subsidiaries.

By Judy Maltz in Jerusalem our financial statements Since 1987, Koor has regis tered \$720m in accumulated losses. As part of its recovery programme, it cut its work-force by almost 50 per cent, to about 16,000 people. It also sold off more than \$300m in assets. Under the terms of the finan-

cial restructuring signed last year, the Israeli banks, which were owed \$600m, exchanged a and rescheduled the remainder over nine years. As a result, they have become collectively the biggest shareholders in

Southern Cross predicts loss

By Kevin Brown in Sydney

SOUTHERN Cross Airlines Holdings, the probable pur-chaser of Australia's grounded Compass Airlines, yesterday said it expected to lose A\$7.5m (US\$5.68m) in its first year of ownership, but would make a profit of A\$11.3m in 1998-94. Mr Douglas Reid, deputy

chairman, said Compass would be relaunched on July 1 if a A\$50m offer for the airline by Southern Cross was completed He said Compass would offer fares up to 40 per cent below those of its main competitors, the government-owned Australian Airlines and Ansett Aus-

tralia, jointly owned by

TNT and News Corporation. Mr Reid added that the airline would cut prices by a further 15 per cent if necessary. However, he said, Southern Cross would aim for a market share of only 5 per cent, significantly less than that targeted by Compass before it went into liquidation in December.

Mr Reid said Compass would be relaunched with five MD-83 aircraft providing services between Sydney, Melbourne, Brisbane, Adelaide, Townsville and Cairns, Southern Cross intended to expand the network later by adding two extra aircraft to serve Perth and Coolangatta, on Queensland's Gold

Southern Cross has a binding agreement with Mr Ian Ferrier, the liquidator, which chase Compass if it can raise sufficient finance.

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Banco Ambrosiano Veneto

Banca Cassa di Risparmio di Torino S.p.A.,

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Banca Popolare di Sondrio

Arca Commissionaria S.p.A.

Banca del Fucino

Eptasim S.p.A.

Mr Reid said he was "very confident" that a proposed share issue to raise A\$50m would be well supported. He added that some of the financial invitintions which invested in the initial Compass flotation. in 1990 have expressed interest in the flotation.

A rival bid for Compass by the Republic of Nauru and Austfin, an Australian merchant bank, has been rejected by the liquidator but remains

First National Bank lifts income 20.5%

By Philip Gawith

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FIRST National Bank (FNB), South Africa's third-largest bank, lifted net income by 20.5 per cent to R187.8m (\$65.2m) in the six months to the end of March on the back of asset growth of 18 per cent.

The bank recorded a 26.9 per cent increase in net interest income, to R920.6m, and a 21.8 per cent rise in the bad debt charge, to R160.5m.

Mr Barry Swart, managing director, said the interest performance was the result of the bank's focus on profitable business. The 27 per cent increase in net interest income came from a 20.6 per cent increase in

Mr Swart said bad debts had risen more than anticipated -

1992 - but attributed this to an unforeseen double-dip recession and the impact of the

severe drought.

Although FNB has a large market share in agricultural lending, Mr Swart said that less than 10 per cent of total loans went to the agricultural

Other operating income was 21 per cent higher at R645.4m, but this was overshadowed by a 23.1 per cent increase in other operating expenses. Assets increased by 18 per

cent to R39.5bn. Mr Swart said FNB wanted to continue to be aggressive in increasing its assets, and most of the R550m raised in a rights issue earlier this year would be used for this purpose.

Earnings per share rose by 20.4 per cent to 257.7 cents and the bank forecast an overall the dividend was lifted by 11.1 drop for the year to September per cent to 50 cents per share.

Brazilian oil group to explore in Cuba

By Christina Lamb in Rio de Janeiro

PETROBRAS, the Brazilian state oil monopoly, is to sign a contract next week to begin exploration in Cuba. Mr Ernesto Weber, the company's president, said yesterday the decision was part of a new policy to increase its international operations, resulting from this month's government reshuffle.

According to Mr Weber the company's aim was no longer

to be self-sufficient in oil but to produce at competitive cost. Investments should be made in terms of return and we will import or explore overseas rather than produce domestlcally at high cost."

. The company was maintaining its heavy investment programme of \$15.8bn over the next four years, with the aim of lifting production from 600,000 to im barrels per day mainly through deep sea drilling, he said. Brazil's consump

tion is 1.15m barrels per day. Petrobras, one of the largest companies in Latin America with revenues last year of \$13bn, is under police investigation over an alleged network of manipulation of awarding contracts and misuse of the company's pension fund.

The Brazilian Congress is due to vote this year on a con-stitutional amendment to end the state monopoly over production and exploration.

Eastman on flat sales

be only gradual. Net income was \$145m, or 45

imaging and information,

by higher costs, unfavourable currency translations, lower selling prices and higher

to better results with the expectation that sales will continue to recover, particularly in the second half, and that earnings will benefit from actions to restore operating margins to more satisfactory

· CHEVRON, leading US energy group, reported a 45 per cent drop in first-quarter net profit to \$304m, writes Alan

Kodak slips to \$145m

By Karen Zagor in New York

EASTMAN Kodak, the world's biggest maker of photographic equipment, reported a 19 per cent decline in first-quarter net earnings on sales that were

essentially flat. The company, in the midst of its fifth restructuring since 1983, had warned in March it would have a difficult first quarter and its recovery would

cents a share, on sales of \$4.41bn compared with earnings of \$178m, or 56 cents, on sales of \$4.42bn a year earlier. Mr Kay Whitmore, chairman and chief executive, said the results were hardly satisfying.
"Respectable margins in health and chemicals were accompanled by poor rates of return in

where problem areas are being vigorously addressed."
He said earnings were hurt

spending on research. He added: "We look forward Banca del Gottardo CBI-TDB Union Bancaire Privée Pictet International Ltd. Darier Hentsch & Cie Swiss Cantobank Securities Limited

Earnings per share declined to 88 cents from \$1.59 in the first three months of 1992. Total revenues were down by

Taiwan clears the air over bid for McDonnell Douglas business

By Luisetta Mudie in Talpel

SOME OF the uncertainty surrounding Taiwan Aerosurrounding Taiwan Aerospace's plan to buy up to 40 per cent of McDonnell Douglas's commercial aircraft business was dispelled yesterday. Mr Vincent Siew, economics minister, amounced to the parliament that the deal had the full

support of his ministry.
The uncertainty resulted from the fact that Taiwan Aerospace, 29 per cent govern-ment-owned, would not be able to finance the deal without outside backing. Although it was clear government funds would be needed, no assurance of

help was forthcoming. However, the government faces mounting criticism from legislators, who say pouring up to \$2bn into a financially stretched company is no way to make a start in the aero-

space industry.
The government's attempts to distance itself from the deal culminated in the resignation two weeks ago of Mr David Huang, Taiwan Aerospace chairman, who was known to have official and military ties. Taiwan Aerospace has not begun production although



Vincent Siew: offering carrots to private investors

talks are continuing with France's Aerospatiale over a proposed joint venture to man-

ufacture helicopters.

If the deal with McDonneli
Douglas goes ahead, wing and
fuselage parts for the new
MD-12 wide-bodied jet will be
made on the island.

Mr Siew said yesterday the government would be offering carrots to private investors in the form of low-interest loans

and tax incentives, and would seek to finance the deal through state-owned enterprises, such as the Bank of Communications. However, direct investment by the gov-ernment is likely to be unavoidable. Mr Earle Ho, Taiwan Aero-

space's new chairman, says he hopes the government's initial investment will make up 49 per cent of the total, in order to improve confidence. They could always reduce that proportion at a later date." Mr Ho, well-known in the

local business world, is tread-ing a fine line between the dissenters and the government. His appointment was intended to give Taiwan Aerospace credibility as a private company, motivated by profit rather than

ideals of national glory. He was the first to debunk the idea that the \$2bn figure is written in stone, questioning that McDonnell Douglas is worth \$5bn, as the price

Before the deal can go ahead it must be approved by the leg-islature, and its progress, even in the face of criticism, should benefit from the government's more clearly defined role. All of these shares having been subscribed for, this announcement appears as a matter of record only

(Incorporated as a Società per Azioni in the Republic of Italy)

International offering of 125,000,000 ordinary shares of Lire 10,000 par value each

GLOBAL CO-ORDINATOR MEDIOBANCA Banca di Credito Finanziario S.p.A.

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Credito Romaguolo S.p.A.

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Rothschild Bank AG

Salomon Brothers Inc.

Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated

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Bank Mees & Hope N.V.

Pierson, Heldrig & Pierson N.V. Sanpaolo-Lariano Bank S.A.

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Banque Indosuez Goldman Sachs International Limited J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

INTERNATIONAL ADVISOR Goldman Sachs International Limited

ADVISOR TO THE HOLDING COMPANY Crédit Commercial de France

Creditanstalt-Bankverein

J.P. Morgan Securities Ltd.

April 1992



International Bank for Reconstruction

and Development

ECU 200,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2002

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the three month period ending 30th July, 1992 has been fixed at 9.625% per annum. The interest accruing for such three month period will be ECU 121.65 per ECU 5,000 Bearer Note, and ECU 2,432.99 per ECU 100,000 Bearer Note, on 30th July, 1992 against presentation of Courses March 1992 against presentation of Course March 1992 against presentation of Cou



28th April, 1992

Citicorp Banking Corporation (Incorporated in the State of Delaware) itionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by

CITICORP
US\$250,000,000 GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPITAL
NOTES DUE JANUARY 1997 Natice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.25% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date July 31, 1992 against Coupon No. 30 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$134.17.

U.S. \$400,000,000 GUARAI ITEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPITAL NOTES DUE OCTOBER 1996 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5.25% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date July 31, 1992 against Coupon No. 31 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$134.17.

April 30, 1992, Landon By: Cribank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank CITIBANCO

Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken

Yen 1,000,000,000

Interest Nikkei Stock Index Linked Bonds Due 1993

For the interest period 14th May, 1991 to 14th May, 1992 the Bonds will carry an interest rate of 0% per annum with an interest amount of Yen 0.00 per Yen 100.000,000 Bond, payable on 14th May, 1992.

Bankers Trust Company

For and on behalf of the Calculation Agent

Hispano Americano International Limited

Primary Capital Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 2006 with a substitution guarantee on a subordinated basis of Banco Central Hispanosmericano, S.A.

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes notice is hereby given that for the six months period from April 27, 1992 to October 27, 1992 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 4.4375% per ennum with a coupon amount of U.S.\$ 225.57 per US-\$ 10,000 Note payable on October 27, 1992. Frankfurt/Main, April 1992

COMMERZBANK 🗯

NOTICES TO THE HOLDERS OF

U.S. \$50,000,000 4 per cent. Convertible Bonds 1998 ("Convertible Bonds 1998")

U.S. \$50,000,000 4 per cent. Convertible Bonds 1999 ("Convertible Bonds 1999")

issued by

KONICA CORPORATION (formerly called "Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd.")

Pursuant to Conditions 6.(C), 6.(H) and 12 of each of the Terms and Conditions of the above-mentioned Convertible Bonds, we hereby notify you as follows:

- 1) The aggregate principal amounts of the Convertible Bonds 1998 and the Convertible Bonds 1999 outstanding, as at 22nd April. 1992, were U.S. \$29,000 and U.S. \$5,000, respectively. Accordingly, Konica Corporation (the "Company") has determined to redeem all of the outstanding Convertible Bonds 1998 and Convertible Bonds 1999 on 19th June. 1992, pursuant to Condition 6.(C) of each of the Terms and Conditions thereof.
- 2) All the outstanding Convertible Bonds 1998 will be redcomed on 19th June, 1992 at the redemption price of 101% per cent. of the principal amount, together with interest accrued to the date of
- All the outstanding Convertible Bonds 1999 will be redeemed on 19th June, 1992 at the redemption price of 100 per cent. of the principal amount, together with interest accrued to the date of
- For your information, the current Conversion Prices and rates of exchange, at which the Convertible Bonds 1998 and the Convertible Bonds 1999 are convertible into shares of common stock of the Company (the "Shares"), and the Closing Price of the Shares on the Tokyo Stock Exchange as at 22nd April, 1992, are as

A. Conversion Price: Convertible Bonds 1998: Convertible Bonds 1999:

B. Rate of Exchange: Convertible Bonds 1998:

Convertible Bonds 1999:

¥234.95 = U.S. 81 ¥242.40 = U.S. 81

¥539.00 C. Glosing Price of the Shares: KONICA CORPORATION

26-2. Nishi-Shinjuku 1-chome. Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan By: The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited as the Principal Paying Agent for the Convertible Bonds 1998 and The Sanwa Bank, Limited as the Principal Psying Agent for the Convertible Bonds 1999

30th April, 1992

Heron International N.V.

Notice to holders of Heron International Finance B.V. ECU 60,000,000 9%% Guaranteed Retractable Bonds 1985-1992/ 1997, ECU 20,000,000 Guaranteed Retractable Bonds 1984-1997, FF 400,000,000 8%% Guaranteed Notes due 1993, U.S. \$100,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1993, DM 100,000,000 7%% Deutsche Mark Bonds of 1985-1995, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 5%% Bonds 1988-1994, Swiss Francs 100,000,000 6% Bonds 1985-1995, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 5%% Bonds 1985-1995, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 51/2% Bonds 1986-1996, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 61/2% Bonds 1989-1998. Swiss Francs 150,000,000 5½% Bonds 1989-1999.

Holders of the above Bonds and Notes are given notice that information as to the Heron group's financial position is available through the offices of the respective agents set out below:

ECU 60,000,000 9h% Guaranteed Retractable Bonds 1985-1992/1997. ECU 29.000,000 Guaranteed Retractable Bonds 1984-1997. Banque Indosucz Lusestbourg, 39 Allée Scheffer, Luxembourg. FF 400,000,000 \$5% Guaranteed Notes due 1993. Crédit Lyonnais. 26A

Boulevard Royal, Luxembourg. U.S. \$100,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1993, Royal Bank of Canada Europe Limited, 71 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4V4DE. DM 100,000,000 71% Dentsche Mark Bonds of 1985-1995, Deutsche Bank AG,

Taunusanlage 12. D-6000 Frankfurt am Main. Swiss Francs 100,000,000 6% Bonds 1985-1995, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 5%% Bonds 1985-1995, S.G. Warburg Soditic SA, II8 Rue du Rhône, CH 1211 Geneva 3. Swiss Francs 150,000,000 55% Bonds 1986-1996, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 55% Bonds 1988-1994, Swiss Francs 150,000,000 61:% Bonds 1989-1998, Swiss Franc 150,000,000 5h% Bonds 1989-1999, Crédit Suisse, Paradeplatz 8, 8021 Zürich

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES AND FINANCE

Curtain finally comes down on Greek drama

Kerin Hope finds the state celebrating the sale of Heracles, its biggest cement group

7 hen the new owners of Heracles Cement arrive at the company's offices this week, Greece's privatisation team will feel its most arduous task has been accomplished.

Heracles, Europe's largest cement exporter, was sold last month to Calcestruzzi, the construction arm of Italy's Ferruzzi group, in a joint venture with the state-owned National Bank of Greece. Calcestruzzi is now responsible for Heracles' day-to-day management.
"Heracles survived surpris-

ingly well under state control. retaining its corporate culture. But at this point, some strate-gic decisions must be taken," says Mr Stelios Stavridis, the outgoing chairman.

Heracles was the key component of a privatisation programme launched two years ago by the industrial Reconstruction Organisation (IRO), the state holding group for about 40 companies nationalised in the early 1980s.

By Deborah Hargreaves

Group,

Austrian-based oil company,

expects to make a first-quarter loss of around Sch300m (\$25.8m) following deteriorat-

ing conditions in its plastics

However Mr Slefried Meysel,

chairman, said the company

would stick to its dividend pol-

icy and increase last year's

payout by 1 percentage point to 20 per cent of equity capital

The company saw pre-tax

profit slip to Schi.72bn last

year from Schl.85bn in 1990.

MARZOTTO, the Italian

textiles and clothing group

which last year bought control

of Germany's Hugo Boss,

reported a 12 per cent fall in

group net profits to L39.8bn (\$31.9m) last year from L45.4bn

in 1990, writes Haig Simonian.

and chemicals divisions.

Sch300m in quarter

the

Marzotto declines 12%

With a local market share of 44 per cent and exports of 3.5m tonnes a year, it is easily the biggest of Greece's four cement producers. Its two plants in central Greece are close to company-owned quarries and deep-water loading facilities. which means reduced export overheads in comparison with European rivals.

As well as operating its own fleet of bulk carriers. Heracles controls a dozen diversified subsidiaries, encompassing packaging, computer software and insurance. Group net profits for 1991 totalled Dr6.39bu (\$33m) on turnover of Dr56bn. The privatisation team at

IRO faced a serious problem in disposing of its 69.8 per cent shareholding in Heracles. This stemmed from a legal dispute over the way the company was nationalised, with some Dr27bn in debt compulsorily capitalised in violation of European Community company law.

Whoever acquired Heracles

liabilities led to a 75 per cent rise in after-tax profits, to

OMV, which has interests in

oil refining, gas marketing, chemicals and plastics, saw increased sales in all sectors.

Turnover rose 6.5 per cent to Sch82.9bn from Sch77.87bn.

push into eastern Europe; last

year it opened 13 filling sta-tions in Hungary and Czecho-

slovakia. It has just signed a

contract to open 60 petrol sta-

tions in Slovenia and is looking

at expansion into Bavaria and

Earnings at parent company

level fell 28 per cent to L25.3bn.

The decline prompted a L70

dividend cut to L280 a share for

vertible savings shares and

L340 for non-convertible

ordinary shares, L300 for con-

northern Italy.

savings stock.

The company is making a

Schl.42bn from Sch810m.

Heracles Cement Net profits (Or bn)

ment if the debt capitalisation was reversed, making IRO's equity invalid. Moreover, prospective buyers were not encouraged by the Greek gov-ernment's offer of a guaranteed refund of the purchase price plus interest if the European Court, which is to consider the case, ruled against the IRO. At this point, the National stood to lose the entire invest-Bank came into the picture

By Andrew Fisher in Frankluri

BAYER, the German chemical

group, yesterday announced a drop of 8 per cent, to DM812m

(\$492m), in pre-tax profits for

the first quarter. It expressed

little hope of any marked

improvement this year.
The results showed a much

llatter decline than those of its

domestic rivals, however.

Hoechst's pre-tax result was

down 25 per cent in the first

three months, while BASF suf-

fered a 25 per cent slide.

would join forces with the strongest bidder for IRO's stake in Heracles. It was an attractive offer. If the 1986 debt capitalisation were reversed, National Bank would revert to

holder with 25 per cent. Calcestruzzi - which had acquired 17 per cent of Heracles through the Athens stock market - and National Bank then submitted a joint bid of Dr107hn for the IRO holding. It turned out to be the only firm offer received. Italcementi, the only other

being Heracles' largest share-

ing the withdrawal of Holderbank of Switzerland, pulled out at the last minute, claiming that the unannounced alliance between Calcestruzzi and National Bank violated trans-

parency procedures in the sale. However, Italcementi later indicated it was prepared to offer Dr120bn if National Bank changed sides. Instead, Calcestruzzi and the bank raised

Bayer's stronger performance

reflected its greater involve-

ment in the non-cyclical phar-

maceuticals sector, accounting

It said its operations in the

US and parts of western Europe had experienced initial

signs of economic revival.

Group turnover was 4 per cent

higher at DM11.2bn, but eased

by 2 per cent in Europe to DM7.5bn. In North America.

however, there was a 17 per cent increase to DM2.3bn,

helped by the stronger dollar.

for half of profits.

with a scheme under which it their offer to Dr124bn. This was just above the value placed on Heracles by Morgan Stanley, acting as IRO's finan-cial adviser on the sale.

Calcestruzzi, a ready-mix concrete producer controlling over 1,000 regional construction companies in Italy, is the country's largest customer for cement. It has been trying for years to acquire a large cement producer to ensure a steady source of supply. Its earnings for 1990, the latest figures available, totalled L45bn (\$36m) on sales of L1,178bn.

Calnat, the joint venture formed to acquire Heracles, is short-listed contender follow-52.5 per cent-owned by Calcestruzzi and 47.5 per cent by National Bank. Calcestruzzi has an option to buy out National Bank's stake over the

next four years. Calcestruzzi, listed on the Milan stock exchange, is financing its Dr65.1bn share of the deal through bank borrowing and by selling off some smaller

OMV expects loss of | Bayer down 8% to DM812m The company said trends in the consumer and industrial sectors were different. This year, its hopes were concentrated on consumer-related products such as cosmetics,

> with a 14 per cent jump in sules to DM2.3bn. Industrial chemicals showed a 6 per cent turnover improvement to DM2bn. The agricul-

while its expectations on the industrial side weren't as posi-

tive. Health care products were

buoyant in the first quarter,

BASF tumbles 25% to DM473m

BASF profits slumped in the first three months of this year and the German chemical concern said it saw no real signs of improvement in the world economy, despite some positive indications from the US.

BASF's pre-tax figure of DM473m (\$286.6m) was 25 per cent lower than that of the first quarter of 1991, putting it roughly in line with the poor performance of Hoechst which reported a 26 per cent fall. Bayer's first-quarter decline was a much gentler 8 per cent. In common with its rivals, BASF managed a slight rise in

turnover, which was 4 per cent

higher at DM11.9bn. However, it said that this was mainly due to higher oil taxes in Germany - BASF has a large energy operation - as

activities. The company said stiffer competition had led to large profit declines in some sectors; these could not be offset by cost-cutting measures and restructuring.
BASF said business was

weak in plastics and fibres, with profits held back by low prices and the starting up of new plant, although volumes were higher.

Return to the black at Norsk Hydro

By Karen Fossii in Osio

NORSK HYDRO, Norway's biggest stock market listed company, swung back to profit in the 1992 first quarter, after a net loss of NKr498m (\$77.3m) for the whole of 1991. Last year's result followed a estructuring.

However, first quarter earnings, at NKr201m, were half the year-ago figure of NKr410m. Hydro blamed this on the inflationary effects of the Gulf war.

Group operating revenue for the 1993 first quarter decreased by NKr265m to NKr15.96bn, as operating costs rose by NKr395m to NKr13.55bn. Group operating income was reduced by NKr766m to NKr1.04bn.

Mr Egil Myklebust, president, said aithough first-quarter results were unsatisfac-tory, they were a clear improvement over last year's

fourth quarter.

Hydro explained that net income was influenced by the effects of a stronger dollar. The realised and unrealised effects of foreign exchange movements meant a loss of NKr470m, compared with a loss of NKr450m last year.
The agriculture division saw

operating income fall NKr331m to NKr195m, as operating revenue dipped NKr33m to NKr7.24bn. Hydro said European fertiliser prices increased along with sales vol. increased along with sales vol-

The oil and gas division reduced operating income by NKr27m to NKr738m, as operating revenue advanced NKr200m to NKr3.31bn. Oil and gas production rose to 2.2m tonnes of oil equivalent from 1.9m, but average crude

oil prices per barrel fell. Light metals suffered a NKr313m plunge in operating income, to NKr89m, as operating revenue was cut NKr459m to NKr4.14bn. Hydro said the effect of the decline was partly offset by lower raw materials prices and higher smelter productivity. Petrochemicals saw operating income fall NKr106m to NKr96m due to lower prices.

VIAIRID

VARD AS

IAHU

Notice of the Annual General Meeting

to take piece on lay 20 May at 1600 hrs. at Shippingkinbben, Baakon VIT's gt., 1, Oslo 1, Nerway

- 1. Election of a meeting chairman and two shareholders to endorse the minutes of the meeting. Registration of shareholders.
- 2. Approval of the Profit and Loss Statement for the year 1991 and the Balance Sheet as of 31 December 1991 for Vard AS. including the Board of Directors' Report and the Auditors' Report for 1991.
- 3. Approval of the Board of Directors' tion for covering the loss in 1991.
- Approval of the Consolidated Profit and Loss Statement for 1991 and the Consolidated Belance Sheet as of 31 December 1991.
- 5. Approval of the remuneration to the Board of
- 6. Approval of the Auditors' fee. 7. Miscellaneous.
- The Board of Directors' Report for 1991 together with the Financial Statements have already been sent to

Shareholders listed in the Company's register of shareholders or at the Norwegian Securities Register (VPS) may attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting in person or by proxy. Forms of proxy have been sent to all registered shareholders and may also be obtained from the Company.

The Board of Directors of Vard AS Hoffsveien 15, P.O. Box 244.

April 1992

OTTOMAN BANK DIVIDEND NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of £13.00 per share, voted at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on 29 April 1992, will be payable on or after 13 May 1992 in London at BARCLAYS BANK PLC, Stock Exchange Services Department, 168 Fenchurch Street, London EC3P 3HP, against presentation of coupon No. 119. The holders of Founders' Shares will receive an amount of £1,607.51 per whole share payable on the same date and at the same place, against presentation of coupon No.

Coupons must be listed on forms, which can be obtained from Barclays Bank PLC, and left for examination four clear days prior to payment.

30 April 1992.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION



Canadian National Railway Company

Caris 100,000,000 11 % % Notes due June 11, 1993

In accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, particularly paragraph 8 (a) thereof, notice is hereby given that Canadian National Railway Company will redeem all of the Notes (Card\$ 100,000,000) at 100% of their principal amount («Redemption Price-) on the next interest payment date, June 11, 1992, when interest on the Notes will cease to accrue,

Payment of the Redemption Price will be made upon preand surrender of the Notes at the offices of any of the Paying Agents isted below.

> Kredistbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise 43 boulevard Royal L-2965 Luxentbourg

Arenbergstraat 7 8-1000 Brussels

Crédit Commercial de France 103 Avenue des Champs Dysées F-75008 Paris

Canadian Imperial Bank of Comm Cottons Centre, Cottons Lane, London S&1 2QL

Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce 1155 René-Lévesque Boulevard West Montreal, Quebec, Canada H38 324 Accrued interest due June 11, 1992 will be paid in the normal manner on or after that date against

presentation of Coupon Nº 7. Luxembourg, April 30, 1992



LANDSVIRKJUN U.S. \$60,000,000 Floating Rate Notes Due 2000

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the period 30th April, 1992 to 30th October, 1992 is 55% p.a. Coupon amounts will be US\$266.88 for the US \$10,000 denomination and US \$6,671.88 for the US \$250,000 denomination, and will be payable on 30th October, 1992 against surrender of Crup in No. 14.

Bankers Trust Company, London Agent Ber

BABRE VII INTERNATIONAL LIMITED US\$50,000,000 Notes Due 1991

For the 6 months period 29th April, 1992 to 29th October, 1992 the Notes bear the interest rate at 4.50%. US\$22,875 will be payable from 29th October, 1992 per US\$1,000,000 principal smount of Notes.

Yamerichi International (Europe) Limbed, Agent Bank

Espirito Santo Financial Holding S.A. U.S. \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1996

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the six month period ending 30th October, 1992 has been fixed at 5.3125% per annum. The interest accruing for such six month period will be U.S. \$2,700.52 per U.S. \$100,000 Note against presentation of Coupon Number 3.

Union Bank of Swimerland London Branch Agent Bank

28th April, 1**99**2





THE KANSAI ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY. INCORPORATED

Japanese Yen 40,000,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1992

For the period 30th April, 1992 to 30th October, 1992

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 5.45 per cent. per annum, and that the interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 30th October, 1992 against Coupon No 10 will be ¥272,500 per ¥10,000,000 Note.

The Industrial Bank of Japan, Limited Agent Bank

FIDELITY FEDERAL

Collateralized Floating Rate

Interest Rate

Interest Period 30th April 1992 31st July 1992 Interest Amount per

U.S. \$100,000 Note due 31st July 1992 Credit Suisse First Boston Limited

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due November 27, 2035 Subordinated Floating Kate Notes Due November 27, 2035 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5% in respect of the Original Notes and 5.0875% in respect of the Enhancement Notes, and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date May 29, 1992 against Coupon No. 78 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$40.28 in respect of the Enhancement Notes.

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due October 25, 2005
Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 5% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest payment Date May 29, 1992 against Coupon No. 79 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$40.28.

Sabordinated Floating Rate Notes Due January 30, 1998 Notice is hereby given that the Rate-of Interest has been fixed at 5% and that the interest payable on the relevant interest payable on the relevant interest Payment Date May 29, 1992 against Coupon No. 76 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Nates will be US\$40.28.

CALL TO STATE

MATIONAL

18 6 3

U.S. \$100,000,000

Notes Due 1992

4.25% per annum

U.S. \$1,086.11

CITICORP

U.S. \$350,000,000

U.S. \$500,000,000

April 30, 7992 By: Cribanic N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

U.S. \$500,000,000

INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

Good institutional response to £2.5bn gilt auction | New market in

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THE Bank of England comfortably sold \$2.5bn longdated government bonds yes-terday, drawing a good response from UK institutions

GOVERNMENT BONDS

to the first auction in the £33bn funding programme expected this fiscal year. The market reacted posftively to the results of the auction, with dealers relieved the

heavy funding programme had started well. Bids for the 8% per cent bonds maturing 2017 covered the stock available by The results showed a consen-

sus among investors on the correct pricing for the new issus. The lowest price accepted by the Bank of England was 97%, where the vield is 9.02 per cent. Around 19 per cent of the issue was sold at this low level. The highest hid was 97%, for a yield of 9.01 per cent.

The difference between the yield on the highest hid and the average yield was zero, indicating that the Bank did not have to accept low-price bids to sell all the bonds.

Following the announcement of the auction results, the gilt futures contract on Liffe, the London futures exchange, rose sharply from an opening level of 98.17 to 99.04. Traders said the rally was exaggerated by dealers covering positions taken ahead of the auction.

However, in the afternoon prices settled. By the close the contract stood at 98.20. Trading volume was a heavy 58,000 contracts. The 9 per cent gilt maturing 2011 closed unchanged on the day at 994. for a yield of 9.02 per cent.

Most of the new stock was
taken by UK institutional investors, such as pension funds and life insurance companies, with very long dated

habilities. The issue creates a liquid benchmark at the long end of the gilts market, where liquidity was relatively poor. Market-makers also reported

some buying from overseas investors, umusual for such a long-dated issue. Coupon payments on the bonds are exempt from with-holding tax for overseas resi-

dents, a feature designed to

attract international investors

into the bonds. Analysts said the govern-ment has now raised 27bn since the Conservative election

■ GERMAN government bonds traded lower yesterday in a lack lustre day which saw low trading volume and little hard data to lead the market.

The benchmark 8 per cent Unity bond closed on a yield of 7.99 per cent, having finished on Tuesday 7.96 per cent. On Liffe, the London futures

exchange, the June bund futures contract closed at 87.21 from an opening level of 87.40 and a close of 87.35 on Tuesday. The contract moved within a narrow range, in listless trading. Volume was a aluggish 30,000 contracts - around half the trading activity seen on Monday and Tues-

The state of Hesse released consumer price inflation data which showed a 0.3 per cent increase in prices in the month to mid-April, for a year-on-year rate of 4.5 per cent. The figure was in line with expectation and, following similar data from the states of Baden Wuertemberg and North Rhine-Westphalia, suggests consumer prices in western Germany rose by 0.3 per cent in the period, for an annual rate of 4.5

THE Italian government bond market easily absorbed L5.000hm 10-year fixed rate government bonds yesterday, although demand from interna-tional investors was tempered by the political uncertainties facing the country.

Bond prices were buoyant on the day, with the benchmark 10-year fixed rate bond (BTP) maturing January 2002 traded at 98.35 in late afternoon, up from 98.27 at Tuesday's close. The new paper was sold at an average price of 99.25, for a yield net of withholding tax of 10.86 per cent. At the January auction, new 10-year paper was

sold at an average price of 98.60, for a net yield of 10.97 per cent. The new bonds are immediately deliverable into the Liffe bond futures contract, which makes them attractive for international portfolio investors. However, dealers in London said international buying was less than expected fol-lowing the resignation of Mr Francesco Cossiga, president.

bounced higher yesterday afternoon following news of a smaller-than-expected quarterly refunding package, but bonds were unable to hang onto their gains and ended the day broadly lower.

WUS Treasuries prices briefly

In late trading, the Treasury's beliwether 30-year bond was off & at 99%, yielding 8.06 per cent. The two-year note was down % to yield 5.43 per

BENCHMARK GOVERNMENT BONDS
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London closing, "New York ofesing
1 Gross (Socialing withholding sux at 12.5 per cent psychic by non-residents.)
Prices: US, UK in 3bnds, others on decimal Technical Densit 7LAS Price Sources

The Federal Reserve refrained from operating in the open market yesterday morning. The lack of intervention was expected, with Fed Funds trading at 31 per cent, slightly below the Fed's perceived tar-

get of 3% per cent. The market was surprised by the size of the refunding package, which at \$36bn was at the low end of expectations and triggered some short-covering. The package is made up of

10-year notes and \$10bn in 291/a year bonds. The Treasury also decided to

re-open the 8 per cent long There was little reaction to

the morning's release of personal income and spending fig-ures for March. Personal income rose 0.6 per cent in the month on a seasonally adjusted basis, while February's increase was revised to 1 per cent from a previous esti-

Ecu-denominated equities considered

By Richard Waters

THE outline of a possible new market in Ecu-denominated equities was sketched yesterday by a senior figure from the London Stock Exchange, the first time such a possibility has been raised publicly by the exchange which already dominates cross-border share deal-

ing in Europe. The market would involve the creation of "European Depositary Receipts," similar in many ways to American

Depository Receipts. Shares in leading European companies would be placed with depository banks and reissued in Ecu form.

Speaking at a conference in London on the implications of a single European currency, Mr Martin Hall, who is head of public policy at the exchange, said that the advantages of such a market would be con-

These included "seamless trading in all the major European stocks; easy 'basket trad-

ing', on the basis of a single 'basket EDR' enabling Japanese or US investors to buy Europe' in a single transaction; [and] the creation of readily workable European indices and derivative products". Novelty, and the difficulty of

attracting enough investors to the market, were the main obstacles to the idea, said Mr Hall, adding that the development of such a market was unlikely until the ontcome of planned monetary union in the EC became clearer.

investors generally react positively in principle to the idea of a single, Ecu-denominated share market.

Mr Mike Payne, head of international equity investment at Legal & General, the UK insurance company, said yesterday: "What's annoying about European investment is that you have to deal with so many currencies."

However, the Ecu has yet to develop a strong enough backing to make it an attractive currency for investors.

French 20-year offering makes impressive debut

By Tracy Corrigen

CAISSE Autonome de Refinancement, the French government-owned agency, made an impressive debut in the Eurobond market yesterday, when its FFr2.5on offering

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

of 20-year bonds, the longest maturity tested in the sector, was heavily over-subscribed.

The deal, arranged by Paribas, successfully tapped both domestic and international demand, in an area of the yield . curve which had previously received little attention. Although the French government issues 30-year debt, outside the government bond market the longest duration available prior to the CAR deal was 15 years in the domestic market and 13 years in the Eurobond murket

Dealers reported strong demand from both domestic and international institutional investors, particularly insurance companies, which like to match assets to long-dated liabilities.

The deal had been marketed ahead of launch to international investors, many of whom were not familiar with the borrower. The CAR is owned by the Caisse des Depôts et des Consignations (CDC), the French governmentowned bank. CAR refinances loans, mainly governmentguaranteed, granted by CDC for public housing projects.

The deal was not swapped, since the borrower was keen to lock in fixed-rate funding. The size of the issue is likely to be increased in the

future by fungible tranches. . The yield curve in the French bond market is virtually flat from 10 to 30 years, but the long-dated paper com-manded some rarity value, and the launch spread of 45 besis points above the 20-year French government bond yield was considered attractive.

Although there is no paper of comparable maturity, debt issued by government-owned borrowers such as Société Nationale des Chemins de Per Français, the national railway and Electricité de France, the electricity utility, trades at 35 basis points to 40 basis points over the 10-year area of yield

above its fixed price reoffer of 37,75 In the sterling sector, the Republic of Finland added £150m of bonds to an existing

The deal closed at 97.95 bid,

| Came |

Last Dealings
 Last Declarations
 For settlement

£200m issue due 1998, which was quoted at a premium to its par value. The fixed re-offer price of 102% for the new bonds detered some investors, who do not like to buy bonds priced above par. Some dealers aid it would have been preferable to add to a more recent

£250m issue due 1997, which

with existing 2200m deal. Total feet undied C6350m deal, Feet undiedlosed, et Callaba

tighter spread. However, lead manager Bar-

ing Brothers said the 1997 issue, launched in February, was not sufficiently seasoned, adding that the spreads of both deals had been taken into account for the pricing of the new bonds, which yield 23

was trading below par and at a basis points more than the comparable gilt, and offer a pick-up over both outstanding deals.

The deal, which was structured as a block trade, widened to 28 basis points when the gilts market rallied after the 25-year auction, but tightened when the glits market fell

NEW INTERNATIONAL BOND ISSUES

Borrower	Amount in.	Coupon %	Price	Motority	Fees	Book ranner
Republic of Finland(b)†	150	10.375	102.50	1986	-/10bp	Baring Bros.
ECIJs AB Spinlab(c)†	50	9	100	1999	(c)	IBJ Intt.
CAMADIAN DOLLAND Deut.Bk.Pin.Neth.Ant.(d)†	50	9.375	101,17	1996	(d)	DBCM
FRENCH FRANC Calsee Auto.de Refinance(a)†	2.5bn	9	97.75	3012	0.50	Peribas Cap Mkts.
ESCUDIOS Buropeen (my. Blc.(e)†	15bn	10.4	101.125	1999	1,625/1.12	25 Deut Blude Investimento
##Private placement, #ConvertR	sie. With eac	ity werrants.	#Floating	rate note.	(Final terr	ns. a) Non-cellable. b) Fungible

Reuters launches foreign exchange dealing system

By Richard Waters

siderable.

REUTERS' long-awaited foreign exchange dealing system, Dealing 2000-2, was finally launched yesterday, although with fewer banks ready to participate than had been olanned.

The UK-based information group said yesterday that 18 banks were ready to use terminals in 22 sites in London and New York. Coming after a lengthy development process and a hefty, though undisclosed, investment, the launch puts Reuters ahead of two rival groups which plan to launch similar products in the coming months.

One bank using the system said yesterday it had experienced no problems, and had completed a number of transactions. "It's going well. We're trading on it." a dealer said.

LIFFE EQUITY OPTIONS

not ready for yesterday's launch. The IRA bomb that devastated the St Mary Axe area of the City of London this month has prevented some hanks from joining the system at the beginning, while delays in installing lines to some US banks had also kept others away. Also, a dealer in one London dealing room said his bank had been unable to start trading since internal technical developments had not been

Reuters said, though, that the 18 banks ready on day one represented a successful launch. "The more people who are using it, the better it will be. But we wouldn't have launched it if we didn't think there were enough banks

ready," a spokesman said. The system initially allows banks to trade three currencles against the \$ - D-Marks, ster-

MARKET STATISTICS

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EC regulations could halt Lloyds bid

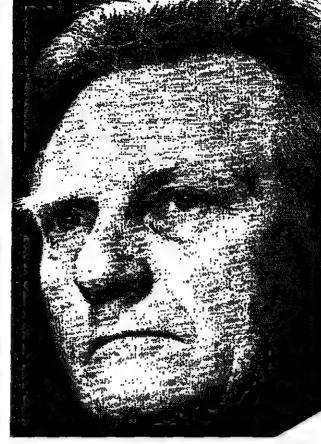
buy Midland could founder in a matter of a few weeks, depending on the outcome of an arcane calculation on the magnitude of another bank's UK assets which has to be made by the European Community competition directorate, DG4, in Brussels

Lloyds has set the pre-condi-tion that its £3.6bn offer terms will only be available to Midland's shareholders if both its bid and Hongkong and Shanghai's rival bid for Midland are referred to the Monopolies and Mergers Commission in the

In order for this to happen, DG4 has to surrender jurisdiction for judging the competition issues raised by Hongkong Bank's bid. It has to decide that the questions should be examined by the UK competition authorities, the Office of Fair Trading and the Department of Trade and Industry. Thereafter, the DTI would have to decide whether to refer the bid to the MMC.

Under the EC Merger Regulation, the relatively new legislative framework for EC competition policy, the question of whether DG4 or a member country's authority has jurisdiction is decided by a number of tests. In the case of the Hongkong Bank bld. the key condition relates to the percentage of its assets which are

An individual EC country's competition authority automatically has jurisdiction over



based Schroder Münchmeyer have to be negotiated. Then,

operations.

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over bid if more than two thirds of the companies' combined EC turnover is in that country. In the case of banks, which do not have sales or

Michael Heseltine: would make next referral decision turnover in a conventional

sense, the two thirds yardstick relates to assets. The bulk of a typical bank's assets are loans. If two thirds

Hongkong Bank are to customers in the UK, then the Hongkong Bank bid would fall under OFT and DTI jurisdic-

It is probable that more than two thirds of Midland Bank's loans are to UK customers. However, the issue in the case of Hongkong Bank is more problematic.

When it announced its Midland bid, it published a geographical analysis of assets, showing that £14.4bn were in the UK and £604m in continental Europe.

This would appear to be prima facie evidence that the DTI has jurisdiction over this bid. However, Hongkong Bank's asset figures are misleading.

They are believed to relate to the origin of the assets. In other words, they show that £14.4bn was lent by its UK operations. It is not the origin of the loans which matters, under the merger regulation but it is the destination which

It is not clear whether that £14.4bn was lent to UK customversy over the definition of a

Much of the £14.4bn will have been lent to other banks in the London interbank market. If the funds were lent to the UK branch of a foreign bank, it is unclear in the merger regulation whether the loan counts as a UK loan or a foreign loan.

DG4 is at this moment trying

with Birmingham where it

found many of its most loyal

industrial account holders. Mr

Edwin Green, the Midland



establish the destination of Hongkong Bank's assets. In the coming month it will make a decision about whether it has jurisdiction on this basis.

Lloyds is particularly anx-lous because it does not believe has any right to scrutinise the figures supplied by Hong-kong Bank to DG4.

It may have to rely on the DTI to vet the figures. DTI officials made it clear that they would take care in checking DG4's work. They dislike surrendering authority to Brussels unless they have to.

But even if, in the coming weeks. DG4 does surrender jurisdiction to London, Lloyds by no means home and dry. It would then have to persuade Mr Michael Heseltine, the new President of the Board of Trade, that there were grounds for making a reference of the Hongkong bld to the MMC. That would probably be an even tougher challenge.

Robert Peston

Sale of many branches likely to be difficult

THE PROPOSED merger would result in the closure of 800 to 1,000 branches over the next four years, according to Lloyds.

Chartered surveyors believe that the clearing bank might not find it easy to shed so many branches at a time of weak demand, although the disposal programme is unlikely to make a significant impact on the market for high street property. Well-located branches would attract good

demand, said Mr Chris Peacock of Jones Lang Wootton, the chartered surveyor. "However, if the more poorly located secondary and tertiary buildings were offered, there would need to be an upturn in the market in order to implement a successful disposal programme." In the past year, however, Midland has had no difficulties in disposing of 20 or so branches in

east, according to its advisers. "They tend to be prominent sites in the heart of a small community," said one surveyor. Disposing of bank branches poses particular

secondary and tertiary positions in the south-

They tend to be housed in substantial stone buildings with few windows - in short, the kind of buildings which need extensive conversion work to render them suitable for retailers.

The style and the position of the buildings often lend themselves to fast food outlets, pubs

and restaurants, although obtaining planning permission for this change of use can sometimes be difficult. In the past, building societies have been a strong source of demand for unwanted bank

unwilling to sell their leases to a direct competi-However, after rapid expansion during the 1980s, building societies have been retrenching. The backlog of demand from the building societies is not there," according to Mr Richard

branches, although banks were sometimes

Chinnocks, the property adviser.

The closures are likely to make the greatest impact in the Midlands and South Wales, areas where both banks have a large number of

Smith, retail director at Debenhams Tewson &

However, high streets in these areas have been relatively robust at a time when some parts of the country are struggling badly as a result of surplus space, increased business rates and depressed demand.

According to Hillier Parker, the chartered surveyor, retail rents fell by 2.2 per cent in Wales and by 1.1 to 2.2 per cent in the Midlands in the vear to February

The proposed bid highlights the large amount of potentially surplus property owned by banks. Lloyds maintains that the same number of branches will be closed even if the banks remain independent.

Mr Brian Pitman, its chief executive, believes that half the 20,000 bank and building society branches across the UK will close over the next Over the past three years, Lloyds has closed

and merged 400 branches, reducing its total to 1,900, while Midland has closed 180 branches reducing its total to 1.830. Banks have been acutely aware of the need to



Between 800 and 1,000 Midland branches

improve their property management, as their premises account for a significant proportion of their assets. At the end of 1991, the net book value of Midland's property was 21.1bn with a shortfall between the book and market value of 2226m. At the end of 1990, Lloyds' premises were valued at £1.2bn.

The prospect of several thousand buildings seeking new occupants over the course of the decade raises broader issues about the state of the high street. The growth of out-of-town stores during the 1980s led to concern that high streets were being undermined.

However, these fears have tended to subside as high streets have held their own against shopping centres in a difficult letting market. The death of the high street is greatly exaggerated," says Mr Harold Couch of Hillier Parker. Vacancy rates in high streets are relatively low at less than 5 per cent, according to Mr

High street rents have fallen by about 4 per cent in each of the last two years.

The banks may experience greater problems in disposing of their London office properties, in a market that is suffering from severe over-supply and poor demand. Both Lloyds and Midland own 19 City properties, according to Applied Property Research, an independent research

"In the oversupplied central London market, a rationalisation programme involving the administrative and headquarters office buildings could prove to be problematical, at least in the short term," said Mr Peacock. "However the well located branch offices in established retail pitches will attract considerable interest

"This will be a further test of the banks' ingenuity in coping with surplus space at a time when they have already found extreme diffi-culty in disposing of such buildings," said Mr Good Marsh of APR.

Vanessa Houlder

Both banks have their roots in Birmingham Midland still has strong ties there was not the split between bank has been one of the city's

BOTH LLOYDS and Midland have their roots firmly embedded in the industrial heritage of Birmingham and both played important roles in the industrial development of the Midlands.

Mr Carl Chinn, community historian at Birmingham University, argued that Lloyds rather than Midland had the strongest historical identity in the City: "I doubt if most people would know that the Midland started here but children are taught about the Lloyd family at school and know about the beginnings of Lloyds In 1765, Mr Sampson Lloyd.

the Welsh Quaker fron master. together with Mr John Taylor.

Germany's leading investment

banks are owned by Lloyds

Bank and Midland Bank, so

discreetly is the arms length

relationship conducted on both

Midland owns 80 per cent of

Trinkaus & Burkhardt, the

Düsseldorf bank which speci-

alises in innovative securities

dealing, while Lloyds has more

than 75 per cent of Frankfurt-

a button-maker, founded Tayiors and Lloyds bank, the forerunner of Lloyds, in Birmingham, and started a Midlands tradition of banks working closely with the early industri-

Mr Chinn said: "People think of Birmingham as an industrial community which it is, but the industry could not have survived without the provision of capital. Birmingham was a great banking centre and local people put up the money to make it happen.' Only later, he said, did the

image of northern industrialists divorced from City bankers develop as London became established as the centre of banking. "In the early 1800s Parliament in 1826.

Hengst which concentrates on

institutional stockbroking and

What will happen to them if

merger between the UK

At this stage, the future of the German banks must bave

a low priority for their

First of all, the legal com-

plexities of any merger would

fund management.

banks goes through?

industry and capital that there is today," he said. Midland was founded in 1836

by Mr Charles Geach, a former Bank of England employee who opened the first headquarters in Union Street, Birmingham. Mr Geach once rode through rioters to get help from the military when Birmingham's financial district was threatened by them.

The big difference between Midiand and Lioyds was that Lloyds was for many years a family partnership whereas Midland was a company owned by shareholders from the start. Joint stock banks, as they were then called, were allowed by

the initial concentration if a

deal took place would be on

sorting out the British

Both Trinkaus and SMH are

profitable and have high repu-tations, so no immediate action

would be necessary in Ger-

UK bank would have to con-

sider whether it needed two

Bank archivist said: "It is remarkable that two of the largest clearing banks originated in Birmingham. There was a close relationship and it continued in our case. Our customers were often our shareholders as well and it meant there was a long loyalty from

the 1830s onwards." Though Birmingham retains its importance to the Midland, Sheffleid is now its most important administrative centre. Since moving many of its head office functions to Sheffield about 20 years ago the

private German banks, how-

This raises the question of

sale or merger. Trinkaus is a

quoted company, so its sale

would conceivably be easier.

There have been market

rumours in the past that Mid-

land might be forced to sell the

bank, but it has asserted that it

intends to keep Trinkaus.

Lloyds, for its part, has sold off

some of its smaller foreign

ever successful.

Many of the Sheffield staff are now uncertain about their

biggest private employers.

Some 2,000 staff work at Grif-

fin House, Sheffield, which

houses the banks's marketing

operations, information tech-

nology, mortgage processing,

financial services and a num-

har of international operations.

futures after Lloyds' stated commitment to streamline administrative operations if it is successful in its takeover plans. A large proportion of staff have cheap mortgages which would be increased to normal interest rates if they were to be made redundant.

since their operations comple-

ment each other rather than

overlap. This then raises the question of style and

personal chemistry and again is something Lloyde

address at the start of any

something Lloyds and Midland would certainly not

Richard Donkin

Banks' German subsidiaries face an uncertain future if the merger goes through

operations, but has hung on to At present, the German banks are clearly happy with Alternatively, the German banks could merge, especially

the policy of non-interference followed by their UK owners. "We do not have griffins (the Midland emblem) stamped all over us", said Mr Herbert Jacobi, Trinkaus's senior part-

Before Midland came on the scene in 1980, Trinkaus was owned by Cidbank of the US, which had tended to neglect

securities dealing in favour of management to help it culti-commercial business. Since vate its identity as a specifithen, it has developed its strength as an innovator on the capital markets and is also active in commercial banking and asset management

Lloyds rescued SMH after it nearly collapsed in the early 1980s over a lending scandal. Three years ago, it sold about 5. per cent of its holding to the German bank's partners and

vate its identity as a specifically German private bank

A month ago, SMH, which concentrates on institutional stockbroking and fund management, announced its first capital-raising exercise in eight years with a planned rise in equity capital of DM40m to DM180m (£61.2m).

Andrew Fisher

Reorganisation costs help push Wharfedale to losses of £1.3m

By Michlyo Nakamoto

WHARFEDALE, the loudspeaker manufacturer, fell into losses in the six months to

The Leeds-based company. which is being reorganised under a new chairman and chief executive, reported a pretax deficit of £1.34m compared with a profit of £106,000 last

The outcome was struck after an exceptional charge of £443,000 covering reorganisation and other costs. There was also an extraordinary charge of £366,000 relating to the writeoff of its investment earlier this year in Finewood, a loudspeaker cabinet maker, and the closure of its Germany subsid-

Turnover for the period fell

kets in the UK, where it has 40 per cent of turnover, and

Losses loss per share were 8p compared with earnings 0.2p and there is again no dividend. The last distribution to shareholders was in 1988.

Mr Pieter Totte, who took over as chief executive in January, said that the reorgan sation programme was going according to plan, operatio nal performance had improved and that the company was on the way to recovery.

Wharfedale was also preparing to make a sizeable acquisition in the hi-fi industry

company faced difficult mar. The company has already reduced the workforce by 30 per cent and cut £880,000 of

> Wharfedale would got indicate what its borrowings were but said it hoped to reduce gearing by bringing debtors and stock levels

Mr Totte Indicated that the company was now ready to make acquisitions in order to attain the critical mass necessary to fund R&D expendi-Even excluding the large

Japanese manufacturers, there are about 20 smaller players in the UK with turnover of between £5m and £15m. "We want to take the frag-

Yorkshire Electric invests in new-tech phone service

By Hugo Dixon

YORKSHIRE Electric, the privatised regional electricity group, is one of several new investors in Ionica, a private company planning a new national telephone service.

lonica aims to provide a service by putting telephone aerials on roofs and linking them to the exchange by radio. it hopes to undercut the traditional wire-line service provided by BT, the UK's largest telecommunications

Mr Nigel Playford, Ionica's managing director, said the equity supplied by new investors was a "significant" step in the company's establishment, but refused to say how much

that it had taken a "modest"

Other Investors include Ivory & Sime and Robert Fleming Investment Trust, the financial institutions, and investors introduced by Fox-Pitt, Kelton, the Anglo-American banking

Mr Playford said Yorkshire Electric would co-operate in setting up Ionica's service as well as providing funds.

Mr Playford said he expected to announce a second "indus-trial" partner in about two months, and that there would be further rounds of financing Ionica has also been talking to Mercury Communications, BT's main rival, about linking up with Mercury's long-distance network.

\$5m deficit

Sotheby's Holdings, the auction house which is con-trolled by the Detroit-based

am year.

were up by over 35 per cent.

INGHAM, the wool textile

spinner, announced a reduction, from £223,000 to £152,000, in pre-tax losses for 1991 on turnover down from £5.11m to Losses per share amounted

to 4.7p against 6.1p, but the final dividend of 2p maintains the total at 3p. Accompanying

announcement were details of the acquisition of Eborgate for £949,000, which will be satisfied by the issue of up to 998,947

Sotheby's incurs Ingham in £3m cash call 22.8m net via a 1-for-1 rights issue, also at 95p a share. Proceeds of the issue, fully

> and to provide funds for further acquisitions. ingham has forecast total dividends of 4.75p on the

> underwritten by Singer & Friedlander, will be used to

strengthen the balance sheet

enlarged capital. Mr Nicholas McMahon Turner, appointed chief executive in February, is also chief executive of and a substantial

shareholder in Eborgate. Together with members of his family he holds 43 per cent

A Quantum leap by CMB in the next three months, he with a ring-pull fluted can Ionica has already received had been raised. The main priorities of the Yorkshire was similarly mentation out of this market telecommunications and radio by assuming critical mass of about £40m in turnover." he reorganisation were to concencircumspect, saying simply licences from the government trate on the core businesses, By John Thornhil to £4.75m from £6.72m as the cut costs and reduce gearing.

Greycoat loan lifts shares 13%

By Richard Waters THE SHARE price of Greycoat. the UK property group, leapt 13 per cent yesterday as it was confirmed that the £126m refinancing of Embankment Place, the group's 345,000 sq ft property in London, had finally

Greycoat had attempted to refinance the development, which was started five years ago, at the beginning of this

However, its attempts to

interest investors in a deep-discounted bond issue at that time were unsuccessful. The company announced vesterday that it had now completed a £125.8m, seven-vear

syndicated loan involving a

total of nine banks. The deal, which gives the company an option to extend the loan to 10 years in all. should carry the group over until London property prices are next on a rising trend, maintained Mr Richard Guignard, managing director of

Greycoat has swapped the floating rate money provided by the banks into fixed-rate finance, at a rate of 11.2 per

That implies a margin of about 1.5 per cent over the banks' cost of funds - about about our ability to refinance and retain these major builddouble the margin paid by Greycoat on the initial financing for the development, and a reflection of the bank's lack of appetite for greater exposure to bond issue matures, he said.

the UK property sector. Mr Guignard said that the loan had been completed without Greycoat being forced to accept more onerous covenants

than had existed on the previous financing, an important consideration for the equity market, which has

taken fright at property compa-Greycoat's shares gained 7p to 61p yesterday, having risen from a floor of 33p as recently

as April 13. "The market was concerned ings," said Mr Guignard. The company has no other sizeable refinancings to complete until 1995, when a £50m zero coupon

MFI summer reflotation details expected today

By Maggie Urry

MFI is expected to announce today that it is going ahead with its reflotation this sum-

The kitchen and bedroom

furniture retailer's shareholders met yesterday to discuss proposals for the float. The group, which was the subject of a £718m management buy-out from Asda, the supermarket group, in 1987,

has fought off recession and a

£500m debt burden to return to the stock market. Analysts are forecasting that it will make trading profits of £65m to £70m for the year which ends this month MFI reported a rise in trading profits to £25m (£20.6m) at the

It said that January sales were buoyant and trading was-On that basis the group

could be valued at more than £750m in the flotation. The issue will raise cash to pay off most of the debt as well as providing some return for existing shareholders.

Asda retains a 25 per cent stake in MFI, which it carries at nil in its books, and has some convertible loan stock, acquired when MFI had a refinancing in 1989, which it wrote down to £2m in its balance

MFI appointed advisers for the float in February. County NatWest is the merchant bank. and Smith New Court Corporate Finance and Rowe & Pitman are the brokers.

Taubman family but still quoted in London and New York, made a \$5.2m (£2.93m) loss in the first quarter of

Auction sales in the first

three months of 1992 were \$141.4m, slightly higher than the \$123.4m seen in the previ-

The company claimed that the increase was "consistent with an improving art market", and that pre-tax earnings

new shares of 95p each. Further consideration may be pay-Ingham is to raise about of Eborgate's ordinary shares.

THE DAYS of the can opener may be numbered. CMB, the Franco-British packaging group which makes about half of the 6bn food cans manufactured in the UK each year, is launching a new prod-uct with a radically different

It claims this is the most significant development in can technology since the invention of the two-piece can some 20 years ago. Mr Francisco Serrano, the marketing manager responsi-

ble for launching the can, said

fluted body and a ring-pull end.

CMB was close to finalising a deal with a big consumer products company and expected it to appear on supermarket shelves by the late summer. The Quantum can, as it is known, has a vertically-fluted shell which gives it a distinctive appearance and greater

strength enabling the use of The new can's wall



0.17mm thick compared with the 0.21mm in existing straight-walled cans.

The can is likely, however, to cost more than the conventional product because of the ring-pull end which tears away completely. The company believes the extra cost means it

will initially be used only for premium products. But the smooth texture of the can allows direct printing onto the metal, dispensing with the need for a wraparound printed label Steel cans were first produced 180 years ago to preserve food for military forces. In those days cans were manufactured at the rate of six an hour. Modern production lines turn them out at a rate of 500 to 1,000 a minute.

CMB says its new product can be used on existing filling lines with only minor modifications. Its launch follows a three-year development programme at CMB Foodcan's research facility at Wantage, Oxfordshire.

In market research studies. CMB found the can was preferred by more than 80 per cent of shoppers. But whether consumers with arthritis will be so appreciative of the "easy-toopen" ring-pulls remains a

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Travis Perkins declines to £14m

By Andrew Taylor, Construction Correspondent

INCREASED property sales failed to prevent pre-tax profits falling by almost a third from Travis Perkins, the UK's fifth bullders merchants... largest builders merchants.
The group, which derives 70 ner cent of sales from house construction, repair, maintenance and improvements, the deep med the decline on the deep issued the decline on the deep recession in residential and commercial property markets.

M. Fony Travis, chairman, warned that this year was likely to be just as difficult. He have yet have not seen any improgramment in output and we have the seen and we have the seen and the any transfer in output and we recommend to make every floating to make every floating the transfer by volume during the first three months of this year nist three months of this year had fallen by nearly 2 per cent over a very depressed first quarter last year. Net margins had fallen by about 1 per cent during the first three months. Group sales for 1991 fell by 11 per cent from £348m to £310m. Mr Travis said that the



Tony Travis: expects this year to be just as difficult

from property sales from £3.4m Earnings fell to 10.8p (13.8p) ust covering a maintained divklend of 8p after a same again final dividend of 5.5p.

. The number of workers a 70 per cent increase in profits employed by the company was

the group would expect in a O COMMENT Travis Perkins can find no evi-

about three times higher than

dence of a recovery in Britain's depressed construction sector. Sales and margins remain under pressure despite reports that UK house sales may be starting to pick up after the election. According to Mr Travis it can take up to six months for an improvement in the housing market to work through to increased sales at builders merchants. It will be sometime after that before prices recover. It therefore looks like being another tough year for the company along with other British building material producers and suppliers. Travis, in its favour, has a strong balance sheet, with net debt currently under 5 per cent

profits this year, assuming lower property sales, could be around £14m which would put the group on prospective p/e of more than 20. Too expensive to merit a buy but worth holding for its strong defensive quali

of shareholders' funds. Pre-tax

was suspended last week. Before the market watchdog stopped the bid, analysts in Madrid had almost unanimously welcomed it.

Capita Group acquires ED&M

Capita Group, the UK's largest provider of management ser-vices to the public sector, has acquired Estate Design & Management for an initial £1m in shares and cash and a deferred profit-related payment of up to

Bibby's bid Policing problems ahead over for Spanish monopoly disallowed

By Peter Bruce in Madrid

THE SPANISH stock market commission yesterday disallowed a \$133m (£75.1m) bid by J Bibby for control of Finan-zauto, the country's monopoly Caterpillar distributor. The bid will have to be resubmit-

ted in mid-May. The commission said Bibby, the industrial and agricultural conglomerate which is 79 per cent owned by the South African Barlow Rand group, had not presented proof that its shareholders supported the bid. The UK group will have to call a shareholders' meeting to confirm their support. Bibby's advisers, Baring Brothers, said yesterday that the meeting would take place on May 14. Meanwhile, the commission

said trading in Finanzauto, which has rejected the Pta 1,300 (705p) a share offer as too low, would resume on May 4. It seems likely that the share price will rise sharply from the Pta 1,075 at which it

criticised for being brief and uninformative as a result.

quality of the distilled essence

The operating and financial review for company accounts should be popular, writes Andrew Jack

HE WIDESPREAD welcome for the operating and financial review proposed yesterday by the Accounting Standards Board is likely to be matched only by the problems of effective

The review is designed to extract and boll down the details of accounts and present them in a way that is easy to understand

Indeed, for lay readers, it may well replace the accounts themselves as the main point

It will appeal to many preparers of accounts for at least two reasons.

First, while it places great emphasis on presenting a balanced, detailed commentary on a company, it is deliberately vague in specifying exactly what information will be required.

Second, it is not legally enforceable. Mr David Tweedie, chairman of the ASB, says the board would have preferred the review to be an accounting standard which could be policed by its financial reporting review panel. But because it is not part of the accounts and goes far beyond existing accounting practice, it has had

to settle for a voluntary statement instead. Both points place the review In stark contrast to its equivalents in the US and Canada, where the so-called "management discussion and analysis" is a mandatory part of the annual report, and has been

Mr Nigel Stapleton, chairtee of the Hundred Group of leading companies' finance directors, says: "We are certainly more positive than nega-tive about the review. We want something that is interesting, readable and relevant, not turbid, mechanistic and useless."

The board is relying on the power of moral suasion to put the review into practice. It hopes that bodies such as the Stock Exchange, the Confeder-ation of British Industry and the Hundred Group will apply pressure on individual companies to embrace both the prin-

If it is widely adopted and consistently applied, it may, at some time in the future, fall within the realms of normal accounting practice, when it could be legally enforced.

ciple and the spirit of the

In the meantime, it could lobby for two possibilities. The Stock Exchange could insist on adoption of the review from quoted companies - in the same way that management discussion and analysis is required by the US Securitles and Exchange Commission.

lternatively, auditors could be required to verify the review, to ensure that it is accurate. If it contained a sentence saying that the text had been produced in line with the guidelines, auditors might be obliged to comment publicly if they disagreed or felt that it did not fairly reflect their own understanding of the company.

Failing that, the board must rely on a more gradual, voluntary adoption of the review, coupled with criticism from investors, analysts, journalists and other users of accounts to bring the laggards more in line with its principles.

The board has been cautious to build early support for the review, by showing early drafts to outside organisations, including the Hundred Group, before issuing the discussion document for wider consultation yesterday.

be stamp of these pre liminary talks with industry may explain much of the thrust of the document: it places more emphasis on companies looking back-wards to the last year, rather than forwards to its survival. It also leaves companies wide leeway to explain what they consider are the most important factors influencing their development, rather than any mandatory requirements of factors to be listed.

The scope of the review is still ambitious, however. A handful of companies - such as Cadbury Schweppes, BOC and Shell - already exhibit some of the points the review is trying to achieve. But even these statements have limitations, while the vast majority of reports fall far short of what will be required.

Only later in the autumn when the formally worded exposure draft appears, will users be able to judge how strict the final requirements of the statement are likely to be.

MCC liabilities exceeded assets by £763m

MAXWELL Communication Corporation's liabilities exceeded its assets by £763.5m at the end of last year, according to a letter sent yesterday to MCC's creditors by Price

fall in pre-tax profits would

have been even greater but for

The accountants, who are joint administrators of MCC under UK insolvency law foliowing the collapse of the busi-ness empire of the late Mr Robert Maxwell, will meet swaps contracts of £59.7m.

creditors on May 14 to discuss plans for selling the busi-

The letter's Statement of Affairs, drawn up by some of MCC's directors and sworn by Mr Basil Brookes, finance director, says that at December 20 MCC had liabilities of £1.49bn but assets of only £724.9m.

Liabilities included unsecured borrowings of £1.28bn and foreign exchange and

They also included a 252m liability for the deficit on the pension fund which was plundered by Mr Maxwell, together with the pension funds of his other companies, in an attempt to prop up his tottering private companies. However, the administrators have received

reduced last year by 18 per

cent to 3,429 as the company

moved to reduce costs in the face of declining sales.

Mr Travis said that bad debts

had increased as result of the

recession to 1.4 per cent (about £3.5m) of credit sales. This was

liability in this respect". The biggest part of the asset figure - 2873.5m - is the estimated sale value of MCC's subsidiaries. However, the letter

legal edvice that "MCC has no

emphasises that the adminis trators have not yet decided whether to sell the US publishing businesses, the largest of the subsidiaries, in one piece or broken up. Price Waterhouse will now

ask other directors for their sworn statements of concurrence with these figures, and confirmed last night that this will include Mr Kevin Maxwell. the late publisher's youngest son, formerly MCC's chief exec-

BSkyB near liquidation last year

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BRITISH Sky Broadcasting, the satellite television venture, came close to liquidation last

year, it was revealed yesterday. Mr Frank Barlow, chairman of the consortium, said the trouble came less than five months after the merger of British Satellite Broadcasting and Sky Television when Barclays

Bank turned down an application for a £200m project loan. Mr Barlow is also group managing director of Pearson, which owns the Financial Times and

has a significant stake in BSkyB. "Technically we (BSkyB) were insolvent. If we went on trading without further financing we while lieve been trading while insolvent and I could have gone to jail," Mr Barlow said yester-

day at a London lunch. Mr Barlow immediately flew to Tucson, Arizona where Mr Rupert Murdoch, chief executive of The News Corporation was staying at a bealth farm. News Corp has a 50 per cent stake

Mr Barlow said that over dinner he explained that unless Mr Murdoch could invest £100m he would seek the protection of the courts and that would have led to liquidation with vast debts. Rupert was very sympathetic, although obvi-

ously he thought I was trying to pull some plot to reduce his stake." The £200m was raised with Mr Murdoch putting up part of his £100m in Mr Barlow forecast that by middle 1993 the

venture would make profits after financing

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DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED										
	Gurrent payment	Date of payment	Corres - ponding dividend		Total last year					
Bank of Scotland fin Brixton Estate fin Brown (M) fin Hopkinsons fin Ingham fin Majedie Invs fin Scotlah Cities fin Int Travis Perkins fin Int	2.65 5.2 4.251 2.5 2 2.5 0.9 1.875 5.5	July 16 July 11 July 31 May 21 July 3 May 29 June 18 July 1	2.36° 4.55 4 2.5 2 2.5 0.9 1.76 5.5	4.351 6.1 6 3.7 3 - 2.75 8	4.06 7.1 5.85 3.7 3 9 2.9 2.525 8					

Dividende shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated.

Sedgwick joint venture with Czech insurer

Sedgwick Group, the UK insurance broker, has formed a joint venture with Ceska Polis-toyna, the Czech insurer and reinsurer whose privatisation will be completed next week.

Ceska Sedgwick Risk Services will sell risk management and broking services to domestic Czech businesses and companies seeking to invest in

Profitability is the base for strong, targeted growth.

Consolidated Financial Statements 1991:

Cash Flow	Sfr m	2434
Net Profit	Sfr m	980
Shareholders' Equity	Sfr m	8376
Return on Equity (ROE)		12.4%

CS Holding is one of the world's leading financial services groups. The following companies are brought together within its holding structure:

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Brixton **Estate**

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ANNUAL RESULTS 1991

WILLIAM WES		
	1991	1990
	£000's	£000's
Net Rental Income	50,699	43,319
Profit before Taxation	27.418	23,575
Earnings per share	12.64p	10.79p
Net Asset Value per share	226p .	246p
Value of Investment properties	£724m	£702m
■ 17.0% increase in net rer	rtal income.	
	fore toy	

16.3% increase in profit before tax.

17.1% increase in earnings per share.

8.0% decrease in net asset value per share. Final dividend of 5.20p per Ordinary Share proposed, making a total dividend for the year of

8.10p per share - an increase of 14.08%

nove rigures consource ar abridge in of the year's results. The full rits which will be posted to holders on 22nd May 1992 have no



Copies of the Preliminary Announcement may be obtained from the Registered Office of the Company, 22-24 By Place, London EC1N 6QT.

Multicurrency Promissory Note Programme

Benetton Finance N.V.

BEF 2,000,000,000

Guaranteed by Benetton Group S.p.A.

The undersigned acted as agent to Benetton Finance N.V. in this transaction.



Generale Bank

April 1992

COMPANY NEWS: UK

N Brown advances 12% to £15.7m

By John Thornhill

N BROWN, the Manchesterbased mail order group which specialises in womenswear, lifted annual pre-tax profits by 12 per cent as it began to bene-fit from a 220m investment in central warehonsing.

However, Sir David Alliance, chairman, said the past year had been the most challenging he could remember during his business career. Aithough cauwere running ahead of the previous 12 months.

In the year to February 29, pre-tax profits rose from £14m to £15.7m, struck after an exceptional charge of £939,000 relating to the closure of old warehouse sites and retraining of staff. Sales increased by 9 per cent to £152.6m (£140.2m). The three catalogues

launched last year contributed £5m to turnover. A further £3.3m in sales was added through the creation of Langley House, which sells speciality products through newspaper advertisements.

Odhams, the video and CD nail order group bought from the receivers, contributed £1.2m to sales in the three



Sir David Alliance: the most challenging year in memory

ns as opportunities arose.

The operating margin fell from 14.9 per cent to 14.4 per cent as the company absorbed higher marketing costs but is expected to firm again with the improved efficiencies from the

Dunlop Heywood, the poorlyperforming consultant prop-erty surveyors, opened an addi-

months it was included. Directors said they were aiming to make similar in-fill acquisiand helped improve the profit contribution from the financial and property services division from £100,000 to £400,000.

Following the inflow of \$16.5m cash from last May's rights issue, interest charges were reduced from £5.65m to £4.05m. Brown's shareholding in Coats Viyella earned rie5,000 (£205,000).

Earnings fell from 15.67p to 15.1p as the dilutive effects of a

Employee Share-Ownership Trust (Esot) took their toll. A recommended final divi-dend of 4.25p brings the total to 6p (5.65p).

E COMMENT

A pygmy in a world of mail order giants, N Brown is able to eke out a profitable existence by providing niche catalogues to narrow groups of shoppers. This is a hard task to get right but the company appears to have developed the concept to a fine art. Although it only accounts for 4 per cent of the total home shopping market it commands an apressive 21 per cent of the direct order sector and can now expect to benefit from further operational efficiencies from substantial investments in distribution and information systems. Pre-tax profits are expected to rise to about £19m this year putting the company on a prospective multiple of 16. Some analysts used the strength of this performance to return the company to their buy lists. That suggests the shares may be in for a bit of a run and are certainly worth tucking away when opportuni-

Brixton **Estate** ahead to £27.4m

RECESSION in its sector notwithstanding, Brixton Estate achieved a 16 per cent improvement in pre-tax profits to £27.4m in the year to 114

Am

December 31. The final dividend is lifted to a proposed 5.2p (4.55p) for a total of 8.1p (7.1p), a rise of 14

The pre-tax result, up from 223.6m, was struck after higher administration costs of g2.92m (£2.73m) and an advance in interest payable on developed properties of £20.8m (£17.5m). Net rental income increased to £50.7m (£43.3m).

At the year-end investment properties totalled £724m (£702m) and net assets were £373m, giving net asset value of 226p, down 8.1 per cent from the 1990 year end. By December 31 1991, gearing had grown from 66 per cent to almost 87 per cent.

Retained profits for the year came to £7.46m (£6.07m) and earnings worked through at 12.64p (10.79p) per share.

RMP

26

RAND MINES PROPERTIES



- 32 390

22 509

36 Jupo 1991

7 526

<u>567</u> 11 354

19 447

7 758 361

8 130

5 01X

Interim report and dividend announcement for the six months ended 31 March 1992

CONSOLIDATED INCOME	Sts mos	the ended		Year ended
	1992	Marria 1991	- Challeine	30 Sept. 1991
	1992 1990	R000	Canada	K000
		udsterj		Audius
Turnover	94 707	94 929		180 603
Operating profit:				
- Property	14 628	9 599	+ 62	16 633
- Gald recovery	(4275)	023		283
	10 353	0 522	-2	19 915
Interest - net received	3 431	6 360	- 46	11 342
Profit before talestron	13 784	16 872	- 18	31 257
Paxation	6 197	7 425	- 17	12 432
Profit siter tasadon	1 687	9 447	- 20	18 606
Attributable to outside				
shareholder in subsidiary	549	7		63
Attributable to stanenolders in Band Mines Properties				
Limited	7 038	9 440	- 25	19 762
Shares in issue (000's)	12 403	12 400		12 403
Earnings per share (osnor)	17	7.0	- 25	161
Dividenda per share (cons)	30	40		120
Dividend gover	1.9	1.9		1.3
Extraordinaty charge attributable to shareholders				
pot incluited above	34 858	_	-	-

The poor gold price in recent years has impacted adversely on th and slimes dams have become marginal to treet while others are unlikely t be treated in the foreseeable future.

In establishing the visibility of the sand dump and simes dam reserves regard has been given to the value of the underlying land for township development. The gold recovery operations now focus on the processing of these economically visible reserves and the release of land. Those reserves which do not fall into this category have at present been abandoned for processing purpose and will be reviewed on an ongoing basis.

As a result of the above the book value of the gold recovery plants at Crown Mines and City Deep has been written down by R53.3 million with affect from 1 October 1991 After the deduction of the relevant proportion of deferred taxation amounting to R18.6 million the net reduction of R34.7 million is reflected as an extraordinary charge as above.

Consolidated Balance Sheet		
	21 March	JI 5654
	1003	1991
	Unaudinal	Audited
Source of capital		
Share capital and reserves	118 500	149 841
Interest of outside shareholder in subsidiery	1532	983
Total stayetolders' inswest	120 032	150 824
Long-term loans	4 568	5 979
Deferred faration	10 005	29 047
	134 605	185 850
Employment of capital		
Potent author	B1 103	145 561
Property development, townships		
and muon residues	28 050	30 581
Investments	180	765
Current assets	80 778	67 426
Stocke and stores	4 300	4 620
Debroes	27/38H	9 480
Cash and gold on consignment.	19 094	53 126
Total essens	170 980	844 333
the control of the co		

meria no		
Mérves Weship	Met asset value per share (censs) Liabilities to equity ratio	

4. Capital expendits

Capital cor

5 Impain dividend

Crown and City plants

Contracted commutment

- Pilgrum's Rest plant - Other assets

955 0,34

31 Merch Uses

125

5 727

For each on belieff of the board

J. C. HALL C. G. STEYN DWGDEN

30 cents per share

15 May 1992

18 May 1992

18 June 1982

19 June 1993

By order of the board

per J W. GOATCHER

Rand Mutes (Mining & Services) Limited

An interim dividend of 30 cents [1991: 40 cents) per share has been declared in terms of the accompanying dividend nonce.

Declaration of Dividend No. 33

Amount (South African currency)

and London stock exchanges

Payment date of divident

Last day to register for dividend (and for changes of address or dividend matructions)

Register of members closed from to (inclusive)

Shares trade ex-dividend in Johannesburg

Dividend warragts posted on or about

Currency conversion date for stesling payments to shareholders paid from London

The directors have declared dividend No. 33 as an interim dividend in respect of the year ending 30 September 1992 as follows:

The full coorditions relating to the dissilated may be inspected at or obtained from the offices of the transfer secretaries in Johannesburg or the offices of the Umited Engdom registrates and paying agents in

and the second s

NOTES:
1. Review of results
1.1 Property operations
During the period under

During the period under review several large transactions were secured. Gross profit from township land sales for the six months ended 31 March 1992 totalled R19.4 million (31 March 1991: R15.4 million) and resulted in

1.2 Gold recovery operations

During the six months ended 31 March 1992, gold recovery at the Crown Mines plant was materially affected by a contamination of the extraction process by relatively high grade material from the valley after upon which favourable projections had been based. which lavourage projections had been besed.

Production is being maintained by material from other relatively low
grade sources while metallurgical research is in progress in an effort to Operations at Piktrum's Rest were satisfactory due to the higher grade of

1.3	Operating resolus - plants	Sax a	n and Ch nonths ided March 1991	y piants Year ended 30 Sept 1991	Sar n	time lies conthe ded farch 1991	Year Year ended 30 Sept 1991
	Sand and sime treated (000 tons)	3 946	3 933	8 062	159	147	307
	Gold produced [kilograms]	1 766	1 856	3 766	235	194	399
	Yield (grams per ton)	0.45	0.47	9.47	1.48	1.33	1.30
	Revenue (rand per ton treated)	15.05	15 67	15.65	49.28	42.94	42:91
	Cost (rand per ton treated)	15.16	14.30	14 17	32.36	34.29	34,36
	Working profit/(loss) (rand per ton treated)	(0.13)	1.37	1.48	16.92	8.55	8.55
	Gold price received (rand per kilogram)	21 6 Ng	33 166	33 502	33 365	32 469	33 018
		R000	EQ00	E000	7000	R000	RCCO
	Revenue Costs	59 291 33 814	61 622 56 276	126 167 114 263	7 #38 5 145	6 312 5 040	13 174 10 548
	Working profit/(kæs)	(523)	5 346	(150M	2 691	1 272	2 626
	Amorosauco	4 917	4 584	8 973	1 526	1 111	2 274
	Operating profit/(loss)	(5 440)	762	2 931	1 165	161	352

2. Gold hedging The proceeds from hedging transactions completed during the half year form part of the revenue derived from the sale of gold. At 31 March 1992, the company had sold gold in terms of its hedging operations as detailed

pelow.			
			Rourage minimum
Gold resovery		Dograms of	realisable value
PLANNIN	Person	gold sold	per kilogram sold
Crown and City	April 1992 - Sept. 199	22 605	R35 828
Filgrun's Rest	April 1992 - Sept. 199	270	R36 538

3. Prospects for the year 3. Prospects for the year it is not expected that the level of land sales achieved during the six months to March 1992 will be maintained during the second half of the financial year due to allower level of serious enquiries being received. While further attention is being given to reduce costs, little improvement can be expected in the rosults of the gold recovery division unless there is a meaningful and sustained increase in the gold price in rand terms. The Group's profit for the year ending 30 September 1992 will therefore be substantially lower than that echieved for 1991 and the total dividend payable will be less than that of 1991.

Registered office 15th Floor, The Corner House 82 Ton Street Johannesburg 2001 (P.O Box 62370, Marshalltown C107) Republic of South Africa Transfer (scrybudes) Rand Registrare Landol Corner Northern Parkway and Handel Road Ownersts, Johannesburg, 2091 (P.O. Box 32549, Southriale Z135) Republic of South Africa United Kingdom secretaries Vladuct Corporate Services Luc

29 April 1992

Pentland to source for LA Gear in Far East

By Angus Foster

PENTLAND Group, the sporting goods distributor, has been appointed sourcing agent in the Far East for LA Gear, the US sports shoe and cloth-

Pentland, best known for its investment in Reebok, which it sold last year, has also paid \$14m (£7.9m) for a 6 per cent stake in LA Gear, the former glamour stock now under new management following losses. Pentland will source LA Gear mainly from Korea,

Taiwan and China The agreement lasts until December 1995 and will then continue on a six month rolling extension basis. Previously, the US company sourced its own products.

Mr Frank Farrant, finance director, said he expected Pentland to source more than \$300m of business each year for LA Gear. This will partly replace about \$800m of business lost when Reebok stopped using Pentland as sourcing agent last December.

"We have been looking for replacements for Reebok, and this is a significant step." to 112p.

Pentiand raised about £389m from the sale of its 32 per cent

stake in Reebok. It has used the cash to buy Pony shoes, a 20 per cent stake in Adidas and the worldwide rights to Speedo, the swimwear brand. The company now holds net cash of about

The LA Gear stake was bought at \$11.25 per share, equal to Monday's closing price. Pentland also has a three-year option to increase the holding to 7.75 per cent but has agreed not to lift its stake

beyond 9.9 per cent. Earlier this month LA Gear reported a first quarter net loss of \$8.2m, compared with a \$12.5m loss a year earlier.

The company is being reshaped after Trefoil Capital

Investors, a fund led by Mr Roy Disney, vice chairman of the entertainment empire, took a 30 per cent holding for £100m.

Mr Farrant said Pentlatid's stake was opportunistic, as it believed LA Gear had "bottomed out".

Pentland's shares gained 30

Property write-down cuts Hopkinsons to £5.16m

PRE-TAX profit declined 23 per shareholders' funds rose dur-cent at Hopkinsons Group in ing the year to £30.3m, after the year to January 31:

After an exceptional item of . 2900,000 relating to write-down on investment property the pre-tax figure came out at 25.16m (26.72m).

Sales at the industrial valve and hydraulic equipment maker rose 24 per cent from £47.8m to £59.4m, including £32m from the Carbo industrial abrasives business acquired in October for about £31m.

The final dividend is maintained at 2.5p, for an unchanged total of 3.7p on earnings of 4.57p (8.01p). Mr Tom Weatherby, in his first report as chairman, said writing off goodwill of £9.2m on the acquisition. Net borrowings stood at £9.2m. Lower orders, mainly on

exports, together with the disruption of the reorganisation, had affected performance at Bryan Donkin, Mr Weatherby said. Turnover in the drinks dispenser business fell significantly and the continued improved profits at England-Worthside offset a disappointing performance at Thermal Refrigeration. The abrasives business continued to be affected by the recession. Action had been taken to cut

BOARD MEETINGS

1	WORAY
ì	Merine- Chemer Intl. Kwik Save, McCarthy
t	& Stone, Thai Development Capital Fund,
ł	Titings Maleyski.
1	Finale- Asta Property, Eleichiey Mojor.

Austmin launches rescue plan for Europa

By Kenneth Gooding, ning Correspondent

THE BATTLE for management control of Europa Minerals, the UK mining finance house, being waged between Sir Ron Brierley, the New Zealand entrepreneur, and Austmin Gold, an Australian exploration company, entered a new phase yesterday when Austmin gave details of its own rescue

plan for Europa. Austmin said it had prepared a fully underwritten rights issue for Europa on terms it believed would be better than those recently proposed by the

The Australian group, which is Europa's biggest shareholder with 14.3 per cent, said institu-tions which together accounted for more than 40 per cent of Europa's capital had indicated they would support the pro-

Henry Ansbacher would act Guido Staltari, Austmin's managing director, said this would raise £4.25m gross against the £3.4m under the board's scheme. There would also be about 20 per cent less dilution for shareholders not taking up

their rights. Also, control of Europa would remain with existing shareholders and "potential domination" by GPG and Mid-East Minerals, two companies in Sir Ron's orbit, would be avoided ...

Austmin's rights issue depends on the outcome of a Henry Ansbacher would act special meeting on May 7 when as lead underwriter for a 9-for-4 the Australian company hopes rights issue at 5p a share. Mr shareholders will vote to remove all four of Europa's non-executive directors and put two Austmin representatives on the board. Austmin would retain Eur-

opa's oil and gas assets and would not dispose of the Preston colliery. made its Mr Staltari pointed out either side.

Austmin would limit its shareholding to 19.9 per cent after the rights issue and was not not seeking to control the

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board. Abbey Life, with 9.79 per cent of Europa, said yesterday it would support the Austmin proposals if they were put. M&G, with 10 per cent, said it was "supportive" of the Austmin proposals but was still talking to both sides and had made no final decision about its vote at the special

meeting. Standard Life, a 9 per cent holder, said it had not not made its position clear to

Particula 277以近期709分別,以及在1950年,1950 。 1000年 10

ALCAN ALUMINIUM LIMITED

114% Debentures due 1995

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to The funds required for the payment of the the terms of the Indenture dated as of June 27, 1985 between Alcan Aluminium Limited before June 27, 1992 with Bankers Trust (formerly known as Aluminum Company of Canada, Limited) (The "Corporation") and The Royal Trust Company (the "Trustee") that the Corporation will on June 27, 1992 (the "Redemption Date") redeem all of its presently outstanding 111/4% Debentures due 1995 (the "Debentures") by payment in lawful moncy of the United States of America to the holders thereof of the redemption price stipulated in the conditions attaching thereto, namely 101% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest to but not including the Redemption Date. Payment of the redemption price will be made to the holders of the Debentures against surrender of the Debentures at the office of the Principal Paying Agent or of any of the Paying Agents listed below, logether with the interest coupons, if any, pertaining thereto maturing after the Redemption Date. The face value of any missing unmatured coupons will be deducted from the payment.

Trustee for the Debenture-holders

P.K. Pal

(formerly Aluminum Company of Canada, Limited) NOTICE OF REDEMPTION to the holders of Alcan Aluminium Limited

The Royal Trust Company, Montreal

Company. Should any of the holders of the Debentures fail to present their Debentures on or before June 27, 1992 or fail to accept payment of the redemption moneys payable in respect thereof or give such receipt therefor, if any, as the Trustee may require, then the said redemption moneys shall be set aside for any such holder with Bankers Trust Company. Such setting uside shall for all purposes be deemed a payment to any such holder of the sum so set aside; and to that extent the said Debentures and coupons shall thereafter not be considered as outstanding. The said Debenture-holders shall have no other right except to receive payment of the redemption moneys payable in respect of their Debentures out of the moneys so set aside upon surrender to Bankers Trust Company of their said

Debentures and coupons. Notice is further given that interest in respect of the Debentures will cease to accrue on and after the Redemption Date. All Debentures so redeemed shall forthwith be cancelled. Principal Paying Agent

Bankers Trust Company, London

Paying Agents:
Bankers Trust Company, New York
Banque Indosuez Belgique S.A. Brussels Banque Indosuez Luxembourg, Luxembourg Swiss Bank Corporation, Basle Montreal, April 30, 1992

and the state of t



HAGEMEYER N.V. registered office in Amsterdam

Announcement to the shareholders

Hagemeyer N.V. announces that the cash portion of the optional stock dividend to be proposed to the General Meeting of Shareholders on May 5, 1992 will

The Annual Shareholders Meeting will be asked to approve a dividend for 1991 of NLG 5.68 per share. At the discretion of shareholders this dividend may be paid either entirely in cash, or in the above cash amount of NLG 1.76 plus a stock dividend. The stock dividend, of 1/32nd or 3.125% of a Hagemeyer ordinary share of NLG 20 nominal value, will be paid, as desired, either from the share premium account, or from the retained earnings.

Naurden, April 28, 1992

HAGEMEYER N.V. Board of Management



NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

GOULDING.

US\$75,000,000

113/4% Notes due March 1, 1995

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to Paragraph 6(a) and 6(b) of the Terms and Conditions of the 11³/₃% Notes due March 1, 1995 (the "Notes") of Gould Inc. (the "Issuer"), the Issuer has elected to redeem all the outstanding Notes on March 1, 1992 at a redemption price equal to 101% of their principal amount plus accrued interest from and including March 1, 1992 to but excluding June 1, 1992 in the amount of \$29.37 for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes and \$293.75 for each \$10,000

On March 1, 1992 the Notes will become due and payable as aforesaid in such coin or currency of the United States as at the time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts. The Notes will be paid upon presentation and surrender thereof together, in the case of Bearer Notes, with unmatured Coupons attached, at the offices of the paying agencies specified below, subject to applicable laws and regulations. On and after March 1, 1992 interest on the Notes will cease to

CMB Packaging S.A.

with a capital of FRF 808 017 380

Head Office: 153, rue de Courcelles - 75017 PARIS

NOTICE OF MEETING

Agreements governed by Articles 101 and 143 of the Franch Companies Act
 Supervisory Board: renewal of the term of office of one incumbent and appointment of a new member
 Appointment of two rechalleds Saddiny Austran

8. Authorisation to be given to the Discouler, subject to the prior approval of the Supervisory Board, for all increase the share capital through the capitalisation of reserves, profits or share premiums b) issue, with or without exercise of existing shareholders' pre-emptive subscription rights.

• convenies boards, with or without warrants.

Forms of proxy/postal vote should be lodged with the Company at least five days before the Meeting.

Authorisation to be given to the Company to trade in its own shares on its stock market, in order to stabilize the price.
 Authorisation to be given to the Directore to pay an interior dividend in the form of Company shares.

altho to be given to the Directoire to grant stock options to the mornions of staff and management of Group companies

To be english to eltered, to be represented or to vote by post at these Meetings:

holders of registered shares must be recorded in the Company's state register at least five days before the date of the Meeting.

holders of bearer strates must deposit at DERACHY WORMS & Cie (223, nue Seint Honorii - 75001 PARIS France) at least 5 days being the Meeting a certificate evidencing that the shares have been deposited with authorised interroctaries until the date of the Meeting.

inother person may only represent a shareholder at the Meeting if he is himself extilled to attend the Meeting, or is the apouse or legal rep

Following the increase of share capital and participation certificate capital of Banca del

the new conversion amount for the 6% US\$ Convertible Debentures 1988/1995

the new conversion price for the 4% SFR Convertible Debentures 1991-1997 Gotthardfind Ltd. is now SFR 588,243.

Gotthardfin Ltd.

• 6% US\$ Convertible Debentures 1988-1995

George Town (Grand Cayman), April 21, 1992

Gotthardfin Ltd. (Sec. Number 706 742) • 4% SFR Convertible Debentures 1991-1997 Gotthardfin Ltd. (Sec. Number 706 941)

Geolecal Meeting will be held at Paris (75018) at Pavillon Killiber, 7 nur Clim at 11 s.m. (local time) to consider the following agenda:

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York 60 Victoria Embankment London EC4Y 0JP

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York 14 Place Vendome

75001 Paria Swiss Bank Corporation CR-4000 Baule

Citicorp Bank (Luxembourg) SA --16 Avenue Marie Therese

GOULD INC.

A. General Meeting

B. Ordinary Meeting

2. Accroval of the 1991 financial state

S. Followith of the immediated the region

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF THE

C. Ennandinary Making

Switzerland

By: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company as Piscal Agent

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York Avenue des Arts 35. B-1040 Brussels

Morgan Guaranty Trust Co of New York Mainser Landstrasse 46 D-6000 Frankfort/Main

Banque Generale du Luxembourg SA 14 Rue Aldringen 2951 Luxembourg

£2.87m from options

man of Guinness, the drinks group, made a profit of \$2.87m last year by exercising options on about 900,000 shares granted to him after he took over the chair in 1987.

Mr Tennant, who is to retire at the end of this year, sold most of the shares at about 500p each, having been granted the options at prices ranging from 150p to 180p.
The group's annual report,

published on Tuesday, showed that he still holds 145,838 shares and has options on a further 312,090, which must be exercised within 12 months of



COMPANY NEWS: UK

Vauxhall best performer

in UK in spite of 45% fall

Vauxhall: market share increased in first quarter

grown rapidly from \$2.1m in heavy losses as it expanded Group Lotus, the specialist

According to the Group Lotus 1990 accounts filed at Companies House, GM injected £13m of additional finance in 1991, some £6.5m in equity and the remainder as loans.

Group Lotus turnover in 1990 amounted to £74.8m (£63.1m). The company has suffered

It then had to contract sharply in the face of recession

rapidly for the launch of the

new Elan sports car range in

and the failure of the Elan to meet expected sales targets. Group Lotus has not yet disclosed its results for

NEWS DIGEST

Mr Tennant, who has taken

Guinness from a market capi-talisation of £3bn to £11.5bn

and raised pre-tax profits from £408m to £956m during the past

five years, was paid a total of

£781,000 in salary and perfor-

mance-related bonus last year,

a rise of 19 per cent in line with the rise in group profits.

Shareholders of Hawthorn Les-

lie, the mobile telephone

group, have agreed proposals,

which have now been imple-

mented, for its financial

In particular, Svenska

Handelsbank has converted

£16m of existing lending to the

group into an equal amount of unquoted floating rate convertible loan stock 2007.

Hawthorn will seek a resto-

ration of dealings in its ordi-nary shares on the USM follow-

ing publication of its 1991 results, expected in May.

Drug launch delay

hits Haemocell

Hawthorn Leslie

proposals agreed

restructuring.

Exceptionals behind rise at Eadie

239.1m in 1990.

mance of any UK car maker

last year. Ford of Britain, the market

leader, suffered a record loss in

1991 of £470m on ordinary

activities excluding Jaguar,

while Rover fell to pre-tax

Vauxhall, which is in second

place in the UK new car mar-ket after overtaking Rover in

1989, suffered a fall in market

share last year to 15.6 per cent

(16.1 per cent). Its sales fell by

23 per cent - against a decline in the overall market of 20,7 per cent - to 248,704 (323,054). In the first quarter of this

year Vauxhall increased its UK new car market share from 17.2 per cent to 18 per cent.

UK sports car maker and auto-

motive engineering group which is owned by GM, has disclosed pre-tax losses for 1990

of £12.7m, compared with

GM has been forced to pump

new capital into Group Lotus.

where pre-tax losses have

losses of £4.4m a year earlier.

EXCEPTIONAL profits, arising from the disposal of subsidiaries, pushed Radie Holdings, the USM-quoted Glasgow-based specialist engineer, back into the black in the 1991 year.

The sale of its Alloy Wire and Astraflex offshoots produced an exceptional £1.3m bringing the pre-tax line to £1.24m, against losses of £503.000.

Operating profits rose from 5566,000 to £720,000 with all the improvement occurring in the second half, directors said.

Turnover dipped 14 per cent to £20.1m. If the results of the two subsidiaries are stripped out, the fall was 4 per cent. Interest charges fell to £784,000 (£1.16m); gearing at the year-end was 48 per cent, against 120 per cent 12 months earlier. Earnings worked through at 4.33p (losses of 1.1p).

Guinness chief raises

Haemocell, the USM-quoted maker of medical and surgical Mr Anthony Tennant, chairequipment, attributed its increased first-half loss of £783,000 to the costs of preparing for the launch of a new drug, \$350, in the US.

Absence of US regulatory approval had delayed the launch by at least three months. The outcome for the second half would be influenced by the timing of approval

Turnover in the six months to February 29 rose 63 per cent to £305,000. In the comparable period a loss of £608,000 was reported on sales of £187,000. This time administration and

other expenses took £866,000 (£694,000) and interest payable

Unigroup to float Malaysian offshoot Unigroup, the timber and

building products group, has decided to float its Golden Pharos subsidiary on the Kuala Lumpur stock exchange. The offshoot makes and dis-

tributes timber products such as doors and windows. It has a 37,000 sq m factory in Malaysia with some 300 employed It is envisaged that the com-

pany, which will remain a sub-sidiary of Unigroup, will obtain a listing by spring 1993.

Bowthorpe has 83% of Penny & Giles

Bowthorpe Holdings, the electrical and electronic components maker, has won acceptances from shareholders representing 83.3 per cent of Penny & Giles, the instrument manufacturer.

Bowthorpe is offering 136 new shares for every 100 Penny & Giles shares or 1 new share and 84n cash.

National Express back in the black

National Express group, the inter-city coach operator. returned to profit in the 24 weeks to December 31.

The privately-owned com-pany, which was acquired last year by a consortium of investors after the 1988 management buy-out from the National Bus Company lapsed into losses, reported pre-tax profits of £3.58m from sales of £56.1m.

The figures were not comparable to previous periods because of restructuring undertaken since the consortium gained control

BCCI: BEHIND

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BIHLLY

"SIGNIFICANT EUROPEAN EXPANSION"

 Proposed £75m offer for Finanzauto, the sole authorised dealer in Caterpillar equipment in Spain and Portugal.

Profit before tax increased to £17.3m (1991: £16.97m).

Earnings per share were 9.23p (1991: 9.68p), on the enlarged share

 "I remain optimistic that, given reasonably favourable economic circumstances, the Group should show progress for the year as

FOR THE 26 WEEKS ENDED 28 MARCH 1992

	1992	1991	Change
Profit before tax	£17.3m	£16.97m	+ 1.9%
Earnings per ordinary share	9.23p	9.68p	- 4.6%
Dividend per ordinary share	2.85p	2.85p	

J. BIBBY & SONS PLC 16 STRATFORD PLACE, LONDON WIN 9AF

capital following the I for 10 rights issue in May 1991.

Interim dividend maintained at 2.85p.

 All divisions produced reasonable results, with the exception of the Agricultural Division which suffered from a further reduction in

Richard Mansell-Jones, Chairman.

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Over 3 up to 4 ... Over 4 up to 5 ... Over 5 up to 6 ... Over 6 up to 7 ... Over 9 up to 10 .

RUSSIA

The FT proposes to publish this survey on May 13 1992.

The survey will be included in the FT of that day and will be printed in London, Frankfurt, Roubaix. New Jersey and Tokyo It will be distributed in 160 countries world-wide. For further information about advertising in the survey, please contact Patricia Surridge on

Tel 071-873 3426 Fax: 071-873 3079 or Nina Golovyatenko in Moscow Tel (095) 243 19 57 (095) 251 24 57 Fax: (095) 243 00 77 (095) 251 24 57

FT SURVEYS

ET NOS

ंदर धन्छ

By David Gardner in Luxembourg

THE EUROPEAN Commission yesterday dissociated itself from attempts by the current Portuguese presidency of the European Community to limit the cuts in subsidised cereals prices envisaged under Brussels plans to reform the common agricultural policy.

Mr Ray MacSharry, EC agriculture commissioner, told farm ministers he would not let go of this central plank of his reform proposals. He took the unprecedented step of getting his opposition written in as a dissenting opinion in the presidency's latest compromise paper on CAP reform.

This was presented to minis-

ters here yesterday and confirmed Portugal's intention to try to broker agreement on a new target price for cereals of Ecuit2 (£78) a tonne by the 1995-96 season, well above the Ecu105 the commission is prepared to accept. The presidency's proposal amounts to a 27 per cent cut on current price levels of around Ecu155 per tonne, against the 35 per cent cut originally sought by the

The commission needs a weighted majority of member states to get its proposals through, but only the unanim-

'No substitute

GROWING ALTERNATIVE

tution might be possible, given

the country's climatic disad-

vantages, falling domestic con-sumption and failure to find

In Zimbabwe and Malawi,

however, many of the possible

alternative crops "are limited

ties in marketing and could

take several years to yield

Tobacco Farmina: Sustain-

Box 125, East Grinstead, West

able Alternatives? ITGA, PO

new export markets.

their first returns"

Sussex RHI8 5FA.

for tobacco'

By David Blackwell

ers' Association.

ity of the 12 can force it to change them. The wide spread of different interests make this very unlikely, but a reform package which looked within reach could now be receding.

"set-aside" requirement now

envisages taking 15 per cent of

condition for receiving com-

pensation for the cuts.

land out of production as a

Presidency officials argued

yesterday that their softening

of the reform proposals was

what now made an agreement

likely. The commission retorted that there was no

point in a reform which failed

to address the fundamental

problems of oversupply and

would require remedial action

later. Cheaper cereals for feed-

stock, moreover, are meant to

guese price targets for grains are accepted. Mr MacSharry made clear The presidency compromise yesterday he would not move makes other controversial as far as the presidency. "Tve changes in:

always said we are prepared to be flexible," he said before the · Compensation: which it wants for all land set-aside, hard bargaining started. "But we have to have a [cereals] whereas Brussels had excluded price which is competitive." He larger-scale farmers. This was partly to address British pro-tests that their big farms were "Ecul05 is the limit of competitiveness. . . it is not a ques-tion of bargaining around an arbitrary price. At Ecu112 the being discriminated against. "There is no doubt that in the major areas <the presidency paper> is moving in our direcsurplus in cereals is some 8m tion." said Mr John Gummer, tonnes greater than at Ecu105. in which case the set-aside UK farm minister. • Livestock: where limits on requirement would increase to 22 per cent," he warned. The

the number of cattle per hectare the EC would finance have been loosened, in a way the commission believes will encourage production and

offset cuts in the dairy and

meat sectors, and commission

officials expect that ministers

will therefore seek to limit

these cuts too if the Portu-

increase surpluses.

The commission has had no constant allies on reform, but it is not without fellow-travellers on cereals. The UK, Netherlands and Denmark want deeper cuts: crucially, so does France, which fears that the alternative would be administrative restraints on production that would cripple its huge and competitive

Deal reached on 7-day working at Kambalda

By Kevin Brown in Sydney

crops such as cut-flowers or fruit is not a viable option for WESTERN Mining Corporation, the Australian most tobacco producers, resources group, yesterday said that it had reached agreement according to a report from the International Tobacco Growwith the Australian Workers' The report, published yester-Union on continuous mining at its troubled Kambalda nickel day, is the growers' answer to operations in Western Austrecampaigners against tobacco.

who claim that a reduction in the land and labour devoted to The group said the deal would lead to the revival of an the tobacco industry would help to stop people smoking. A\$105m expansion plan for Kambalda, and the re-Tobacco production in Zimemployment of 150 workers babwe, Malawi, the US and Canada is studied in the report, which identifies Canada made redundant when the plan was abandoned during an as the only case where substiindustrial dispute in Novem-

> The union said that it had agreed to switch to seven-day mining in continuous shifts from five-day operation after WMC agreed to reduce the duration of shifts from eight hours to seven and a half hours. However, the agreement cannot be implemented until the Western Australian state government implements an undertaking to amend the state's Mines Regulation Act to

managing director, said the company and the union had jointly requested the government to expedite the amendment, which would bring Western Australia into line with other Australian states.

WMC said last week that production at Kambalda had been seriously affected by industrial action over the continuous mining dispute in the nine months to the end of March. The group said said ore treated at Kambalda fell to 763,000 tonnes over the first nine months of the current financial year, compared to 910,024 tonnes in the comparable period of the previous year.

WMC's expansion plan for Kambalda would increase deep mining at several mines in the area, where WMC produces about 35,000 tonnes of nickel a year. The project is part of a A\$400m spending programme intended to increase the group's nickel output to 65,000 tonnes a year from 53,000.

tion to lift rubber prices. But WMC shares rose 12 cents to consumers have not yet given any such indications. A\$3.98 on the Australian Stock "It is not in the long-term Exchange as news of the possiallow continuous working.

Mr Hugh Morgan, WMC problem filtered through. interest of consumers and ble solution to the Kambalda producers to leave prices at

THE PERSON NAMED IN

High/Low

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COCCA - London PCO

Peace-time challenges for Afghan farming

Farhan Bokhari reports on the agricultural devastation caused by 13 years of war

F PEACE finally returns to foodgrain production has been Afghanistan after 13 years of war, restoration of the agricultural sector would be one of the most difficult challenges faced by a new govern-

According to United Nations estimates, the 1.3m hectares (3.2m acres) under irrigation when the war began, have shrunk to less than 1m ha because of war related devastation. Some 250,000 ha of forest have also disappeared, creating shortages of firewood and timher for construction.

Among the principal causes of the Afghan tragedy are the estimated 10m mines that have have been laid. According to a UN estimate, at least 500,000 farm animals have been killed by the mines. Also the country's capacity to increase its the task is a difficult one. He

severely hampered by continu-ing warfare and large-scale refugee movements. Now, in addition to the estimated 17m people living in Afghanistan, at least 5m live in refugee camps in neighbouring Pakistan and Iran.

Mr Farooq Azam, former adviser on irrigation to the Afghan government before the communist coup of 1978, says "the land has become uneven because of heavy bombing and mine blasts". Now, the Authority for the Restoration of Infrastructure in Afghanistan, the non-governmental organisation which he heads, is trying to establish new projects for training of farmers and the disabled to improve their skills for increasing crop yields. But,

quotes a retreating Soviet general who said in 1989 that "they have made the land of They are not very hopeful, Afghanistan such that it will fight its own people for ten years", adding that this is the time-frame expected for the

wide appeal for the supply of 100,000 tonnes of wheat in early April, to alleviate potentially severe food shortages. "The silos are empty, do we start digging cemeteries?" said Mr Benon Sevan, the UN secretary general's special envoy for Afghanistan, when he launched the appeal So far, among the major donors, Pakisian and the US have committed themselves to sending 40,000 tonnes and 10,000 tonnes

respectively while additional

completion of clearing

The UN launched a world-

pledges may come from European countries, officials and diplomats say.

however, that any large scale international effort will be mounted for reconstruction and rehabilitation in Afghanistan. The Pakistani government is now revising estimates for reconstruction from a 1989 assessment. The new figures are expected to be provided to the UN secretary general within the next two to three weeks and may be used for launching a fresh international

At a time of economic pressures in Western economies and more interest in giving assistance to the newly-independent republics of the former Soviet Union and Eastern

to make major commitments to Afghanistan, officials say. Further pressure has resulted from uncertainty about the future of a commitment of US\$600m made by the Soviet Union after its troops withdrew from

larket

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Afghanistan.
"We don't know if Moscow still wants to keep up with its commitment or not," says a senior government official.

A newly-installed government in Kabul is now expected to appeal for assistance from donors. The twin factors of expected luke-warm response and fears of infighting between rival mujahideen groups are likely to go against them, but Mr Azam remains hopeful that "there are still good people out there" who will come to Afghanistan's help once again in its hour of need.

Ukraine signs oil and gas deals with Iran

By Chrystia Freeland in Kiev

IN AN affort to wean itself away from dependence on Russian oil and gas newly-independent Ukraine is building on its partnership with Iran. A visit last weekend to Tehran by a high-level Ukrainian delegation headed by Mr Leonid Kruvchek, the Ukrainian president, yielded two new commercial agreements that form part of a new Ukrainian orientation

towards the Middle Rast. Mr Mykola Havrylenko, chairman of the Ukrainian state commission on geology and natural resources, signed a protocol permitting Ukrainian teams to explore for oil and natural gas in Iran and receive payment in kind. Although Ukraine has few oilfields of its own it has vast expertise in the

MAJOR RUBBER producers

are guardedly optimistic that

consumer countries will agree

to amend the International

Natural Rubber Agreement to make it more effective for

boosting weak prices of the commodity, reports Reuter

A ministerial meeting of the Association of Natural Rubber

Producing Countries, started

here yesterday with delegates

saying they hoped consumers,

led by the US, would respond

more active market interven

from Chiangmai, Thailand.

Turkish oil officials, touring Moslem republics of the former Soviet Union with Turkish Prime Minister Suleyman Demirel, said they were prepared in principle to buy crude from Uzbekistan in exchange for refined products, reports Reuter from Bishkek, Kyrgyzstan.

We import \$4bn to \$4.5bn worth of crude a year, mostly from the Middle East," said Mr Mustafa Aytac, general manager of the state-owned Petrol Ofisi.

"If the price is right, we will import from Uzbekistan." But Mr Aytac said the problems of transporting the oil by rail to Ukraine's Black Sea port of Odessa and then by ship to the western Turkish port of Izmit might render a deal unworkable in the short term.

He said he had offered to help set up a chain of petrol stations. Uzbek oil officials will visit Turkey next month to discuss the proposal in detail, he said.

Producers optimistic ahead of rubber talks

a new pact.

AM Cittolal Kurb chees Open Intere

1235-25.5 TER 200 Lotte

Siberian steppes. Mr Havrylenko signed a separate agreement for the purchase of current metals from Iran. These deals are part of an agreement whereby Iran is to

Soedradjad Djiwandono, the

Indonesian junior trade minis-

Rubber prices have been declining for the past two years, falling to their lowest since 1986 in December. They

have recovered only slightly

negotiate with consumers a

new pact to replace the Inter-

national Natural Rubber

Agreement before it expires in

Inra is administered by the

International Natural Rubber

Organisation, which groups

major producers with 20 con-

sumers. The UN-sponsored

agreement will be extended

Producers have sought to

exchange for Ukrainian machine parts and building

Together with Azerbaijan, Ukraine and Iran have also previously agreed to build a provide Ukraine with 4m pipeline from Iran to western tonnes of cil in 1992 in Europe, passing through

Producers, led by Malaysia.

have complained that the five-

year agreement has succeeded only in stabilising prices at

levels that were unramunera-

They say the Inro buffer

stock manager, given broad discretionary power, has not-been sufficiently active in his-

buying intervention to shore

Inro session starting in Knaia Lumpur on May 19 at which

producers hope they can per-

suade consumers to agree to

open talks on pact improve-

The ANRPC groups Indon-

The two-day ANRPC meeting

Ukraine, in which Ukrainian officials say Germany, France, and Italy have all expressed

The agreements are an implicit rebuke for Bussia, which regularly threatens Ukraine with the prospect of paying world prices for Russian oil. Ukrainian authorities said that it was a pleasure to do business with Iran because unlike Ukraine's other partners it did not change prices every two months or alter contracts on the whim of its lead-

Mr Kravchuk shrugged off the suggestion that the West might be displeased with the developing relationship between Ukraine and Iran. "We will no longer pursue the servile policies, instead we will pursue the policies of indepen-

esia, Malaysia, Papua New

Guines, Sri Lanks, Singapore and Thailand, which between

them account for about 82 per

cent of world supply of natural

Mr Warothai Pinyasart, the

That deputy agriculture minis-ter, said Thatland supported an

ANRPC resolution last year that called on four of its mem-

bers-to-prepare for activating

their 1976 agreement to stabi-

lise prices through supply

rationalisation if consumers

But the Indonesian junior

trade minister said both

producers and consumers

should go to the negotiating

table in a non-confrontational

rubber.

next month.

apiri)

approve coffee relief package By Billi Hinchberger in

Brazil set to

Bao Paulo

A ROLL-over of \$278m in debt and Cr\$240b (\$102m) in new financing for the 1992-93 crop are the centrepieces of a government package to boost the Brazilian coffee sector. The measures await approval by the National Monetary Council, which is scheduled to meet today. The length of debt refinanc-

ing will depend on the nature and source of the original loan. For some, payments may be extended for up to five years. New credit will be awarded on the basis of productivity and will favour those who did not receive loans for the 1991-92 harvest. Growers who did not receive credit last season and who produce fewer than 45 bags (60 kg each) per hectare will have access to financing of Cr\$11,000 per bag; those whose production is between 45 and 90 bags will be able to borrow up to Cr\$13,000 per bag, and those who harvest more than 90 bags per hectare can obtain funding of up to

Cr\$15,000 per bag.
Mr Suelly Evandro Amarante, president of the National Coffee Council (CNC), a producers association, hailed the measures as "highly positive" and "an important beginning" for a recuperation of the sector. However, he believes the amount of new credit is insuffifor additional measures including tax reductions and port reforms to ease exports. Mr Amazante stressed that

domestic measures alone could

not solve the problems of Bra-

zilian coffee producers.

automatically for two years if WORLD COMMODITIES PRICES

Copper, Grade A (E per tonna)

MARKET REPORT GOLD fell to fresh six-year lows

in early trading on the London builion market before recovering on bargain hunting and short covering after Comex opened. The Comex June gold futures contract was at midday holding above lifetime lows struck earlier, but dealers said the market was still vulnerable. New York analysts believe \$335 a troy ounce is an important support point for bullion, and peg next support at \$333, then \$330. Should bullion fall below those levels nearby Comex gold will drop to \$320, they predict. Some see a fall to \$300. Tame inflation, the recession and a lack of investor interest continue

London Markets

SPOT SEASONS TO SE

		_
Crude off (per berrel FOB)		+ 01 -
1060	\$16.80-6.85	+0.10
Brent Blend (dated)	\$19.20-9.35	+ .125
Brent Blend (Jun)	\$19,15-9,15	+ .125
W.T I (1 pm est)	\$20.45-0.55z	+ .125
Del		
(NWE prompt delivery per to	nne CIF)	+ pr -
Premium Greatine	\$217-219	
Gas Oil	\$175-176	-1
Heavy Fuel Oil	175-75	-1
respitite	\$182-184	
Petroleum Argus Estimates		
Other		+ or -
Gold (per tray 62)	\$335.95	-1.06
Silver (per troy oz)	301,00c	4
Platinum (per troy oz)	\$341.35	-24
Palladium (per troy oz)	001.06	-1
Copper (US Producer)	103.65	+ 0.53
Lead (US Producer)	37.37c	
Tin (Kuala Lumpur market)	14.B1r	+0.7
Tin (New York)	274.5c	+2
Zinc (US Prime Western)	62c	
Cattle (live weight)†	108,60p	·1.62°
Sheep (live weight)	95 79p	+1.98*
Pigs (live weight)†	101.570	+0.46
		_
London dalty sugar (raw)	200	-3
London daily sugar (white)		+1
Tate and Lyle export price	1245.50	-2
Barley (English feed)	Unq	
Maize (US No. 3 yellow)	£148,0w	+0.25
Wheat (US Dark Northern)	WD 0513	
Rubber (Juh)♥	56.25p	+0.25
Rubber (Jul)♥	59.50p	+0.25
Rubber (KL RSS No 1 May		+1
Coconut oil (Philippines)	830.0t	+5
Poim Oi! (Malaysian)§	\$392.5z	-5
Copra (Philippines)§	\$610	-5
Soyabeard (UE)	£150,0t	-0.5
Cetton "A" index	59 55c	

Wooltops (64s Super) 4480 E a tonne unless otherwise stated. o-ponce/kg -cents/lb r-ringgit/kg. i-May/.lun y-Apr/May #-Apr z-May theat Commission average fas-ockprices. change from a week ago. \$\forall London shysical markot. \$\forall Cif Rotterdam. \$\int \text{Suttler}\]

to weigh on sentiment. London COFFEE and COCOA ended another loss-laden day with little alon of an imminent turneround in the current bearish trend. traders said. Cocoa ended near the day's lows, while coffee trimmed losses slightly but showed no conviction to rally into the plus column, Origin sales, particularly from the lvory Coast, continued to be cited as the reasons behind the current slide in both markets to historical lows. The nearby July cocoa contract closed at £586 a tonne, down £12 on the day but above the new 1612-year

Complied from Reut

cents a kg. on the first day, and another

cents on the second day. Although these are small newertherns they the residence of new orders but firms in the trade who can manage to wait to do so. The Australian stockpile, still over

4 million bales, is a factor in all market

	-			Nov	797	799	799 7
FLICAR		MI POK	(\$ per tonne)	Mar	820 830	819 841	834 8
New York	Closes	Previous	High/Low	Turney		602) lots o	
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Nic	216.40	214.00	214,80 213,49			diy 50.72 (5	i1,13] 12
Oct	204.40	202.00	200.80	53,45 ((M.E.)		
N) (N)	Close	Previous	High/Low	POTAT	roiti - I	onden FO	x .
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Oct	269.50	268.70	269.30 257.50				
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	OIL - 1		\$/barrel		Close	Previous	High/
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				200.0	1221	1198 1130	1221 1
alca ou	- 100		Sitonne	Oct	1250	1246	1255
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Nov	180.50	100.75	181.00 180.00				Entire
200	181.50	181.50	181.75 181.00	May	124.75	124.50	125,10
				Jun	125.25	120 00	13.50
UTHOVE	r 11413 (11080)lots (of 100 tonnes	Sep	111.16		111.25
					117,5		118.25
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			ittle casier. The	Turnove	r lots of	100 Tormes	
			indicator stipped				•
4 cents	s from Its	pre-Easter	close of 590				

ICCO price	indicator for Apr 2	(6462) lots prices (SD 9 756.06 (76 19 (767.99)	of 10 sonner Rs per tonr 0.18) 10 day	to). Chily KVarage
COFF	OK - Lon	idon PQX		5/tonne
	Giossi	Previous	High/Low	
May	731	796	733 726	
34	768	766 781	761 762	
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POTAT		andon PO		€/tonne
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Jun	125.25	120 00	126.50 128.	30
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್ಷಾಗಿತ್ತಾರು. ಆರಾಜಕ್ಕೆ ಅಂತಾಗಿ ಅಂತಾಗಿ ಅಂತಾಗಿ ಕಾರ್ಯಕ್ಷಿಸಿ ಅಂತಾಗಿಕೆ ಮಾಡಿದ್ದಾರೆ. ಅಂತಾಗಿ ಮಾಡುವಾಗಿ ಅಂತಾಗಿ ಮುಂಡಾಗಿ ಮುಂಡಾಗಿ

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Gash 3 months	1275.5-78	125	1-37 1-68	1244.0 1277/1274		274-74.5	1277-77	9 10	4,476 late
Lead (E per									rer 1,400 lots
Cash	298.5-97.5	298		298/297.5		57.6-7.7 6			
	209.25-9.5	310-	11	311.5/308		10.5-0.75	300-0.5		,470 lots
Carl C in			-	No.	_	-	Total d	illy tumo	rer 3,171 lots
Cash 3 months	7435-45 7535-30	7420 75 U	1-30 1-15	7640/74E		7530-35	7520-30	22	B44 lots
Tin (\$ per t			_		_			_	er 1,854 lots
Cash	5896-905	(40)	65	_		898-900			
	BER05-10	5895	-200	8820/6600) 8	895-900	. 9915-20	E.	
	el Nigit Grad						Total da	ly Minore	r 16,789 lots
Cash 3 montes	1352-54	1348	-48 (5-04	1365/1364	. :	358-63 295-96	1267-86		and the
LARE Clock		10.00		TOOL PLOT		200	1007-00		
SPOT: 1.771		II ma	office 1.	1427	6	monthet 1.	7216	9 m	onshe: 1,7011
					N	ew Y	ork		
	olled by N M		and the later						
Gold (fine or			com/v	about .	GOL		OZ. S/DOY		
Close	335.70-336.		Code	404		Close	Previous	HighNo	=
Opening	335.10-335	40			Jun	396.1	335.9 337.2	336.5	335.0
Morning fix Alternation (in	334.75		88.60?		Auto	338.3	509.1	337.5 339.4	334.9 WW.D
Day's high	338,20-336.	80	189,127		Oct	340.2 342.2	341,0	340.5	339.0
Day's low	333,70-334.	00			Fee	344.5	345.5	343.1 344.3	341.1 344.0
Loco Ldn M	een Gold Le	nding (Antes (Va USE)	Apr Jun	346.8 349.3	347.8 350.4	0	0
1 month	3.10	E PROF		3.23 3.40	_		rey oc stor		0
2 months 4 months	8.10	CE imp	anne.	3.40		Close	Pravious	High/Los	
Silver fix	phine oz		JS cts	equiv	Jul	342.8	342.5	343.0	
Spat	201.70		26,50		Oct	346.7	348.4	347.8	339.5 BM.5
3 months	227.85	5	97.65		Jen	346.8	346.5	347.0	344.5
5 manting	235.30 244.25	4	01.80		Apr		348.0		0
					PILTA		Oy OZ; Cent	<u> </u>	
COLD COM	5					Close	Previous	High/Los	
(Prices supp	lied by Enge	itard i	detais)		-Just	395.5 397.0	394.0 396.6	396.5 0	391.0 0
	E price		E equiv	reform	Test.	396.3	377.1	399.5	394.5
Krugerrand	411,40-33		189.25		Dec	405.3	400,4 405,2	402.5 408.0	397.0
Hayle Hest Hayr Sayonsi	347.00-34		195,50- 46,25-4		Jan	408.0	408.B	8	403.5
HOW SOFME	All ment and	*	-		Mar	411.8	410.7	412.0	408.5
TRADED OF	TIONS				May Jul	416.7 ATE.7	#19.6	416.0	41 <u>8.0</u> 419.0
Aluminium (S	9.7%) C	alks	-	'AN	Sep	424.3	40.2	425.5	425.5
Drive price		ilun	May	Jun	HOS	GRADE O	OPPER 25	Di lor, ou	trin/lbs
1200	105	114	3	3		Close	Principus	High/Lov	,
1300	16	34	9	21	May	99.50	100.20	100.50	98,40
1409	3	4_	94	88	Jun	66.75	100.40	B 4	0
Copper (Grad	is A) D	with the same of t	-	- mar	Jul Avg	100,05 100,20	100.70 100.80	101.10 0	\$9.95 D
2150	82	73	3	4	500	100.40	100.96	101,15	100.40
2250 2350	3	12 3	36 138	43 131	Nev	100.40 100.40	100.95 100.95	0	D
2300			140		Dec	100.40	100.95	101.15	0 100.50
Coffee	301	Sep	M	Sep	Jair	100.20	100.75	0	0
700	65	No.	5	12	Feb	100.05	100.50	0	
7700 800	28 10	54 31	20 62	28 55		E OEL (Lig	hq 42,000 L	IS galls \$/	barrei
			_			Close	Previous	HighyLow	, —
Cocca	3.6	Gop	Jul	Sep	Jun	20,77	20.41	20.79	20.15
575 600	27 16	51 36	16 30	31 25	Aug	20.82 20.80	20.48 20.46	20.84 20.83	20.24
625	8	25	40	40	Sup	20.76	20.42	20.75	20.25 20.26
No. of Party	Jun	Jul .		Jul -	Nov	20.71 20.65	20.38	20.65	20.22
Braci Crisis					Dec	20.65 20.61	20.33 20.29	20.55 20.20	20,20 20,18
1859 1900	58 29	- 40	6 22	30	Jan.	20.52	20.21	20.45	20.08
1950	-	21	_		Fab Mar	20.44 20.37	20.08	20.04 0	20.04
								-	0

A			galis, cent		Ch	icag	0		
	Close	Previou			- 90YA	BEANS S	000 bu min; e	cents/80th b	inthel
7	5697 5648	5812 6583	8850	1815 16490		Close	Previous	High/Low	
d	6632	554 6	6640	5405	Mey	B72/2	673/8	574/4	571/6
49	5895 Egen	5596 5716	6700	5540	Jul	57900	580/2	581/2	578/0
2	5613 6913	8816	6775 5845	5590 5770	Aug	583/0	583/4	585/0	562/6
×	6003	8906	5880	6870	Hin	-686/6 533/6	587/4 594/8	686/2 696/0	5B6/4
	6093	6991	5975	5945	Jan	802/4	603/4	605/0	593/2 602/4
6	6116 6013	6016 5911	5000	5990 5875	Max	G117G	612/4	014/0	611/0
_		nee;\$/tonn			May	618/4	620/0	621/0	819/4
	Close	Previou	e High/Le			Citizen	90,000 (bit; o	High/Low	
y	680	800	892	876	Miny	19.26	19.24	19.34	19.24
	921 963	933 1176	927 970	962	Jul	19.56	19.54	19.65	19.55
	1022	1030	1025	1015	Aug	79.74	19.70	18.80	10.71
r	1084	1074	1066	1084	Sep	19.91 20.05	18.66 20.02	19.96	10.85
,	1094	1104	1097	1007	Dies	20.35	20.33	E0.14	20.03 20.34
	1100	1160	1123 11	1130	-	20.51	20.50	20.60	20.50
9	1501	1106	ő	ā	Mar	20.76	20.70	20.88	20.76
				5	-/14	Chicago .	M. 100 tank	High/Low	_
F	EE .C. 21	,500fbs; c	ents/ibs		May	173.0	173,0	171.8	173.0
	Clima	Previous	High/Lo	W 2	्रीय (1711.2	176.6	176.7	175.0
r	65.10	63.85	84,10	82.50	Aug	177.9	177,7 179,0	177.7	177.0
	64.20	64,85	65.40	- III.	Oct	195.6	105.7	178.8 196.0	176.8 195.0
1	66.35 MUNO	86.90	67.55	65.80	Dec	195.6	106.8	196.1	195.0
•	72.70	79.30 73.85	70.70 .73.70	72.50	Mar	198.2	198.0	196.2	195.8
ì	75.00	78.25	. 76.00	75.00			198.7	197.2	196.7
	77.00 79.50	77.75 81.50	77.25 0	77.25	ALC: U	Close	min; cents/5		
A	R WORLD	117 112	.000 lbs; ce	nts/lbs	May	244/4	248/0	High/Low	
		Province		_	Jul	250/6	251/2	246/0 251/8	244/2
,	5.01	9.75			340	249/2	249/4	250/2	250/4
r	9.71	8.84	9.93 9.74	9.75 9.60	Dec	249/2 257/4	249/4	250/2	249/0
	9.13	9.02	9.18	8.02	Mary	262/2	257/4	258/2	257/0
t	5.96	8.93	9.00	8.94	141	268/4	256/0	263/0 266/4	262/0 288/2
y	8.99 8.94	8.89 8.91	. 8.93 8.80	8.85 8.80	Dec	255/6	254/0	257/0	255/6
Ċ	,	:			WHEA		frin; cents/(Olb-bushel	
_			<u>. </u>		May	371/0	Previous	High/Low	
111		; cents/lbs			Jul	354/6	378/2 3 6 0/0	378/4 359/8	369/0
_	Close	Previous	High/Los	<u> </u>	Sep	358/6 365/8	363/4	363/4	007A
y	00.57	80,72	61.4	60.75	Mar	366/0	371/0 371/0	370/4	365/0
	81.44	61.75 62.65	62.58 63.18	61,40 62,40	May	357/0	358/0	370/6	365/4
è	62.95	63.25	63.65	E2.91	Jul	33840	341/0	341/0	0 339/0
	64.15	64,40	64.70	64,01	Sep	344/0	346/0	0	20010
7	64.50 64.70	64.75 64.83	64.73	64.85	LIVE	ATTLE 40	.000 lbs; cen	te/lbs	_
	64.35	54.85	Ö	0		Close	Previous	High/Low	
A.H	SE TRICE	15,000 lbs	r; cents/lbs		Jun Aug	73_125	74,025	74.200	75.10
Т	Close	Previous	High/Los	,	Oct	69.400	70.575	70.825	69.82
,	132,40	138.00	136.00	132.25	Dec	69.350	70.125 89.9 00	70.325	69.350
•	124.85	127.20	126.80	123,70	Feb	98,900	69.325	70.075 69.250	69.25
ŀ	117.55	120.00	121.05	117,00	Apr	70.025	70.400	70.475	88.900 70.000
١.	.111.55 ·		- 114.75	111.55	· 7m	62.000	68.200	68 nno	68,000
	111.05 111.25	113.00	116.00 114.50	111,50	UNE	OGS 40,0	20 lb; centa/i	be	
	111.00	11270	0	112 <u>25</u> 0		Close	Previous		
	111.00	11270	0	0	Jun	48.075	48,075	High/Low	
	111.00	112.70	₽	-0	Jul	46.125	46.250	46.500 46.500	47.87
					Aug	44.050	44.300	44.30g	45.900
					Dec Dec	40.700 42.775	41,000	41.050	43.700 40.550
-	225			$\overline{}$	Feb	43.575	42,850 43,650	42.875	42,600
-	_		ber 16 1931	= 15%	Apr	42.225	42,850	43.800 42.400	43.550
_	- (DE	Apr.25		yr ago	PORK	BELLES A	10,000 Rd; ca	intern.	42,225
_	Apr.29				. —	Close			
	Apr.29 1808.0	1610.7	. 1612.5	1723.1		Order	Previous	High a	
7	1608.0		. 1612.5 31 1974 =		May	36.025	35,573	High/Low	_
	1608.0 JONES (E	lase; Dec.	31 1974 -	100).	ألاك	35.025 35.025	35,578 35,750	35.800	
	1808.0 JONES (E Apr.28	Base: Dec. Apr.27	31 1974 - mata e g	100). 2 yr ago		36.025 35.025 39.575	35,578 35,750 33,250	35.800 35.800	34.800 34.800
77	CLBOB!	lase; Dec.	31 1974 -	100).	- Aug	35.025 35.025	35,578 35,750	35.800	

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LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Market confident of scaling new high

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. - "-JCo-Table Pl

WORRIES about the biggest ever auction of gilt-edged -23.5bn worth - of stock and concern that the market may have run out of steam were firmly shrugged aside as equities moved tantalisingly close to an all-time closing high.
The FT-SE 100-share index

ended the session 13.9 higher at 2,664.9, with a sizeable plac-ing of Racal Electronics stock and renewed takeover speculation elsewhere in the market the day's chief features.

There was considerable uncertainty around equities at the outset, with dealers still nervous about Wall Street, despite its late rally leaving Tuesday's modest closing gain, and the prospects for the gilt

auction. It was also felt that most of the big trading houses had plenty of stock on board, and would probably be quick to unload if the market turned against them.

While always maintaining a healthy premium over fair value, the performance of the Footsie future was never entirely convincing and kept traders looking over their shoulders for a sharp decline However, developments in mid-morning delivered a sub-stantial boost to confidence.

tion of Treasury 8% per cent stock 2017, was said to have gone exceptionally well. First indications that the gilts offering had been well received coincided with news

The main factor behind this

came from gilts where the auc-

Account	Dealing	Dates
Apr 6	Apr 37	May 17
Apr 23	May 7	May 25
Leat Destings: Apr 24	May B	May 29
May 9	May 19	Jun 8
New-three deaths	ne may take	pince from

ing in Racal Electronics, a block of 130m shares, acquired by Williams Holdings during its unsuccessful bld attempt last year, had been placed with ease by SG Warburg Securities. Warburg was thought to have acquired the stock at 58p and placed them with a broad spread of institutions at 58%p. Specialists said these were snapped up within minutes of

ber of institutions were unhappy at not being given the chance to take up the Racal shares. It was also pointed out that the market's appetite for such a large lump of stock as the Williams stake was a good barometer of the overall mar-

With the Racal stock safely placed and the auction going smoothly institutional buyers moved back into the market driving the Footsie up from its brief excursion into negative territory during early trading to a day's high of 2,673.5 just before the opening of Wall Street. Thereafter the index slipped back to end within 15 points of its all-time closing high and around 19 points below its intraday record.

The Racal placing, which allowing for double counting involved 260m shares, gave a massive boost to stock market turnover which shot up to 869.1m shares. The value of business on Tuesday moved back above £1bn, reaching £1.21bn.

The bank sector saw profittakers move in on Midland, while Barclays fell back amid worries about potential losses from the property sector. Retailing stocks such as Dixons and Kingfisher were hit by bearish noises emanating from County NatWest, while Vodafone, a key component of the poorly performing telephone networks sector, suffered from a profits downgrading from one of the market's most influential agency brokers.

75et 75et Apr Apr Apr 75eet 1992 26 26 27 24 23 Apr 1994 Low 88.61 86.51 66.53 BIL31 85.45 84.92 88.82 85.13 127.40 43.16 (15/4) (1/4) (9/1/35) (3/1/75) 102.94 W/3 107.4 109.2 ET-SE 100 linera 2664.9 2382.7 2679.6 986.9 (29/4) (3/4) (2/9/91) (23/7/14) PT-SE Europeach 200 1224.53 1217.07 1219.54 1213.35 1212.01 COM. Div. Yield ●Earning Yid %(full) ●P/E Ratio(Nat)(☆) 20.07 6.31 6.30 6.32 6.41 19.88 19.63 74.00 SEAQ Bargns 5.00pm Equity Turnover(Dw)† Equity Bargains† 29,278 1209.5 34,604 532.5 32,415 40,078 37,254 981 9 1332.9 1422 3 35,920 44,387 45,023 430.3 530.7 579.9 23,511 788.09 GILT EDGED ACTIVITY 35,920 430.3 indices" Apr 28 Apr 27
 Ordinary Share Index, Housty changes
 Day's High 2061 8
 Day's Low 2063 2

 Open 2065 9
 \$ am 2064.8
 10 am 2071.7
 11 am 2071.7
 12 pm 2077.8
 2 pm 2078.2
 \$ pm 2078.2
 4 pm 2078.2
 Gilt Edged 95.8 84.2 5 - Day average 94.6 94.5 FT-SE 160, Hourly changes Day's High 2673.5 Day's Low 2650.4 "SE Activity 1974. Osan 9 am 10 am 11 am 12 pm 1 pm 2 pm 3 pm 4 pm 2654.4 2653.0 2661.9 2666.8 2666.2 2666.8 2666.8 2666.3 FT-SE Eurotrack 200, Hourty changes Day's High 1227,95 Day's Low 1222.72
 Open 1223_23
 16 am 1224_26
 11 am 1224_15
 12 pm 1225_54
 1 pm 1226_92
 2 pm 1226_92
 3 pm 1226_92

Utilities race ahead

THE LOOMING results season for the utilities and the aboveaverage yield attractions of the water, electricity and power generation stocks triggered a flurry of demand for all three

County NatWest was said to have been among the keenest supporters of the spread of utilities. Mr Rachel Lucas, at County, said the sectors offered considerable potential following the general election result. County especially favours the regional electricity companies and the generators which, according to the broker, stand to gain most from growing perceptions in the market that the recent national grid report on overcapacity is

County was particularly keen on utilities reporting early in the season, including North West Water, up 9 at 422p; South West Water, 6 higher at 421p; Rast Midland Electricity, gaining 6 at 286p; and Norweb Electricity, 8 ahead at 343p. National Power advanced 6 to 227p.

Glaxo gain limited

Pharmaceutical group Glaxo Holdings retreated following the dramatic fall and suspension of shares in Toronto of an

allied company.

Glaxo had started brightly in London, along with the other leading drugs stocks, putting on 18 by midday. However, as Toronto opened, Biochem Pharma, which is developing

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1992

SOME PORT OF SALES INC. OTHER
FDCED RIT. (1) Int-Ain. Dev. 123gpc 2008,
(1) Manmind, IN DG. MATLE.
HIGHER COV. HIGHER TRUME (1) Fd. and 1800, OTHER FDCED BIT. (1) Int-Am. Dev. 123-pp 2903, HIGHER TRUME (1) Int-Am. Dev. 123-pp 2903, HIGHER TRUME (1) Int-Am. Dev. 123-pp 2903, HIGHER TRUME (1) Int-Am. Dev. 123-pp 2903, HIGHER P., Wildhew, BURNESS SERVE, (9) Coolse, Comac, Haye, Hong Rhomen, HIT, B. Wildher, B. W. H. Coolse, College, Levide To Pl., Hickson, KC, Laporis, Leigh, Wholms Rath, Tule Casa. COMMICHERATER (3) Hansen 92-pc CV., Trateliger Hea, De. A. COMT. & CONSTRCTN (10) Ball, Bertosley, Boot, Countryside, How, Laing, De. A. Lewrence W. McCerthy Room, Raine, Smart, Tay Homes, Torex Hire, Wigglin, EleCTRICALS (3) HOC. 101-p ROOL, Hydre, BLECTRICALS (18) AS, ACT. Acom Crepty, Admiral, Alba, Blick, Bowthers, Delpions, E. Toompte, Europherm, Farrand, GEC, Grassby, INSTEM, ISA. Legica, Misy, Telementry, MacRed, GS Br. Agro. 71-pc Pl., Dowly, Hundrig 81-p L 1902, Celle, (10) Advence, SSS, Barry
Canita, Comer. Have, Moor Rhose.
MOSS, Section, CHESCALS (13) 50C.
BTP, Br. Vita, Canning, Crods, Doellex.
Evode 7p PL, Nickson, ICI, Laponii, Lingii,
CONCLOSERATER (2) Hanson Shoc CV.
Tratalger Hos., Do. A. CONT. & CONSTRCTN
(14) Ball, Berlosley, Boot, Countryside, How,
Laing, Do, A, Lawrence W, McCorry &
Hire Winning Pt PCTRICALS (5) BICC 10 LD
Cv. 2020, Burnfield, Emess 5 upc PL, Jones
Broud Voles, ULBSTRICTY (2) Normal,
Scot Hydro, ELECTRONICS (18) AB, ACT.
Howthorns, Diology, Prognos, Eurocom,
Ferrenti, GEC, Graseby, INSTEM, ISA,
Logica, Misys, Telemetrix, ENG. AERO.
Of Br. Aero. 74 pc PL, Dowly, Huming 8 4 pc
Wmiler Conceptric Fadie, FIG. Folker.
Hall, Hobson, Plasmec, Protesn, Rotork,
Siebe, Spiran-Sarco, Sykes-Polert, TT,
(Tantier Tech., Vosper, FOOD MARKET
RETAC BIG (1) Thorntons, HEALTH &
HSCHOLD. (C) Beepak, Community Hosp.,
Huntleigh Tech., Jayes, Scholl, HOTELS
The Of the 77s on Dr. Commission's Whitestale.
NS. COMPOSITE (1) Dom. & Gen., BIV.
TRUSTS (83) Alberry, Berry Starquest, Bets.
Globel Em. Mids., Br. Assets, City & Comm.,
Rec. Did Growth Departs Inc. FFM IDC.
Zero Pt., Electra, Eng. Nati. Detri., Equity
Consort, Exeter Prid. Cap., First Philippine.
hing, Eq. Mids., Firms. Fleag., Firms. Page for the Zone of Greene Scot Life. Do.
Zero PL G'more Vebre Zero PL. General
Cons. Inc., Do Stopd. Pf., Govett Strage.
Hong Kong, i & 9 Opt. Inc., Do. Zero Pl.
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Do Wood Bland & Mary Tet Stood, Pl.,
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8.3-13.2pc Ptg., Seat. & Merc. A. Scot. Armer.,
6.3-13.3pc Ptg., Scot. & Merc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Eastern, Scot. Inv., Scot. Mortg., Scot.
83-13-3pp Ptg., Scot. & Mert. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Eastern, Scot. Inv., Scot. Mortg., Scot. Natl. Zero Pt., Second. Alliance, Shires. Sobere Zero Pt. TR City of Lon., TR Fax
83-13.3pc Pig., Sont. & Merc. A., Scot. Amer., Sont. Eastern, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morrig., Scot. Natt. Zero Pi, Second Alliance, Shires. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far East Inc., TR High Inc., TR Tech., Stood.
5.3-13.3p Pig., Scot. & Merr., A., Scot. Amer., Scot. Essiem, Scot. Inv., Scot. Mortg., Scot. Nat. Zero Pig., Second. Alliance, Shrees. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far East Inc., TR High Inc., TR Tect., Stpod. Pt., D., Zero Pt., Templeton Eorry, Mics.
E.3-13 page Pig., Scor. As Marr. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Ession, Scot. Ession, Scot. Mr., Scot. Morr., Morr., Scot. Morr., Mor
5.3-13.5c Pig. Scot. & Merc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essistri, Scot. Inv., Scot. Mortg., Scot. Nat. Zero Pig., Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far. East Inc., TR High Inc., TR Tech., Stepel. Pl., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Earty, Mint. D. tep Ln. 2017, Throgmatics, Writte, D. tep Ln. 2017, Throgmatics, Whittered Inc., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA (9) Eurosmoney, Headline Book, Johnston
5.3-13.5p Pg., Scot. & Merr., A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Amer., Scot. Essien, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morig., Scot. Nat. Zero Pt., TR. City of Lon., TR Far. Sphere Zero Pt., TR. City of Lon., TR Far. Beat Inc., Th. High Inc., TR Tech., Stppd. Pt., Da. Zero Pt., Templeton Earty, Mics. Write., Do. 1pc Ln. 2001, Terrognaction, Whithread Inv., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA (R) Euromoney, Headings Book, Johnston Press, Stanfall, Scot. TV, TVS Ent., Thrity,
6.2-13.3cp Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. Amer., Soot. Eastern, Soot. Inv., Soot. Morr., Morr.
5.3-19.3cp Pig., Scot. & Mert., A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essistra, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morrig., Scot. Nat. Zero Pig., Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far. Beat Inc., Th High Inc., Th Tech. Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Emp., Micas. Writa., Do. to Lo. 2017, Templeton Emp., Micas. Writa. Do. to Lo. 2017, Templeton Emp., Micas. (Sp. Lo. 2017, Templeton Emp., Micas.) (Sp. Lo. 2017, Micas.) (Sp.
5.3-19.3p Pig., Scot. & Merc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essiero, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morig., Scot. Nat. Zero Pig., Secon. Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far East, Inc., TR High Inc., TR Tech. Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Easty. Mids. Writs., Do. top Ln. 2001, Templeton Easty. Mids. Writs. Do. top Ln. 2001, Templeton, Whithread Inv., Yeoman Inc. Cip., MEDIA (2) Euromoney, Headline Book, Johnston Press, Sessich, Scot. TV, TVS Ert., Trivity, Weishoughs, Millichant Bankos (8) Berlings-Panc Pt., Pes. Bron., Schrodinto. Singer B. Flancker, MIT. Berlings Asia. Exp. 2001, State Cook Wim., Triples, Lloyd.
5.2-13.3cs Pig., Scot. A Merr. A. Scot. Amer. 5.2-13.3cs Pig., Scot. Merr. A. Scot. Amer. 5.2-13.3cs Pig., Scot. Inv., Scot. Morr. 5.5ct. Merr. 6.5ct. Merr. 6.5c
5.3-19.3cp Pig., Scot. & Merc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essistra, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morrig., Scot. Nat. Zero Pig., Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Faz. Beat Inc., TR High Inc., TR Tech. Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Energ. Mica. Write. Do. to Lo. 2017, Templeton Energ. Mica. Write. Do. to Lo. 2017, Templeton Energ. Mica. Grant Sphere (Control of Control of Cont
5.3-19.3cp Pg., Scot. & Merc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essiern, Scot. Inv., Scot. Mortg., Scot. Nat. Zero Pt., Second Alliance, Shreet. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far East Inc., Th High Inc., TR Tech. Spped. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Energ. Mids. Wirts., Do. Le La. 2001, Throgharden, Whithread Inv., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA (P. Lance, Marine), Heading Book, Johnston Prace, Seatchi, Scot. TV, TVS Ent., Trinity, Welmourgh, Alexical Book, Johnston Prace, Seatchi, Scot. TV, TVS Ent., Trinity, Welmourgh, Alexical Book, Johnston Prace, Seatchi, Scot. TV, TVS Ent., Trinity, Welmourgh, Alexical Book, Johnston Garrier, Will. & Lacy, Br. C. Shael, Cook Wim., Triples, Lloyd, Brace, Tilly Alrapturg Furn., Ball. Comwell Parker A. Distale Heat, Front, Headiam, Heritage, Hotders Tech., Isotron, Pontand, Pfeller Garnay, Pmelifon Potts., Shanks
1.2-13 Jose Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. Amer., Soot. Essistin, Soot. Inv., Soot. Morr., Soot. Marr., Soot. Marr., Soot. Marr., Soot. Morr., Soot. Sphere Zero Pt., Th City of Lov. Stope. Essistince, Th Light Inc., Th Tech., Stope. Pt., Det. 2007. The Light Inc., The Tech., Stope. Writz., Do. Egy Pt., Tempheton Essig. Mins., Writz., Do. Egy Dt., 2007. Throughout Essisting Marr., Throgson. Mins., The Lov. Throughout Marr., Marr. Marr., Marr
5.2-19.3cp Pig., Scot. & Merc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essistra, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morrig., Scot. Nat. Zero Pig., Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Fas. Essistra, Pr. High Inc., TR Tech., Stppd. Pt., Do., Zero Pt., Templeton Essey, Mirta. Do. top Ln. 2017, Terognation, Whithread Inv., Yeoman Inc., Cap., MEDIA 20 Euromore, Headline Book, Johnston Press, Sestini, Soot. TV. TUS Ent., Trivity, Welmough, AEBNCHART BANCS (B Bernings Ph. De. P., Res. Bros., Schnoders. Singal Frencher, Str., Bernings, Professor (4) Ann. & Lacy, Sr. Sasel, Cook Wm., Triptes, Lloyd, MSC. (15) Altopump Furn., BAT. Commell Parker A, Dickle Hest, Frost, Headlam, Herlinge, Holder Tech., Isotron. Pendand., Pizzard Garnia, Presidence, Walher Chank, Morriott Spin, Business, Walher Chank, Morriott Spin, Business, Walher Chank, Morriott Spin, Business, Walher Chank, Morriott Spin, Auton Rubber, Cathyra, Cook.
5.3-19.3cp Pg., Scot. & Marc. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essistra, Scot. Inv., Scot. Mortg., Scot. Nat. Zero Py., Second Alliance, Shreet. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Far. Beat Inc., Th High Inc., TR Tech., Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Energ. Mics. Writz., Do. Le La. 2007. The Topicarion, Whithread Inc., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA (1) European, Headline Book, Johrston Press, Sanichi, Soot. TV, TVS Ent., Trivity, Westpoughs, AERICHART RANGS (9) Barrings Palace Pt., Res. Strot., Schroders. Singer B. Frieder, WEST, A. RET. FORDERS (4) Am. S. Frieder, WEST, A. RET. FORDERS (4) Am. S. Frieder, WEST, A. RET. Hortelland, C. A. M. Strot., Schroders. Singer B. Frieder, WEST, T. R. RET. Forders (4) Am. S. Frieder, WEST, TS, Hart. B. A. Commedia. Proc. Hortelland, Proc. Hortelland, Shanis A. McChena, Strot. Business, Wester Charm. Strot. Business, Wester Charm. Cock. DC, GNI, Pendeagon, Parry, Pication, Guicha, TA, N. G. E. Gas (6) Burnal, Soci.
6.2-13.3cs Pig., Scot. & Merz. A. Scot. Amer. 6.2-13.3cs Pig., Scot. Merz. A. Scot. Amer. Natl. Zoro P.J., Saccod Alliance, Shree. Sphere Zero P.L. TR City of Low. Sphere Zero P.L. TR City of Low. P.J. Do. Zero P.J. Templeton Energ. Mins. Writa. Do. 19 Lo. 2017, Tarogmarine, Pill Ecomospoy, Headline Book, Johnson Press. Sastelli, Scot. TV, TVS Ert., 1115/V, Weighoughs, Mellightant Bakets (B. Bangs Bloo. P.J., Res. Bros., Schrockette, Bros. Str. Str. Sphere Loyd, BERG. (18) Alexynum Purn., BAT. Commen. Parters A. Ditale Hees, Frost, Headlen, Parters A. Ditale Hees, Frost, Headlen, Parters A. Str. Basiness, William Portland, Bloom Str. Str. Str. Sphere, Berg. Str. Str. Str. Sphere, Letter Commen. Berg. Str. Str. Str. Sphere, Letter Commen. Berg. Str. Str. Str. Str. Politics Berg. Str. Str. Str. Str. Berg. Cook. Co. Child, Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Co. Child, Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Co. Child, Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Cond. Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Cook. Cook. Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Cook. Cook. Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Cook. Cook. Pendsagor, Part. Cook. Coo
5.2-19.3cp Pig., Sont. & Marc. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Essistra, Soct. Inv., Soct. Morrig., Soc. Nat. Zero Pig., Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Fas. Essistra, Soc. High Pig., Pig. Ti Ceth. Sipped. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templeton Essey, Micro. De Lo. 2017, Throgmorion, Whithread Inv., Yeoman Inc., Cap., MEDINA 29 Estrongery, Headline Book, Johnston Press, Sestich!, Soct. TV. TUS Ent., Trivity, Welmough, Alegadhart Bancs of Bernings Palace Pt., Res. Bros., Schroders. Singer In Fluenter, MEDIL, Amer. Fortillated (4) Jan. & Lacy, Sr. Sasel, Cook Wm., Triptes, Lloyd, MRSC. (15) Altegroung Furm. BAT. Commell Parter A. Dickle Hest, Frost, Headlam, Herlinge, Holder Tech., Isotron, Pendand., Pizzer Garnia, Presiden Potts., Shanks & McDung, Stm. Business, Walker Ghank, Morrors Gr. Avon Rubber, Cathyra, Cook. DC, GNU, Pandeagon, Parry, Plandon, Ouchs., TAN. GR. & GAS (4) Burmalt, Gost. Klipsaxo, Shed Top Pt., OTHER FINIC. (7) Gerrard & Neil, InveScot Mills, Do. Spc. Soo., No. S. & L. Schill, No. Spc. Soo., No. S. & L. Schill, No. Spc. Soo., No. S. & L. S. & Dirth New Court.
18-3-13 Jaco Pig., Sout. A Mart. A. Soot. Amer., Soot. Ession, Soot. Ession, Soot. Misco. Soot. Mort.
6.2-13 Jose Pig., Scort. A Merr. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Essistra, Scot. Inv., Scot. Morr., Scot. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lov. Sphere. Best Inc., Th High Inc., TR Tech. Stpot. Pt., Dept. 2007. Transparence Essign, Mine. Pt., De La. 2007. Transparence Essign, Mine. Writa. Do. Epp. La. 2007. Transparence Essign, Mine. Writa. Do. Epp. La. 2007. Transparence Essign, Mine. Mine. Pt. La. 2007. Transparence Essign, Mine. Mi
5.2-19.3cp Pig., Sont. & Marc. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Essistra, Soot. Inv., Soot. Morrig., Soc. Nat. Zoro P., 19. Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Fas. Essistra, P. High Inc., The Tech. Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templetone Essig. Mints. De Le. 2017, Thrognomics. Mints and Long. Personal Inc., Cop., Misthead Ins., Yeoman Inc., Cop., Misthead Ins., High Essistra, Str., Thritty, Westmaugh, Alegaria, Handle Book, Johnston Prese, Seatch!, Soot. TV. TUS Ent., Thritty, Westmaugh, Alegaria, Handle Book, Johnston Singar I. Flumber, MEST. & Mills., Toffmand (4) Ann. & Lacy, Sr. Sasel, Cook Wim., Triptes Lloyd, Mist., Lings, Str., Str., Business, Walher Charlet, Microsoft, Outches, Tan, Ga, S. & Li, Smith New Court, Outches, Te., Str., Str., Business, Microsoft, College, Str., Bost Top., Parket, Col. New York, S. & Li, Smith New Court, On. Cr. P., Others Midt., Martis, (18) Er., De Ying, De Yers, Newtonics, Morgan Charlet, De Ying, De Yers, Newtonics, Morgan Charlet, De Yang, Petr, Newtonics, Morgan Charlet, De Yang, Petr, Newtonics, Morgan Charlet, De Paper, Newtonics, Morgan Charl
16.2-12 Jaco Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Essient, Sout. Essient, Sout. Inv., Soot. Morr., Soot. Mers., Soot. Essient, Sout. Essient, Sout. Inv., Soot. Morr., Soot. Nat. Zoro P.I., Saccoad Alfance. Shares. Spele Dec. 1919. Soot. Morr. Shares. Spele Dec. 1919. Soot. Morr. Shares. Spele Dec. 1919. Soot. No. 1919. Soot. The Spele Dec. 1919. Soot. No. 1919. Soot. The Spele Dec. 1919. Soot. No. 1919. No. 19
52-13 Jose Pig., Sont. & Merz. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Essistra, Soct. Inv., Soct. Merg., Soc. Essistra, Soct. Inv., Soct. Merg., Soc. Services. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Low. Sphere. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Low. Sphere. Sphere. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Low. Sphere. Sphe
52-19.3go Pig., Sont. & Marc. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Essistin, Soot. Inv., Soot. Morrig., Soc. Nat. Zero Pig., Second Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Fas. Essistinc, TR High Inc., TR Tech., Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templetion Essig. Mins. Write. Do. top Ln. 2017, Thrognation, Whithread Ins., Yeoman Inc., Cap., MEDIA 29 Estimates, Headlines, Headlines, Headlines, Headlines, Sestichi, Soot. TV. TUS Ent., Thritty, Westmaugh, Alegachart Bakes, Schreicher, Singar B. Flunder, HERT. & HERT Toffmand (4) Anh. & Lacy, Sr. Sasel, Cook Wm., Triptes, Lloyd, MRSC. (15) Alterpump Furn. BAT. Commell Parter A. Binkle Heet, Frost, Headlam, Hertlage, Holder Tech., Isotron. Pendand., Pizzer Germa, Precition Potts., Shanks & McScan, Str., Business, Walker Chart., MOTORS (9) Avon Rubber, Cathyna, Cook. DC. (2017, Pandeagon, Parry, Plandon, Out-Se. Té. No. S. & GAS (4) Burmals, Gost. Klepsan, Shen Top Pt., Christ. Pinc. (17) Germari & Nati., NVESCO MIM, Do. Spc. 7500, M. & G. & L. S. mish New Court., Dr. Cr. Pt., Others Ribl., Martis, (18) ETR. Da. Writs, Do. Writs, Do. Writs, Polymer, Do. Writs, Do. Do. P. P. P. P. CHOMO, P.
18.2-13.266 Pig., Sort. A Merr. A. Soct. Amer. 18.2-13.266 Pig., Sort. Merr. A. Soct. Amer. 18.2-13.266 Pig., Sort. Merr. Soct. Merr. 18.2-19.266 Soc. Inv., Soct. Merr. 18.2-19.266 Soc. Inv., Soc. Inv., Soc. Merr. 18.2-19.266 Soc. Inv., Soc. Inv., Soc. Merr. 18.2-19.266 Soc. Inv., Soc. Merr. 18.2-266 Soc. Merr. 18.2-266 Soc. Inv., Soc. Merr. 18.2-266 Soc. Merr. 18.2-267 Soc. Merr. 18.2-267 Soc. Merr. 18.2-267 Soc. Merr. 18.2-267 S
5.2-13.2cc Pig., Scor. & Merr. A. Scot. Amer., 5.2-13.2cc Pig., Scor. & Merr. A. Scot. Amer., 5.2-13.2cc Pig., Scor. & Merr. & Scot. Merr., Scot. Merr., Scot. Merr., Scot. Merr., Scot. Sphere Zero P., TR City of Low. Sphere. Sphere Zero P., TR City of Low. Sphere. Sphere Zero P., TR City of Low. Sphere. Spher
52-13.26 Pig., Sont. & Marc. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Science, Soci. Essisten, Soci. Inv., Soci. Morrig., Soci. Soci. Essisten, Soci. Inv., Soci. Morrig., Soci. Sci. Soci. Sphere Series, P., Saccod Alliance, Sheree. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Lon., TR Fas. Beat Inc., Th High Inc., The Tech. Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templetion Essig. Mice. Write. Do. to L. 2017, The Tech. Stppd. Pt., Do. Zero Pt., Templetion Essig. Mice. Write. Do. to L. 2017, The Tech. Stppd. Pt. Do. Zero Pt., Templetion Essig. Mice. Mice. Senichi, Soci. TV, TUS Ent., Thritish, Pig. Essig. Senichi, Soci. TV, TUS Ent., Thritish, Pig. Bernings Ph. De Pt., Res. Stoc. TV, TUS Ent., Thritish, Pig. Bernings Ph. De Pt., Res. Stoc. Schroderis. Singlet B. Flemder: SET. & MICT. FORTHERS (4) Ann. & Lacy, Sr. Sacel, Cook Wm., Tripida Lloyd, Sing. C. 150, Alapsurup Farr., BAT. Commelli Parter A. Dichile Heet, Frost, Headlam, Herlinge, Holder Tech. Instrum. Pendiand., Pitter Garrias, Presiden Potts., Shanks & McDean, Str., Benjeses, Walher Giberts, MOTORS (9) Avon Rubber, Cathyra, Cook D., Gott, Pancleggor, Parry, Pizzdon, Culcha, MOTORS (9) Avon Rubber, Cathyra, Cook D., Gott, Pancleggor, Parry, Pizzdon, Culcha, TAN, CR. & GAS (4) Burmalt, Gott, Morris, San Top. P., Patter, Culcha, Pendian, D. Spe. Top., Motoronics, Scapa, Servenses, Staveley, Visten, Williams, Pig. Pt., Nactoronics, Scapa, Servenses, Staveley, Visten, Williams, Seri Cowelle, Smith DS, PROP. (6) EDA. O. & Assec, C. Selekan, Ches An Devas., How Annual College, Conf., Court., Compt., Siender, New Annual Col., Scapa, Servenses, Staveley, Visten, Williams, Seri Cowelle, Smith DS, PROP. (6) EDA. O. & Assec, C. Selekan, Ches An Devas., How Annual College, Court., Court., Compt., Compt., Colon., Colo
18-7-13 See Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., 18-7-13 See Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., 18-7-13 See Pig., Sour. I Merr., Soc. Merry., Soc. Not. Zoro PI, Second Affaince. Shares. Sphere Zero P. I. Ricky of the Shares. Share
5.2-13 Jose Pig., Sont. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., Soct. Essistra, Soct. Inv., Soct. Morrig., Soc.) Natl. Zoro P., Tay, Sacond Alliance, Shreet. Sphere Zero P., TR City of Low. White Low. In the Sphere White Low. In the Sphere White Low. In the Low. White Low. In the Low. Sphere Spher Sphere Sphere Sphere Sphere Sphere Sphere Sphere Sphere Sphere
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isonthorne, Diplome, Ercompet, Eurofferm, Ferrand, GEV, Grassaby, INSTEM, ISA, ACRICA, Misry, Telemetrix, ENG, AERG, AC, 1982, Misry, Telemetrix, ENG, AERG, GP, Br. Asro, 7, Telemetrix, ENG, AERG, GP, Br. Asro, 7, Telemetrix, ENG, AERG, GP, Br. Asro, 7, Telemetrix, ENG, AERG, HI, Hobbon, Plasmetr, Power, BSS, Barry WrimBer, Concartrix, Ends, FR, Folker, Hall, Hobbon, Plasmetr, FPORD MARHIF, Slabs, Spiran-Sarco, Syles-Power, Transfer Teach, Vosper, FPORD MARHIF, C) Finley, Linson Park, Northern, FPOR MARHIF, C) Finley, Linson Park, Northern Mark, The Markey, Brancher, Spiral, Markey, Bernselen's, Whitegala, BLESS, (8) Airtours, First Leis, Chouse Mod Type H, De, 72 pc PF, Emmedian's, Whitegala, St. COMPOSITE (1) Dom. 3 Gen., 897. FINLSTE (SR) Albacy, Berry Sturquest, Betts Global Em. Miss., Br. Assets, City & Comm., Top: Thistony, Roce Ph. Growth, Dunedin Inc., EFM Inc. Zero PH, Green, Berry, England, Common, Berry, Miss, Prop. Eng., Fin. Miss., Prop. Eng., Fin. Philippina, Do. Zero PH, Griner Scot, Uhs, Do. Zero PH, Griner Scot, District Philippina, Philippina, Do. Zero PH, Miss., New Fronthers S'apé 2010, Philippina, Do. Zero PH, Griner Scot, Brain, Philippina, Philippina, Do. Zero PH, Griner Scot, Brain, Andrews, Missinghamart, Takenn, Sprace, Martay Scribt, Miss., New Fronthers S'apé 2010, Philippina, Do. Zero PH, Templeton Engl., Missinghamart, Scot, Philippina, Do. Zero PH, Templeton Eng., Missinghamart, Scot, Philippina, Do. Wirts, Rhey Scot, Mortg., Scot, Amer., Scot, Mortg., Scot, Amer., Scot, Mortg., Scot, Amer., Standard, Scot, Ph., Pacadono,
18.2-13.2cc Pig., Sont. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., 18.2cc Pig., Sont. Merr., Soct. Merr., Soct. Service.
E.3-13 390 Ptg., Scot. & Merr. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Ession, Scot. Inv., Stot. Merry., Scot. Merry., Mer
1.2-13.26.2 Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. Amer., Soot. Eastern, Soot. Inv., Soot. Morr., Mor
5.2-13 Jose Pig., Sont. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., Soc. Essistra, Soct. Inv., Soct. Morrig., Soc.) Natl. Zoro P., Tay, Sacond Alliance, Shreet. Sphere Zero P., TR City of Low. Sphere Zero P., Tra City of Low. Whitersed inv., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA P., Do. Zero P., Templeton Energ. Mide. Whitersed inv., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA P. Commons., Headline Book, Johnston Press, Sastchil, Soc. TV. TVS Err., Thirty: Westpaughs, MERICHART SANCS (G Berlings P. Low. Sastchil, Soc. TV. TVS Err., Thirty: Westpaughs, MERICHART SANCS (G Berlings P. Low. Sastchil, Soc. TV. TVS Err., Thirty: Westpaughs, MERICHART SANCS (G Berlings P. Low. Sastchil, Soc. TV. TVS Err., Sort. Self-Cap. Sanction, Sanction Self-Cap. Sanction, Schrocians Self-Cap. Self-Cap. Sanction, Sanction Parker A, Dickle Hees, Frost, Hoseldon, Hertingen Holder Fuch., Isotron, Shanks Peterd Garras, Previous Potential Loyd, Morrison Sanction Peterd Garras, Previous Potential Col. Soc. Gold, Petersen, Society, Media Peterden, Sanction Peterden, Sanction Sanc
1.23-12 3pp Ptg., Scot. As Mart. A. Scot. Amer., Scot. Ession, Scot. Ession, Scot. Mr., Scot. Merry., Scot. Merry. Merry., Scot. Merry.
1.2-13.262 Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. Amer. 1.2-13.262 Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. Amer. 1.2-13.262 Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. Amer. 1.2-13.262 Pig., Sour. & Merr. A. Soot. 1.2-13.262 Pig., Sour. & Merr. & Merr. 1.2-13.262 Pig., Sour. 1.2-13.262 Pig., Pactomo.
5.2-13.20c Pig., Son. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., 5.2-13.20c Pig., Son. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., 5.2-13.20c Pig., Son. & Merr. A. Soct. Amer., 5.20c. Sestima, Soct. Inv., Soct. Morrig., Soc. 1. Soc. & Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Low. 5. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Low. 5. Sphere Zero Pt., TR City of Low. 6. Sphere Zero Pt., Th City of Low. 6. Sphere Zero Pt., The City of Low. 6. Sphere Zero Pt., The City of Low. 6. Whitersed inv., Yeoman Inc. Cap., MEDIA 6. Discomment, Headline Book, Johnston 6. Whitersed inv., Yeoman Book, Johnston 6. Presser, Mellightant's Bakers (G. Berlings 6. Statistics, Soc. TV., TVS. Str., Thrity, 6. Statistics, September & Soc. 6. Sphere Str., September & Str., 6. Str., Thrity, 6. Str., September & Str., Sphere & Str., 6. Sphere & Str., September & Str., 6. Sphere & Str., Sphere & Str., 6. Sphere & S
1.2-13.26 Pig., Son. A Merr. A. Soct. Amer. 1.2-13.26 Pig., Son. I. Merr. A. Soct. Amer. 1.2-13.26 Pig., Son. Inv., Soct. Morr. 1.2-14.26 Pig., Son. Inv., Son. Merr. 1.2-14.26 Pig., Pac. College. 1.2-14.26 Pig., Son. Merr. 1.2-14.26 Pi

its 3TC anti-Aids drug exclusively for Glazo, requested a suspension after seeing its shares plunge, and talk in the London market erroneously put this down to problems with the new drug.

The group's request came as a result of rumours that it had at 352p. Racal held at 60%p. run into difficulties with a share placement, due to be made by US broking house Morgan Stanley yesterday. Biochem was reported to be planning to issue a statement last night dismissing the rumours, with a view to a lifting of the trading suspension today. Glazo was eventually a net 2 up at 738p.

Banks weaker

Trade in Midland Bank slowed to only 8.1m shares, compared with 27m on Tuesday, as the market continued to take on board implications of the bid situation. The stock slipped 7% to 386%p after the bank again recommended the offer from Hongkong and

Shanghai Banking.

Analysts suggested that there may be sizeable arbitrage trade between shares in Lloyds and Midland over the next few months, with prices reflecting whether investors believe the Lloyds bid will succeed. At present the cheapest way into a combined Lloyds/Midland group is through Midland.

Barclays declined 6 to 347p on continuing worries about its exposure to the debt of prop-

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

Figures in parentheses show number stocks per section

21 CONSUMER CHOUP (184)

22 Brewers and Distillers (24)

25 Food Manufacturing (17)... 26 Food Retailing (18)...... 27 Health and Household (24) 29 Hotels and Leisure (20).....

46 Telephone Networks(4)

49 INDUSTRIAL GROUP (483)

61 FINANCIAL GROUP (87)...

66 Insurance (Composite) (7) ... 67 Insurance (Brokers) (10) ... 68 Merchant Banks (7)

47 Water(10)......48 Miscellaneous (22)

51 0il & Gas (17)... 59 500 SHARE INDEX (500)..

69 Property (33)

British Gore

1 Up to 5 years (27)..

70 Other Financial (15)...

71 Investment Trusts (70).

39 ALL-SHARE INDEX (657).

FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEXA .

FIXED INTEREST

122.22 +0.08 122,12

irredeemables (6) ... 163.47 +0.19 163.16 -0.06 All stocks (67) ... 135.41 +0.13 135.24 1.60

2 5-15 years (25) ... 137.58 +0.16 137.34 3 Over 15 years (9) ... 150.15 +0.12 149.97

5 All stocks (67) ... 135.41 +0.13 135.24

Index-Linked
6 Up to 5 years (2)... 169.17 +0.03 169.12
7 Over 5 years (9)... 146.25 +0.21 145.94
8 All stocks (11) ... 148.27 +0.17 149.00

9 Dels & Lazas (62) . 119.39 +0.09 119.46

29 Hotels and Leisure (20)
30 Media (25)
31 Packagins, Paper & Printing (17)
34 Stores (33)
35 Textiles (10)
40 GTHER GROUPS (116)
41 Business Services (17)
42 Chemicals (22)
43 Conglomerates (11)
44 Transport (14)

1 CAPITAL 6000S (179).

5 Electronics (29) ...

erty company Olympia & York. Institutional buyers snapped up Williams Holdings' 9.8 per cent stake in Racal, the 130m shares being placed by S.G. Warburg at 58%p. Williams, which collected £81m from the sale, closed 7 firmer RTZ jumped 23 to 635p in brisk turnover of 2.9m. There was talk that a strike in Chile, the world's largest copper pro-ducer, could benefit RTZ, and also that the company had sold part of its industrial division. Speculation of a takeover offer from Minorco lifted Lonrho 7 to 98p. British Airways were in demand ahead of the company's annual meeting later this month. The shares jumped 9 to 280p as a hefty

9.2m shares were traded. Vodafone slipped 6 to 351p in busy volume of 5.6m as James Capel downgraded the tele-Fisons, up 18 at 384p, led a

strong drugs sector, with the market keen to anticipate a positive decision by the US Food and Drugs Adminstra-tion, which is examining Fisons' Holmes Chapel facility. Presentations by Wellcome over the next few days, and in the US next week, ahead of its

rise 7 to 1036p.
Whitbread "A" climbed 15 to 457p, outperforming the rest of the sector on hopes of recov-Court, said Whithread has the

⁰ The Financial Times Ltd 1992. Compiled by the Financial Times Ltd

Wednesday April 29 1992

6.02 5.75 5.76 6.82 6.01 4.07 6.46 6.81

3.65

10%-7-4 Medium 5 Common 6 (8%-10% %) 7 High 8 Coupum 9 (12%-) 1 Irredeter

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AVERAGE GROSS
PEREMPTING VIELDS

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FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

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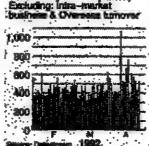
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share issue helped the stock



Equity Shares Traded Turnover by vokume (million)



most recovery potential among national brewers.

UBS Phillips & Drew took Travis Perkins, which reported results in line with expectations yesterday, off its buy list following the builders merchant's recent good run. The shares were unchanged at 224p. The broker is recommending a switch into Wolseley, off 8 at 453p, or Meyer International, down 3 at 415p.

ery. Mr Mike McCarthy, brewing analyst at Smith New agency broker in Costain Group - one of 1.4m shares at

17.51 144.50 144.50 144.62 153.62 154.61 753.38 759.54 751.46 819.00 152.89 80.51 44.26 1481.02 1502.84 1474.35 1535.42 13.45 504.46 513.09 1503.84 553.54 142.5 509.76 509.00 477.67 123.81 4.25 509.76 700.76 700.89 710.17 1001.76 153.12 252.23 250.71 242.78 287.88 11.14 1227.81 1223.14 1223.31 1223.31

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11.67 11.64 11.43

- 11.14 1221 30 1233.15 1221.32 1212.00

81%p and another of 25m at 82p - lifted the day's turnover for the stock to 8.5m. The shares put on 2 to 81n.

Selected construction issues advanced on offical figures showing a rise in orders for the first quarter.

The long-awaited finance deal between Greycoat and a consortium of banks for the property group's Embankment Place development in central London lifted the shares 7

to 61p.
Talk that ICI's first-quarter results today will contain some good news pushed the shares 11 higher to 1381p. A shortage of stock in BOC Group

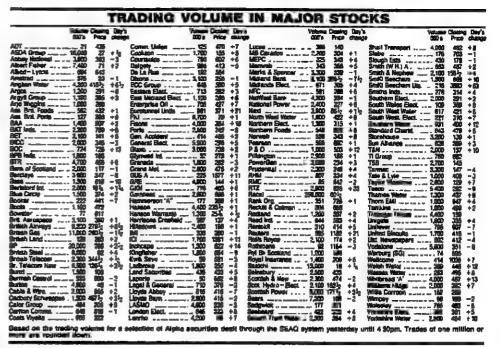
squeezed it up 13 to 728p. Among supermarkets, Tesco receded 9 to 282p on turnover of 5.4m following a recommendation by BZW to switch into J. Sainsbury. The latter was unchanged at 433p as the sector continued to react nervously to Credit Lyonnais Laing's criticism of property valuation and accounting poli-

Dixons was off just a penny at 256p in hefty turnover of 3.1m shares after recovering most of and early loss caused by a profits downgrade from County NatWest

MARKET REPORTERS: Joel Kibazo, Colin Millham, Christopher Price.

Other market statistics, Page 21.

ERITISM FUNDS



EQUITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS TRADING

STOCK index futures moved forward yesterday to break through the 2,700 level for the first time this year, though volatility in trading saw it end below the day's high point. writes Joel Kibazo.

The June contract on the FT-SE started the session at 2,688, at a 33-point premium to the underlying cash market and a slight someone saw the contract advance to touch 2,700 by mid-morning.

ERITISK FUNDS - Covt.

Nerves appeared to have set in on that advance and profittaking saw June retreat to 2,677 by mid-session, tracking the cash market, which was also in decline.

However, sentiment changed again in the early afternoon when June was once more in demand helped by a positive Wall Street - and this time the 2,700 mark was firmly passed, June accelerating to reach 2,707.

June closed below the session's high at 2,696, just one point above its estimate fair value premium to cash of about 18. Turnover though was poor at 5,936, In traded options, turnover

reached 43,468 with trading in stock options accounting for much of the day's total. The FT-SE 100 option traded a mere 9,113 lots, well below expectations ahead of its

expiry today.

MAITTEN FUNDS - Cont.

LONDON SHARE SERVICE

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BAHRAIN

The FT proposes to publish this survey on June 2 1992. This survey will look depth at BAHRAIN and how the country is developing. It will be of particular interest to the 54% of Chief Executives in Europe's largest companies who read the FT, which is read in over 160 countries worldwide. If you

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Welk Guide to London Share Service Coving and-pices are charm in peace printed attinuous study. Highe and lows are based on intra-day mid-prices.

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FINANCIAL TIMES THURSDAY APRIL 30 1992 | But | Direct | Dire FT MANAGED FUNDS SERVICE Rotinschild Asset Management - Contid.

OCCT | Self | Self | 11 der | de OFFSHORE AND OVERSEAS BERMUDA (STB RECOGNISED) | Fidelity | Munery Franch | Prior | P GUERNSEY (REGULATED)(**) | Compared Services | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 13.5 | 1 CANADA (STB RECOGNISED) | Previous Lin | Small victoria | Previous | GRC Assect Management.
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CURRENCIES, MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS

FINANCIAL FUTURES AND OPTIONS

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LONDON (LIFFE)

26-YEAR 1% HOTTONIAL GILT 550,000 32mb at 200%

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Mixed feelings about dollar

A PUBLIC holiday in Japan ensured that yesterday was the quietest day in some time on the foreign exchange markets. US government may have But compounding the slowness of trading was continued uncertainty about the dollar, which held to a narrow trading range throughout the day. unites James Blitz.

Traders continued to feel iaded about the US currency in the wake of a mixed batch of economic indicators, none of which has conferred the seal of approval on the expected economic recovery. On Tuesday, indicators showed a 2 per cent rise in GDP in the first quarter but were disappointing on the issue of new home sales, which

plunged 14.8 per cent in March. The picture was darkened vesterday by disappointing US income data, in which most March gains were concentrated in the farm sector rather than

industry.
The dollar ended a touch firmer against the D-Mark at DM1.6565, up from DM1.6555, but never broke out of its trading range. In Europe, however traders may have stayed their hand in anticipation of figures for quarterly refunding of Treasury bonds, which came

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CUR	_		ATES
Apr 29	Bank a rate	Special Drawle Rights	a Currency
icerling J.S. Dollar Januarian S. Januarian Sch. Januari Krose Januari Krose	3 50 7 49 7 50 8 50 9 50 8 00	0 77357 1.3701 1 6378 16 009 46 760 8 7862 2 2756 2 5596 7 6715	6 1.24131 9 1.48225 9 14.3414

OTHER CURRENCIES

Apr 29	£	5
Argentina .	17565 - 17595	0,9900 - 0 9910
Anatalla	2.3355 - 2.3375	
Brazi	4170 95 - 4173 65	
Finland	7 9750 - 7 9875	
Greece . Hapa Kana	338 890 - 344,250 13 7465 - 13 7615	740 700 - 742 500
itali	2560 00"	1.1345 - 1 1367 1445 00°
Korsan Silve	1372 60 - 1394 70	
Kirwast .	0 52425 - 0 52500	
Lun embourg	60 30 - 6C 40	34 05 - 34 15
Malaysu		2.5235 - 2.5255
Marica	5358 40 - 5370 30	
N Záslami	3 2865 - 3 2905	1 8530 - 1 8555
Sands Ar	8 6165 - 6 6930 2 9270 - 2 9345	
Smgapore S Africai	2 9270 - 2,9345 5 0915 - 5 1040	1 6530 - 1 6550 2 8730 - 2 8745
SAUFOU	6 1180 - 6 2225	3 4485 - 3 5085
Tarrent .	44 70 - 44 80	25.20 25.30
UAE .	6 4735 - 6 6555	36715 - 36736
Floature rat	e iran Official conf	

MONEY MARKETS

in anticipation of a large end-

As usual, a large shortage was anticipated on the last day

of the month, as banks carry

out particularly large pay-ments to the Bank of England

on behalf of clients. That short-

age will be compounded this

time by the large £2.5bn gilt

auction launched by the Trea-

Discount houses were there-

fore anticipating a rise in rates

today and limited their trading

UK clearing bank base lending rate

10.5 per cont irom September 4,1991

with the Bank of England.

"People are not selling paper today, thinking that they will

get better value tomorrow,"

said Mr John Trimming of

As a result, short-term

period rates ended slightly

higher in the interbank

market. One month rates

ended at 10% % per cent, about

t up on the previous day's

close. The overnight rate also

closed at 10%-% per cent,

having gone over 11 per cent at several points of the day.

sury yesterday.

Union Discount.

of-month shortage today.

market moved higher yester-day as traders held back paper

Rates creep higher

RATES IN the UK money higher on the previous day's

Dealers believe today's weekly jobless figures from the some effect on the dollar. But Mr Neil MacKinnon, chlef economist at Yamaichi Bank, thinks the currency will have to struggle hard if it is to break through its next big target rate

against the D-Mark. He said: "You really need some fairly substantial data to see a breakthrough to DM1.6750." Similar to other City economists, he believes dollar trading will remain mostly quiet until the US government's monthly employment figures are issued a week from tomorrow.

The dollar again firmed slightly against the yen, to Y133.45 from Y133.25, partly helped by a public holiday in Japan. A trader said: "Without the Japanese in the picture, there is no yen market." It

closed in New York at Y133.45. The fall in the yen, however, will still come as a disappointment to the Bank of Japan, which does not want the currency to weaken against the dollar as it tries to reduce Japan's huge trade surplus. It was said to have intervened in the market on Monday night to the tune of \$100m in an attempt to strengthen the yen.

For the first time this week, the D-Mark appeared steadier. In spite of the mounting economic crisis in Germany, there is no doubt that high German interest rates are here for some time to come.

The D-Mark gave sterling its first difficult day of the week, with the pound closing ½ pfen-nig down at DM2.9325. One dealer, bewildered by more profit-taking against the pound, said: "Everyone seems too long of the currency at

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES											
-	Ecu Central Rates	Currency America Against Eco Apr 29	Change Tester Eartral Rate	% Spread in limited Currency	(Nergent) instranty						
sanish Praeta Ortuguese Escurjo . elgian Franc	135.631 178 735 42 4032 2.31643 2.05586 0.767417 0.696904 1538 24 6.89509 7.84195	128,953 173,374 42,2419 2,31083 2,05338 8,769043 0,69252 1544,24 8,47572 7,94254	-3.50 -1.03	4.96 4.41 1.67 1.53 1.07 0.94 0.88 0.80	3年四月27十世中春期						

Edu certual rights set by the European Labourisation, Current	
are for Ecu: a positive change depotes a weak currency	
percentage difference between the actual market and Eco	central rates for a correct, and the maximum demnitte
percentage denation of the currents 5 marint rate from	its Eco control rang.
Adjustment calculated by Financial Times.	

					_	
POU	ND SPOT	- FORWAR	D AGAIN	IST	THE POU	ND
Apr 29	Day's spread	Clase	One month	16 16	Titrat: mortis	% 9.3.
isan	1.075 - 1.1015 2.9500 - 2.9400 2.9500 - 2.9410 1.83.50 - 184.50 2205.25 - 22.10 25 11.4500 - 1.14750 9.8800 - 9.9100 10.5600 - 10.6075 20.52 - 237.25 20.52 - 237.25 20.52 - 2.7025 1.4280 - 1.4325	1.7700 1.7710 21145 21155 33.050 60.30 60.40 11.3450 11.3550 1.0775 1.0785 2.9700 2.9250 346.85 37.75 11.4500 11.4500 9.8825 9.825 10.5825 10.5925 225.57 234.75 25.77 234.75 25.77 234.75 26.875 2.6975 2.6875 2.6975 2.6875 2.6975 2.6875 2.6975 2.6875 2.6975 2.6875 2.6975 2.6875 2.6975	1 21-8 Person 9.74-0.70com 7-1-com 7-1-com 9-7-1-com 9-7-2-05-cit 1-1-com 9-7-2-cit 22-2-2-cit 24-1-com 1-1-com 1-1-co	478 479 0.91 0.99 0.99 0.77 -296 -146 0.11 0.44 1.99 0.84 1.99 0.46	2.99-2.8 kcm 2.00-1.9 kcm 1.5-8 kcm 1.5-8 kcm 1.1-1.5 kcm 1.4-1.9	6.50 3.70 0.61 0.73 0.13 0.13 -2.77 -1.89 -1.97 -1.97 -1.97 5.82 0.79 0.39
15-9 05pm						_
OLL	AR SPOT	FORWAR	D AGAIN	IST '	THE DOL	LAR
Apr 29	Day's	Close	One cromb	%	Three	%

Apr 29	Day's spread	Close	One cromb	% p.k	Three engrichs	P.A.
Horuse France Sweden Japan	1.7700 1.7770 1.6110 1.6160 1.1935 1.1950 1.6565 1.850 33.95 34.15 6.3656 6.4150 1.4500 1.6575 1.9450 6.4725 1.9450 6.4725 1.9450 6.4725 1.9450 6.4725 1.9450 6.4725 1.9450 1.3365 1.3365 1.16700 1.3365 1.16700 1.3365 1.16700	1.7700 1.7710 1.6110 1.6120 1.6120 1.6120 1.623 1.654 34.05 4.15 1.6540 1.6570 1.6540	1 01-0 99:pm 0 Bi-0 55:pm 0 Bi-0 55:pm 0 To-0 25:pm 10 To-0 25:pm 10 To-0 15:pm 10 To-	ድጽ୮ଅଟନ୍ଥର୍ମଣ୍ଟମଙ୍କ୍ୟର ୦ ୭୬୩୩ ୧୧ର୍୩୩ ୧୭୩୩ ୭୭୭	2.87-2.85cm 2.52-2.45cm 0.80-0.84ci 2.63-2.67ds; 2.63-2.67ds; 2.63-2.45ds 2.63-2.45ds 2.13-2.15ds 2.13-2.15ds 1.10-1.15ds; 0.11-1.25ds 1.10-1.15ds; 0.11-1.25ds 1.10-1.10ds 1.10ds 1	\$177873383332340888418 \$17787338333240888418
Commercial of Forward pres	THE THE PARTY IN	est of London tra	ding t UK, Ireland raad not to the inc	and ECC	are quotes in US arreag.	CHITTENCY.

Apr 29	Short Lerm	7 Days perior	Gne Mosth	Three	St. Months	One Year
Sturi mg	Handenson of the state of the s	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	100 - 100 -	Ny party and a second	10% - 101 46 - 4 72 - 6 94 - 9 83 - 8 96 - 9 104 - 9 45 - 4 104 - 1 134 - 1 124 - 1 124 - 1

			EXC	AHC	NGE	CR	oss	RAT	ES			
Apr.29	£	5	914	Yes	f fr.	S Pr.	H Fl.	Line	C5	B Fr.	Pta	Ea
Ŧ	0 565	1 770	2932	236.2	9 687	2692	3.300	2306	2,115	60.35	183 7	14
cu ³	0341	0.604	1 456	133.4 80.56	5 586 3 372	1.521 0.918	1 864 1 126	1246 752.4	0 721	34 10 20 58	103 8 62.65	0.4
YER	4 234	7 494	12 41	1000	41.86	11.40	13 97	9340	8,954	255.5	777.7	60
F Fr.	1.011	1.790	2 966	236.9	10.	2.725	3,336	2231	2139	61.04	155 8	14
SFr.	0 371	0 P28	1.089	87 74	3 673	1.	1.225	819.5	0,786	22.42	€8 24	0.5
NFL	0.303	0.536	0 886	71 58	2 996	0 616	1	668.5	0.641	18.29	55.67	0.4
CS	0 453 0 473	208 0	1.329	1071	4.482	1.220	1.496	1000	0.999	27.36	83.27	0.0
i i	1.657	0.837 2.933	4 858	91.4	4 675	1.273	5 468	1043 3655	3,505	38.53 100	85.86 304 4	0.6
Pta	0.544	0 964	1.5%	129 6	5.382	1.465	1.796	1201	1.151	32.85	180.	6.7
Eco	0 699	1 2 3 8	2.050	165 2	6.914	1883	2,308	1543	1.479	42.20	128.5	"i

ΓES				1950 per fall index point
CŞ.	B Fr.	Pta.	Eas	June 1175 0 High Law Print June 1175 0 1380.0
2115 1195 0721 8,954	60.35 34 10 20.58 255.5	183 7 103 8 62.65 777 7	1 430 9 808 0 488 6 254	A Estimated volume 0 10h Previous day's open lat., 18 (18)
2.139 0.786 0.641 0.959	61.04 22.42 18.29 27.36	180 8 48 24 55.67 83.27	0.531 8.433 8.648 0.676	* Contracts traced on APT, Cluding priors sheem, POUND ~ DOLLAR

FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING (1) (f) a m. dec 20). Namedo BS deliver

£2m of Band-1 bank bills at 10% per cent, £16m of Band-3 bank bills at 10½% per cent and £24m of Band-4 bank bills at 10½½ per cent.	Apm Prime rate	- 612	lae ma fug mg furge m far mag far yes fug yes
The forecast was revised to	Apr 29	Derage	
around £850m before taking account of the early operations. The Bank purchased £8m of Band-1 bills at 10% per cent. £11m of	Prantfurt. Paris	9.00-9.25	976 97 84 9.4

at 10% per cent and £131m of Band-4 bills at 10% per cent. The forecast was again revised to £950m. In the afternoon the Bank purchased £226m of Band-1 bills at 10% per cent and £4m of Band-4 bills at 10½ per cent. The Bank then provided late assistance

Band-2 bills at 10% per cent, 25m of Band-3 L.A. bills at 10%

per cent, £56m of Band-3 bills

In the discount market, the

Bank of England forecast a

shortage of around £700m, and

in early operations purchased

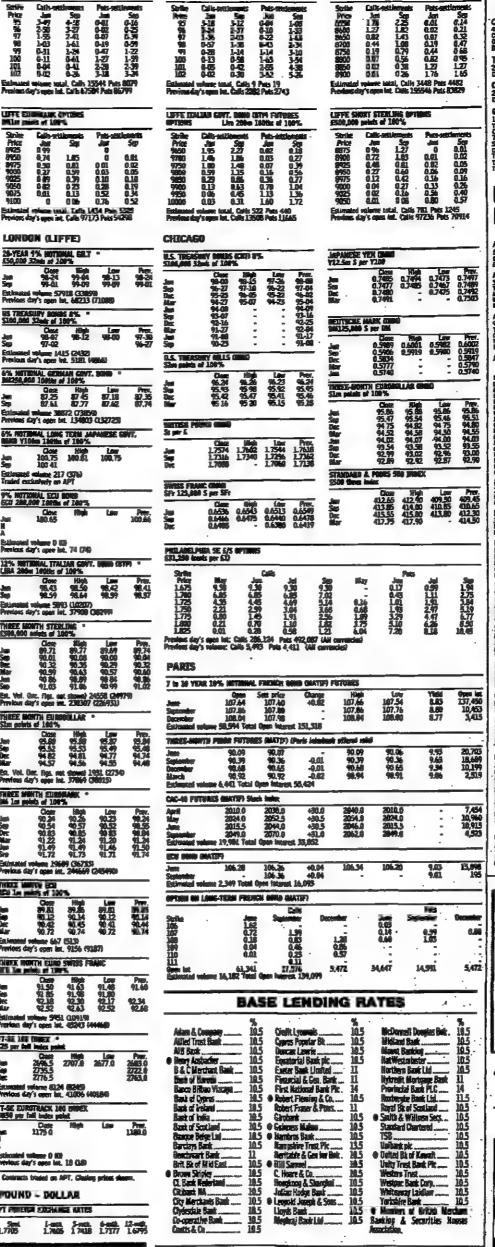
of around £360m. In Germany, call money rates fell to 9.60-65 per cent from 9.60-70 per cent after monthly pension payouts were returned to the banking system. One trader said that month-end liquidity was now

adequate. There was no regular Dealers said that the one-week securities purchase offered by rate was also up, ending at the Bundesbank and the next 10% % per cent, about % one is due on May 6.

G1.00 a.m. Apr.2	7 3 months 8	\$ dellars	6 months US Dollars				
Md 312	offe	45	140	440	offe	r 44 ₄	
file fixing rates are the are parted to the market, by f Bank, Bank of Tokyo, D	he reference has naticipe Bank, B	As as 11.00 m angue Mations	um, each work à de Parki au	ing day. The ba	متعلأ وحدوثه	rainitor S	
HEW YORK		ONEY	RAT	ES Bills and I	Bonds		
Aprin Prisor rate	- 61 ₇ Th - 6 St	e manth d mouth f year e year		350 Fley 330 Sets 377 1848 432 3848	707	6.90 7.25 7.60	
Apr 29	Persen		They Deputs	Three Martis	Stx Mantle	Lowbert	
Prankfurt	9.50-9.60 1110 74-81, 9.00-9.25 121,-121, 91-94 91-10	9 70-9-80 97-10 83-87 9-42-9-50 12-12-5 91-95 10-10-5	170-7-00 93-10-1	9.70-9.80 911-103, 85-84, 9-48-9.54 123-123, 93-91, 105-161,	970-980 92-101	9.75 9.40 -	
Aper 29	LONDO	7 days	NEY	RATE	Skr	Que	
nterbank Offer nterbank Bid	. 115	10% 10%	104 104	102 102	101 ₂	103 ₂	

LONDON MONEY RATES						
Apr 29	Oversight	7 days motice	Oor Monto	Three Mouses	Skx Months	Que Your
interbank Offer	115	10%	10%	102	301/2	10%
nterbank Ald	106	10%	10%	10%	10%	104
iterimg CDs			104	10%	101	10%
ocal Authority Deps	102	10.4	10%	102	10%	10%
ocal Authority Bonds					100	
Discount Mirt Deps	10%	1012	_	_		_
ompany Deposits		2023	1013	10%	TOR	10.5
inance House Deposits		_	105	100	105	10.5 10%
reasury Bills (Buyl		_	104	105 91 91	10½ 9½ 9¼	
Jank Bills (Buy)			101	i alt	3%	_
ine Trade Bills (Buy)	- 1	_	1033	723	l 23 i	_
Doitar CDs			3.85	3.90	4.05	4.55
DR Linked Dep Offer	_	_	612	270	1 200	1
DR Linked Des Sid .			22	29	24	64
CU Linked Dep Offer			64 93 91	104 64	62 62 104	104
CU Linked Dep 816			7.7	-W.6	10	10
ced contact trep: 545		_	74	919		20

,	Treasury Bills (sell); one-month 104 per cent, three months 91 per cent; six months 97 per cent;
ŀ	Bank Bills (sell): one-month 10% per cent: three months 911 our cent: Treasury Bills; Autrop:
•	tender rate of discount 9.8109 p.c. ECGD Fixed Rate Sterling Export Finance. Make up day April
Ŧ	30 .1992 . Agreed rates for period Max 26. 1992 to June 23 . 1992, Scheme F. 11.75 9.4.
	Schemes II & III 11.93 p.c. Reference rate for period April 1, 1992 to April 30 , 1992, Scheme
	(V&V: 10.685 p.c. Local Authority and Finance Houses seven days' motion, others seven days'
	fixed, Finance Houses Base Rate 11 from April 1, 1992. Bask Deposit Rates for same at Senta
	days notice 4 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposit (Series 6); Deposit £100 000 and over held
F	under one month 7 per cent, que-three months 912 per cent; three-six months 9 per cent; six-nime
	months 9 per cent; nine-twelve months 9 per cent, Under £100,000 7 per cent from Sept 5,1991,
L	Panacite withdrawn for each 5 nm cont



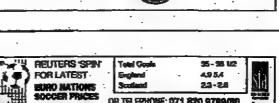
NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF KTAS Kjøbenhavns Telefon Aktieselskab

(Copenhagen Telephone Company, Incorporated) FRF 600,000,000 Retructable Bonds due 2002

In accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds and pursuant to the notice to the Holders of the same published on March 25, 1992, notice is hereby given that for the five-year period The Fiscal Agent commencing April 28, 1992,

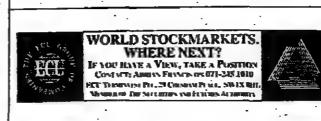
the Bonds will carry an interest

rate of 9.125% per annum.



OR TELEPHONE: 071 820 9789/80

Kredietbenk Luxembourg





DEALERS IN **ALLOCATED SWISS** GOLD **COMPETITIVE RATES**

CAI. Futures Ltd 162 Queen Victoria Street London EC4V 4BS Tel: 071-329 3030 Fax: 071-325 3018

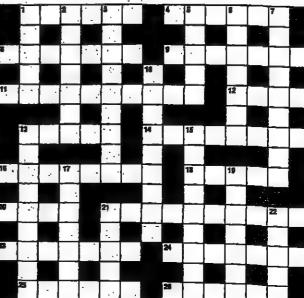
Money Market Trust Funds 071-589 1815 10.6013-90 Money Market **Bank Accounts** Allied Trust Back Ltd. 97-101 Casace St. London, EC Typedali & Co Ltd 9-33 Princes Victoria

Of broking and jobbing the Pelikan's fond. see now sweetly he puts your word onto bor Selikan () **JOTTER PAD**

tale Bank PLC cost Place, Slagger

CROSSWORD

7,836 Set by GRIFFIN



ACROSS To stap back requires certain
 part of shoe (6)
 Finding doctor in bank, beam

(6). 8 Figure is about right height

14 Orders new case for a Parisian bull-game (f)
16 Deep inside? (8) 18 Drive into iron structure (5) 20 Intimidates form animals (4)

21 Incited to finish bottle inside (10) 23 Defensible tale Ben put about

(7)
24 Notice a hit of The Bible that's unfavourable (7)
25 Saw Scottish one in sink (6) (7) 26 Decorates winding road with poles (6)

DOWN

1 Going outside to turn quarter off coach (5)

2 During sex change nurse gets offers (7)
3 Ugly copra storage tower erected behind citadel (9)

· 5 At home least as missing the opening (5)
6 Obscure ruler runs into Bond

on leaving (7)
7 Repay soldiers with rubies reproduced outside Minehead!

(7)
9 Praise double parking, backing it (7)
11 Relocate back street factory, 12 Capital folk (9)
12 Are speaking of decoration on dressing gown (4)
13 Disinfectant some silly soldiers used (5)
14 Orders new case for a Particular or the ham (7)
21 She even contracted to house

21 She even contracted to house two students (5)
22 Since escort is standing outside, relaxes (5) Solution to Puzzle No.7,835



GATEPOST CRYOFF
II D R U R E U A
UNEDO BLUEPETER
O DESOLUTE EARTH
V L D S R S
CULTIC TREASON
EXPLOIT CATHAY
BONEA BURDTABLE
ALUSTIC TREASON
EXPLOIT CATHAY
G S T O L E L T

	THURSDAY APRI	L 30 1992	wo	RLD STOC
AUSTRIA	FRANCE (continued)	SERMANY (continued)	NETHERLANDS	SWEDEN (continued)
April 29 Sch + er - Austrian Airlines 2 393 -7 Creditanstatt Pf 510at +1	April 29 Frs. + er - Begins-Say Cect lav, 490 +5	April 29 Det. + 87 -	April 29 Fis. + ur - A 8 11 April History 46-50 -0.10	April 27 Kremer. + nr – Incentive B Free 179
EA Geseral 3,490 -5 EVN 842 +2	Bongrain 3,115 +26 Bongrain 659 +10 CGIP 1,268 -4 C M B Packaging 185 +2,90	DLW 580 Daimler-Benz 785 - +3.50	ACF His Dep Res 34.70 +0.70 AEGON	## Och Dem B Frez 235 +2 Nobel Free 15 -0.50 Proceedia B Free 193 +5
Perimoser Zeroent 1,650	Cap Gemini S 329 44 20	Deutsche Bakrock . 170 +1.50 Deutsche Rank 709 -2	AMEV Dep Recs 52.60 -0 40 Bab Lates Des Recs 48.20 +0 30	Sandriver B Free 3923 Skandia Free 1191 Skan Enskilda C 473
Velischer Magnesit 344 - +2 Verbond (Br) A 520 -3	Carrefour 2,599± +50 Casino 173.40 +4.40 Cotelem 795 -15	Douglas Hidg 655 +0.50 Draggraeric 315 +1	10.10 TO 10.10	SKF B Free
Wiederberger 4,470 +5 Z-Laenderbank 1,085 +5	Chargeurs 1,173 +5 Clot Mediterrance 548 +7 Cogiff 34310 +1.10	Fag Kingelifischer 265 +3.20 Gerresheimer 359 -1.50	DSM	Seta, Handi B Free . 73.50 ~0.50 Treleborg B Free 126 +1 Volva B Free 438 -7
BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG	CCF 187	Hamburg Elekt 189.20 -0.80. Hapag Lloyd 540	Fokker Dep Ress 35 +0.50 Gamma	SWITZERLAND
April 29 Fs. + ar ~ ACEG-Union Min 2,340 +25 AG Group 1,990 +20	Cred Lyon (C) 648 +6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6 -6	Heddell Zem 905 -18 Heddell Zem 516 -5 Heritz 358 +1 Hechtlef 1,246 -1,3 Hechtlef 1,246 -1,1 10 Hosseb 250,50 -1 Holomaso Ph 1,180 +10 Herits 183 +1 HGB Declade had 257 -4 Industrie Worte 340 +1	Holiard Renas	April 29 Fes. + or - Adia Inti (Br) 405 +20
AG Group 1,990 +20 Arbet 3,870 -50 BBL 3410 Bank inti a Lox 12,100m	Dollfus Mieg Cie 319 +12 EBF	Hoechst	(HC Callant 69 +0.20 let Redui De Res 50 -0.60 let I Musiller 60.50 +0.20	Adia Ptg Cts 69 +4 Alusulsse-Laz Br 482 +14 Alusulsse-Laz Br 473-r -3
881. 3,410 Bank latt a Lax 12,100 d Bang Ges Lax Pts 12,400 Barco	Colores Mag Cie 3.19 +12 SBF	Horteri	KLM 38.10 +0.50 KNP 44.90m -1.80 Kein Palament Diplics 44.90	Baloise Ptg
CBR Ciment 8,290 -70 CMB 2160 +20 Cobepa 5160 +20 Cobepa 4FV 1 5160 -20 Cockerill Priv 159 +4	Essilor let	Industrie Werler 340 +1 Kall & Salz 153.80 -1.20 Karstadt 611.50 -4.50 Kanfhel 489.50 -3	Necfloyd	CS Hidgs (Br) 1,995 -15 Cha Gelgy (Br) 3,550 +40 Cha Gelgy (Reg) 3,580 +30 Cha Gelgy (Reg) 3,450 +20
Cockerill Priv 159 +4 Colruyt 4,750 +30 Delhalze Frs Llon 9,100 +60	Enro Disney	KHD 144.50 -1 Klockner Werke 120.80 +0.30 Lahmeyer 763 +2	CSM Dep Recs 96.50 -0.10 DAF 24.10 DAF 24.10 DSM 114.20 -1.0 DSM 114.20 -1.0 DSM 144.70 -0.40 Elsovier Dep Recs 35 -0.50 Gamma 107 -0.90 Gast Base Dep Recs 381.10 -0.50 Heisneisen 16.1 -1.50 Holizof Benan 201 -1.50 Holizof Benan 20 -0.0 Holizof Benan 38.10 -0.20 Holizof Benan 38.10 -0.20 Holizof Benan 38.10 -0.20 Holizof Benan 56.50 -1.20 Holizof Benan 48.70 -0.20 Robeso 97.30 -0.50 Robleso 97.30 -0.50 Robleso 99.40 -0.40 Rollagano 99.40 -0.40 Rollagano 99.40 -0.40 Rollagano 99.40 -0.40	Elektrowatt 2,430 +10 Elvia 1,700
Cockerill Priv. 159 44 Colonyt. 4,750 +50 Delhalze Frs Llos 9,100 +60 Electrabel 4,895 -10 Electrabel 4,840 -30 Electrabel 3,270 -10 GBL AFV1 3,200 -5 GBL AFV1 3,200 -6 GB Group 1,245 -4 GB Group AFV 1,340 -6 Gestem 333 Gechem AFV 341 Generale Banque 6,410 +10	From Cet Aus 3,070 +60	Leifneit 517 -3 Linde 846 +2 Linotype Hell 420 +4	PolyGram 46.70bi -0.20 Robeco 97.30u +0.50 Rodamco 49.20 -0.40 Rollaco 95.40s +0.30	Fischer (Gea)
GBL AFV1 3.270 -10 GBL AFV1 3.260 GIB Group 1.426 -4	Gal. Lafayette 1,890 -35 Gaumont (Soc N) 585 +15 Geophysique 649 -5	Lufthansa	Romatio 72,60 Royal Dutch 152,90 +0.50	Helzstoff (Br) 5,650 +50
GIB Group AFV 1340 -6 Gechem	Harbette	MAN Pref	Rorento 72,60 Royal Dutch 152,90 +0.50 Unifeer Dep Res 188,20 -1,80 VNIV 88,85m +0.30 VNIF Stork 42,10m +0.50	Jelmoti Ptg Cts 240 Lands & Gyr 1,050 Lands & G Prior Ptg 80.50 +0.50
Gen Banque AFVI 5,350	inetal	I Manager Whi HOS AT EA	Westagen Dep Ress 94.30at +1.30 Westage KI Dep Ress 75.70 -0.10	Les Hold (Br) 360 42 Les Hold Ptg 351st -2 Mag Globus Ptg 656 +10
Pen Holding Lux 13,250 -200 Petrofina	Intertechnique 465 I Intertechnique 840 +5 LV64H 4.417 28	Philips Komraya 530	NGRWAY April 29 Kroper + or	Milleran (Reg) 295 Motor-Columbus 950 Mestie 9,770 +180
Powerfin	Lararge copper 304 44	Preassag	Akter A Free	Nessle (Neg) 9,770 +180 Nessle (Neg) 9,740 +160 Oor-Burnie (Er) 410 +6 Pargess Hid 1130
Rose Beige AFV 1 4400 +50 Soc Gen Beige 2,000 -30 Soc Gen Beige AFV 1 1950 -10 Softma 11,925 +25	Lyon East Dane 551 +9 Natra 163.40 +5.40	Rein West Filth TOA +1 50	Dyno led	Pirelii
Solvay 12 725 +25 Tessenderio 6,200 +200 Tessenderio AFV 5,500 +10	Corest C	Schering 811.50 +3 Schmaltzeh Lubera 582.50 -8 Stamans 685.50 -8		Roche (Genuss) 3, 130 420 SMH (Reg) 1,100 +60 Sandoz Br 2,630 +30
Tractelel 7,800 -70 Tractelel AFV 1 7,630 UCB 22,000 +50 UCB AFV 20,725 +25	Nord Est	Springer Axel Rg 578 -7 Sud Chemie 530 Thysen	Norsk Hydro	Sandoz Pt. Cts 2,360 +20 Sandoz Reg 2,630 +30 Schiedler (Br) 3,950 +10
UCS AFV 20,925 +25	Paribas 429 +10 Paribas 282 +3 Pernod Ricard 1,566 +21 Pernier 1,701 Pagasot 779 +5	Resentitual 296 +3	Saga Pet 8 Free 86 +1 Skanges (* M) 3.10 +0.25 Storil 8 101 -2 UNIScortman Free 56 -1	Schindler (Pt Oz) 755 -2 Sika Reg A
DENMARK April 29 Kr + er -	Pengesi 1,701 Pengesi 779 +5 Pinault 331 +5 Polies 592	Vertip-West	Unifor	Swissair
Baltiza Holding Reg 645 -20 Bilkurben	Printemps (4st)	Wetla Pri	SPAIN	Swiss Reins Ptg 511 Swiss Vollable 840 -10
Den Danske Bank 287.50 +0.50	Rhone Poulest Cts 611 +1	ITALY	April 29 Pts. +ar -	Zerich (as 4.310
East Asiatic	Sagem 1,915 +67	April 29 Lire + or -	Aragoresas	Zhrich les Ptg 2,070 +10
Hafnia Hidgs A 305 -5 Hafnia Hidgs B 240 Hiss Irtl Serv B 935 -20 Jyske Bank Reg 310 -1.50	Saint Louis	Banca Naz Agris 4,655 -245 Banco Lariano 4,090 -60 Bastogi-I R B S 139 -1	Banco Catral Hisp 3,790 -10 Banco Exterior 3,495at Banco Popular 10,830	SOUTH AFRICA April 29 Rand + or -
Lauritzen (L) 8 1,940 NKT A/S 290 Novo Nord B 524 -1 Sophus Berend B 1,870 -15	Selfineg	Burgo (Cartière) 7,330 +10 CiR	Banco Santander 4,760 +45 Banesto 2,870 -45 CEPSA 2,350	ABSA
FLS lod 8 679 49 Grest Nordic 335 Hafala Ridgs A 305 -5 Hafala Ridgs B 240 -20 Issi Ridgs B 240 -20 Jiske Bank Reg 310 -1.50 Lauritzen Lil 8 1,940 NKT A/S 290 -1 Sophus Berend B 1,870 -15 Superios 5,350 Unidasmurk A 209 -3	Source	Basca Comms	Alka (Corp Fin) 5,130 +100 Aragonesis 1,175 -15 Asland 2,015 -10 Asland Silhan Viliz 2,820 -60 Banco Caral Hap 3,700 -10 Banco Exterior 3,495ed Banco Popular 10,830 Banco Sartander 4,760 +45 Baneso Sartander 4,760 +45 Baneso 2,870 -45 CEPSA 2,550 CEPSA 2,500 Carburos Metal 3,000 -25 Drayados 1,940 -10 Electra Vilesgo 2,400 +50 Endess (El?) 3,345 +35 Errots 737 +44	Agril 27 Ranif + 6r ABSA
Unklassmark A 209 -3	Talttinger 3.073 Thomson CS F 166 +9.50 Total B 266.80 +10.10	Credito kaliano 1847 -43 Danieli & G	Electra Viesgo 2,400 +50 Endess (Bt? 3,345 +35 Errort	Anglowal R 76 +1 Barlow Rand 55.75 +0.75 Buffels 22.75
FINLAND April 29 Miss + ar -	UAP 526 +1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Daniell & C	Fesa	CNA Gallo
Amer 59.50 -1.50 Caltor 59.50 -1.50 Enso R 17.40 -0.10	Valen Immob Fr 470 +1 Valen	Flat	Kolpe 4,100 4,300 455 Metrovacesa 4,260 -10	East Rand Gold 4.90
Amer 58 -1.50 Caltar 59.50 -1.50 Enso R 17.40 -0.10 Hustamaki I Free 109 -3 KOP 13.70 Kore B Free 375 -5 Kore B Free 57, 4 -1.80 Metra B Free 65, 70 -0.10 Pohjols B Free 57, -1.7 Repoils (Free) 41.70 -0.30 Stockmann B 12b -4 Tampetia Free 14 Unites Bit C Free 14 60 +1.20	Worms Cir	Gentra	Portland Vald 10,600 +50 Repsol 2,825 +5	Fres State Cass Gold
Kymmesa	GERMANY - April 27 Dan. + ar -	Fi Priv	Serillana Elec 543 -2 Tabacalera A 6,410 +30	Hartebeest 11.60 Higheld Steel 11 ISCOR 1.45 +0.02
Pohjola B Free 57 -1 Repola (Free) 41.70 -0.30 Stockmann B 126 -4	AEG	Lloyd Adriatico	Tabacalera A	Kinross Gold 37 +1 Kinross Gold 25 -0.75 Library Gold 190
Unitas Bt C Free 14 60 +1.20	Aachen McA (Reg) 388 Allianz AG 2.117 -2 Altanua Ind 645.50 -2.50 Asko 80.7 -18	Montalison 1,433 -12 Olivetti 2,819 +31 Piretti Co 4,660 -60	SNIACE 72 73 73 73 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	Liberty Life SA
FRANCE April 29 Frs. + er -	Arizan intr 605.50 -2.50 Arizan intr 605.50 -2.50 Arizan intr 672.50 -2.50 Arizan intr 672.50 -2.50 Arizan intr 672.50 -0.50 Bayer 2.50 -0.50 Bayer 1.50 -3.50 -3.50 Bayer Versinsbit 4.50 -3.50 -3.50 -3.50 Bayer Versinsbit 4.50 -3.50	Othettl 2,819 +31 Pirefil & Co 4,660 -60 Pirefil & So 1,400 -30 RAS 20,180 -30 RInsacetts 0.1 5,785 +20 SASIB 5,000 +15 SASIB 1,435 -13 Saffa 4 5,520 -20		O K Sazaers 9.75 Palabora Ming 67 Prestier Gp 38.75
AGF 493 +6 Accor 820 +20	Bayer 1990 294.50 +6.20 Bayer 1990 393 -4.80 BMW (Br) 578.50 -3	SASIB	April 29 Kreger, + pr -	Patitior 6e
Air Liquide	Bayer Vereinsbk	Salpem	AGA B Free 300 -2 AGA 8 Free 364 Astra A Free 543 +1 Astra B Free 515 +1	Salmerte & Boate 95 +0.50 Sage Hids 8.75 Sraith CGS Ltd 117.50 +0.50 SA Brewers 53 +0.50 SA Man Amcor 22.75 +0.15
Ara 1,017 +43 BIC 765 +20 BIN 1,136 +20 BIN 2 1,136 +20 BIN 3	Severador	Snla BPD		SA Man Amzor 28.75 +0.15 Tiger Oats
Bancaire Cle	Colonia Konzem Pf 585 +7 Commerzbank 265 -0.80	Italicament 1.6, 900 1.6,	Escelte B Free 160 -1 Gambro B Free 255 +3	Tigor Dass
JAPAN Ym + sr -	April 28 Yes + er -	April 28 Yes + sr -	April 28 Ym + ar -	AUSTRALIA (continued) April 29 Aust5 + or -
Ajirromoto	Japan Radio 2,200 Japan Steel Works 450 Japan Storage Batt 930	Nikka Sec	Talyo Fishery	Metal Massf 2.40 +0.09 Mingroc 0.20 Nat Aust Bank 7.58 +0.11
All Rippon Airwist	Japan Steel Works 450 Japan Steel Works 450 Japan Strong Batt 930 Japan Syn Rubbr 465 Japan Wood 545 Japan Wood 543 Jisco 1,440	Nitron Set . 623 Nitron Corp 674 Nitron Corp 674 Nitron Corp 674 Nitron 10,600 Nispon Denko 415 Nispon Denko 1,450 Nispon El Gikas 1,540 Nispon Express 397 Nispon Fire 575 Nispon Fire 575 Nispon Flor Mills 570	Takeda Chem 1,030 Tambe Selyaku 880	Newcrest Mining 0.72 News Corp
Anricsu	Kagome 821	Nippon Express 597 Nippon Fire 525 Vispon Flour Milis 570 ·	Tatedo Chern	North BH Peto 2.25 40.01 Pacific Daniop 5.46 +0.10 Pancontinental 0.91 -0.04
Acit Corp	Kageme	Nippon Kavaku 585	Tobishima Corp 505 Tobu Raliway 605 Toel 590	Pasminco
Asahi Optical 395 Asics Corp 501 Atsugi Nylon 610	Kaneka 545 Kanematus Corp 520 Kansal El Power 453 Karsal Palet 453 Kan Corp 1,010 Tasasphi Rany Ind 429 Kawasahi Kises 338 Kawasahi Kises 338 Kawasahi Steel 298 Kawasahi Steel 10 Kele Tetto El Rw 565 Kilkonwan 844	Nippon Mest Pack : 1,700 Nippon Mining 442 Nippon Oil 703	Toko 12,000	QCT Resources 1.15 +0.02 Rentson Gold 4.75 Rockmans Asst 9.68 +0.42
Banyu Pharm 1,060 Bridgestone 1,150 Brother lad 430	Kansai Paliti	Nippon Pant	Tokal Bank 860 Tokal Carton 432 Tokico 382 Tokico Marine 995 Tokico Marine 995 Tokico Marine 450	SA Brewing 3,18 +0.02 Santas 2,70 -0.03 Smith (Mart) 5,70 +0.20
C Not 440 CSX 2,790 Calpts Food 1,140 Calsonic 410	Kawasaki Steel 298 Kalifo Des Eugres 610	Nippon Sharya	Tokyo Banto 1,010 Tokyo Banto 1,010 Tokyo Bone 1,750 Tokyo Done 2,750 Tokyo Electron 1,910	Stockland Fet 2 70 +0.04
Catisonic	Sels Tests E1 NW 565 5 Kirksoman 844 Kinden 2,170 Kusti Hipp Raheay 698 Kirin Brewter 1,210 Kohe Steel 322 Kojto Manf 711 Kohera I Elekrife 2,520	Misson Statiness 340	Tokyo El Pur 2,720 Tokyo Electron 1,910 Tokyo Gas 425	TNT
Casio Competer 1,190 Central Figance 305 Central Glass 404	Kirin Brewtr 1,210 Kobe Steel 322 Koito Manf 711	Nippon Sulsan 578 Nippon TV Historic 17,400 NTT	Tolya Rope 6.32 Tolya Steel 2,810 Tolya Steel 1,250	Westfield Hop 4.12 Westfield Trust 2.23 +0.01
China Bank	Kokuyo 2190	Mippon Yusen	Take Land 411	Westpac 3.99 +0.12 Woodstde Pet 3.70 +0.10
Chargolox El Ponez 2,090	Ronica	Nissan Diesel	Tonen Corp	HONG KONG April 29 H.K.S + or -
Dailed Chemical	Kumiai Chemicai 500 Kurabo ind	Misshin Floer 1,040	Toshiba Englicensir 1,170 Toshiba Machinery 768 Tosholou	Acroy Props 5.05 -0.15 Bank East Asia 27.40 +0.10 Cathay Pacific 11.80 -0.30
Dalfylor 2,080 Dal kir Kangs Br 1,380	Koyo Selko Ca 610	Nijesha barai 414	Tosoh Corp	China Light 33 -0.75
Datkin lads 995 Datkin lads 1,000	Kyode Shirye 430 Kyotare 1.390 Kyowa Hakko 956	Nitto Boseki	Toyo Luk 649	Delay Francisco 123 40- 10 10
ne-united Lateract, 1 'COA	Krora Sahama BK 714 Krushu El Power 2,130	Nortaice	Toyota Motor	Daily Farm Int. 12-40e +0.10 Erergo
Dal Moroe Forjo 401 Dalsheea Paper 2,080 Dal Telyo FSAF 24 Dales Rank 84	Lion Corp	Oki Electric 412	Todakin Quin Mar 675 Tsugami 670	Hard Seng Bank 42 -0.25 Harbour Centre 8.70 Henderson Inv 3.20 Henderson Land 17.90 -0.60
Dalwa Sank	Marda Corp	Okumura-Gumi 1,020 Okumura-Gumi 1,030 Olympus 1,230 Omroo Corp 1,280	UBE Inds	Narrour Centre
Denny'r ingas: 2,970 Dotta Fire & Bar 467 Down Minilag Co 564 Ehars Corp 1,460	Maruichi Steri 1,460 Maruichi Steri 1,460	Ono Pharm 5,930 Omerd Kasklysma 1,200	Wacoal 805 Yamaka Corp 960	HK Electric 16.70 -0 40 HK Land 10.60 -0.10 HK Righty & Tr A 7.95 -0.5 HK Telecony 9.25 -0.10
Ebal 1360 Ezaki Gileo 1270	M'shita El Wk 1 090 M'shita Koto 1 860 M'shita Refrig 680	Orient Corp	Yamaha Motor 845 Yamaichi Securities . 555	Hopewell Hidgs 5.05 -0.15
Farme: 4,580 Fato Construction: 550 Full Blank: 1390 Full Electric: 566	Marda Honor Corp 415 Marji Milh	Prima Meat Pack 450	Yamato Transport 991	Jardine Intl Mtr 7.50 -0.15 Jardine Math 50m -0.50 Jerdine Strategic 22 -0.10
Poli Fire & Marine 550	dignel Cora Cola 2,700 dinebea 511 Ulonita Camera 412	Renown	Yanda Fis & Big 820 Yasuda Fis & Big 820 Yasuda Fis & Big 820 Yasudawa Elec 525 Yafogana Elec 520 Yakofama (Bask) . 920	Kowloon Motor 9.20 -0.10 Mandarin Orient 5.95 -0.05 New World Dev 17.20 +0.10 Realty Dev A 15.60 -0.10
Full Heavy Ind	M'bishi Bk		LOUDSING LINES " 204	Shaw Bros 6.70 +0.20 Shaw Bros 6.70 +0.20
C-13	M bishi Elec 890 M bishi Estate 890 M bishi Gas Chem 460 M bishi Gas Chem 460	Sanrio	Yessa Bacury Co 683	San Hong Kai Co . 3 -0.02
Godo Slasei 905 It	d'bishi Materials 434	Sanyo Kokusaku 457	Zenti Corp 518	Swire Pacific B 5.20 Telé Broedcast 8.20 -0.15 Wharf Holdings 14.50 +0.20 Wing On Co 6.90
Garage 602	Poish Petchem 784	Sapporo Brews 914 Secon 5,730 Secon 2,220 Seloo Transport 1,600st		Wing On Co
Hatteri Selko 1 170	A'bishi Rayon	Selso Transport 1,600st Selyo Food Sys 1,120 Selyo Food Sys 1,100 Sekisui Chemicai 1,100 Sekisui House 1,250	Abertoyle 4.20 Amcov 7.20 +0.03 Ampoles 3.34 -0.05 Arnotts 6.95 +0.15 Ashtoo 1.52 +0.03 AAKZ Bank 4.36 +0.12	MALAYSIA April 29 HYR + ar -
Hinn Makes Co.	Realtown Belting , 461	Sekisul House	Agert 29 Amits + er	Boustead
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Hitachi Maneli 1,430	liamid Cales DU/	Shienogi	Boug wille Copper . 0.41 -0.01 Brambles lads 16.70 +0.20 Bridge 011 0.45 +0.01	
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HI 452 hara Chamical 545 hagaoni Tsushinki 775 nax 875mi	EC Corp 1,030 GK Insulators 962 GK Spark Fug 840 MK Spring 449 KK Corp 289 OK Corp 500 SK 455 TH Tops Brating 478	Sumitono Balevire 470 Sumitono Bant 1,390 Sumitono Cenett 407 Sumitono Cenett 407 Sumitono Cenett 407 Sumitono Cenett 107	France Bay 1 10	S'oore Air Free 17.90 +0.30
September 1998 19	KK Corp 285 OK Corp 500 SK 555	Sumitomo Corp 870 Sumitomo Elect 1,030 Sumitomo Heavy 462 sumitomo Light M 375 sumitoroo Marine 568	Energy Res	Singapore Press 8 70 +0.10 Surahs Tridding 2.68 +0.03 Tat Lee Bank 3.22 U08
Material States	TN Topo Bezring 478 achi Fujikoshi 461 agasakiya 780	amitamo Maride 565	Gen Prop Tst 2.18 +0.04 Goodman Fleider 1.40vi -0.03	Price data supplied by Telekurs
19 Yekado 4,090 H.	atignal House 1,680	embago Hardade _ 555 Juzieki Motor 723	Infance 582 40 04	NOTES — Prices on this page are as quoted on the individual exchanges and are mostly last traded prices. In unavailable, if Dealings suspended, ad
EOL 725	chirei	DY Com 4.390	Lend Lease 16.24 +0.14	unavallable. # Dealings suspended. ad

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ELECTRICITY INDUSTRY

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The FT proposes to publish this survey on

May 8 1992.

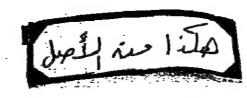
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Data source: BMRC Businessman Survey 1990

FT SURVEYS

38 Φ Ψ 4:00 pm prices April 29	NEW YORK S	TOCK E	XCHANGE	COMPOSITE		MES THURSDAY APRIL 30 1992
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FINANCIAL TIMES THURSDAY APRIL 30 1992	Ф Ф 39					
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It will be of interest to the 81% of Captains of Industry in Great Britain who are readers of the FT. If you want to reach this important audience, and the FTs estimated one million readers worldwide call Edward Batt on 071 873 4196 or fax 071 873 3062 Data source: Captains of Industry 1991 MORI	Cytogen 17 522 142 14 14 -14					

FT SURVEYS

Big three car stocks help Dow advance

Wall Street

A STRONG performance from the big three US auto makers contributed to solid gains on Wall Street yesterday, urites Karen Zagor in New York

The Dow Jones Industrial Average blue chip indicator finished 25.26 ahead at 3,333.18 following moderate volume on the New York SE totalling 213.6m shares, Advancing issues led those declining by 1.083 to 610.

Among other market indices, the Standard & Poor's 500 registered a rise of 2.91 at 412.03. The advance was more pronounced in the secondary market, where the Nasdaq composite of over-the-counter stocks

Although there were some economic data to digest in the form of personal income and spending for March, the stock market focused on corporate news. There was no discernible reaction to the 0.6 per cent increase in personal income in the month or the 0.3 per cent rise in personal consumption

Motor company stocks dominated big board trading on the back of encouraging first-quarter results, with General Motors moving ahead \$2% to \$42%, Chrysler adding 8% at \$19% and Ford rising \$2 to

expenditures.

Ford reported first-quarter earnings of 60 cents a share, including a special gain of 13 cents, against a loss of \$1.88 the previous year. On Tuesday, GM turned in its first quarterly profit in 11/2 years thanks to a smaller loss from its core North American vehicle bust-

Among other active blue chip issues, Pepsico appreciated \$4 to \$35 on top of its Tuesday \$1 gain. Boeing slipped \$1/4 to \$43% and Glaxo eased \$14 to \$25%.

Eastman Kodak, which unveiled a 19 per cent drop in first-quarter profits on flat on Tuesday, moved forward

\$1 % to \$40. The photographic equipment maker warned Wall Street in March that it would have a dif-

ficult first quarter. Cooper Industries fell \$1% to \$50% after Salomon cut its investment rating on the stock and reduced its earnings estimates for the company. Exxon held steady at \$59%

after the company increased its quarterly dividend to 72 cents a share from 67 cents. Bethlehem Steel improved \$¼ to \$14 in spite of once more omitting its dividend.

Deita Air Lines put on \$% to \$59% after the big US airline said it had trimmed \$5bn from its nine-year capital spending plan. AMR, parent of American Airlines, lost \$1/4 to \$661/4 and USAir rose \$% to \$13%.

Among actively-traded overthe-counter stocks, Microsoft rose \$2% to \$111%, Dell Computer eased \$% to \$23% and Intel added \$1% at \$52%.

Canada

TORONTO blue chips gained ground but the broad market ended on a mixed note. Traders said the Ontario budget, due to be released after the market closes today, was putting a damper on equities. The mar-ket is expecting tax rises and a

The composite index ended 19.1 up at 3,357.0, but declines led rises by 278 to 262. Volume amounted to 23.3m shares. Imasco reported higher firstquarter earnings and said ana-

lysts are on track with estimates for 1992 net of C\$2.95 to C\$3.05 a share, compared with 1991 net of C\$2.56. The stock was up C\$1 to C\$37. Biochem Pharma plunged CS5% to C\$17% on the Mon-

treal Exchange. The company said it was not aware of any reason for the decline, and said it intends to proceed with an issue of up to 3.5m common

Escudo's ERM entry lifts Portuguese shares

Interest rate cuts also bring relief, though exporters may have problems, writes Patrick Blum

Portuguese stocks were given a welcome boost by the escudo's entry into the European exchange rate mechanism (ERM) on Monday, April 6, but after the initial excitement the market has stabilised at higher levels.

The announcement was

made late on the previous Fri-

day, and by the close on the following Monday, the Banco Totta & Acores (BTA) index had risen by 26.2 to 2,052.5 - a gain of 1.3 per cent, compared with the 2.5 per cent advance made since the beginning of the year. The market has since benefited from renewed foreign investor interest, and the BTA index closed at 2,121.6, up 4.7.

yesterday. Shares gained at the expense of government securities receiving additional help from the Bank of Portugal's decision the same week to cut its two

Turkey aims

success rate

TURKEY IS taking steps to

ensure a higher success rate in

its privatisation programme.

In May, the government plans to offer to the public all or

part of its 49 per cent stake in

Netas, the telecommunications

company, and further sales are

Mr Ustun Sanver, chairman

of the Prime Ministry Public

Participation Administration

(PPA), told fund managers in

London yesterday that the PPA intends to avoid the sup-

ply/demand imbalances cre-

ated by past privatisations

through the use of underwrit-

ers, and if necessary, by can-

celling sales if investor inter-

In response to foreign inves-

tors' complaints of a lack of

liquidity in privatised stocks,

as well as inadequate prospec-

tuses. Mr Sanver said that the

PPA is prepared to provide

stock directly to investors if none is available in the stock

market, and that documenta-

tion on future privatisations

est is too low.

will be uperaded

expected over the summer.

for higher

By Antonia Sharpe

key interest rates. The bank reduced the top rate, at which it injects liquidity into the money market, by a full point to 17.9375 per cent, and the rate at which it drains liquidity from the market by % percentage point to 15.375 per cent. The ensuing cut in rates by

commercial banks has given some relief to Portuguese com-panies, which have complained loudly that they were being penalised by high domestic interest rates in the face of foreign competition. This is especially true of the construction sector, which labours under

For exporters, however, the escudo's ERM membership could cause some problems, as they will no longer be able to profit from the currency's depreciation. "In the short term they will have to cut prices or face the prospect of

Indices rebased Europe excl. UK FT-A World Index in local terms Liabon BTA d

losing markets, because the alternative of increasing productivity is difficult and takes a long time," says one analyst. Lower interest rates at a time of rising costs are expected to erode profit margins in the banking sector. "Margins going up," says another analyst. "This will show in this year's annual accounts, and especially next year's."

Government securities have reacted more calmly. Many traditional investors in Portuguese state paper had to some extent anticipated the decline in interest rates, so there was no rush to buy. The escudo had been shadowing the ERM basket of currencies for some time, and entry formally anchored it to the system, though at a higher rate than the government had wanted. Most analysts, however, have welcomed the move. "It will

give greater security to for investors by reducing the risk of foreign exchange losses." says an analyst with Gestifundo, the fund manager. Further cuts in interest rates

will depend on reducing infla-

are coming down fast and costs tion. Reversing a trend of several months, prices rose by 0.9 per cent in March, bringing the year-on-year rate to 8.5 per cent. Prices are expected to rise again in April when the one-off effect of a new value added tax, introduced at the end of March, is fully felt.

Economists hope that if inflation resumes its downward trend in the next two months, as is officially hoped, further interest rate cuts are likely. But Mr Miguel Beleza. who takes over as central bank governor in May, is by nature cautious and unlikely to take any precipitate action.

any company results for 1991 have now been published, and as expected, earnings have fallen. The appreciation of the escudo in real terms and high

blame, while restructuring costs have been an additional burden for some companies. Recession in large international markets impaired the performance of exporters.

The government has resumed its privatisation programme, but the results have been disappointing as far as the market is concerned. The partial privatisation of Petrogal, the big oil group, found only one taker - a consortium led by Total, of France, with Portuguese partners. This month's public flotation of insurance concern Mundial Confiance failed to attract enough investors and 35 per cent of the company's equity remained with underwriters.

Small investors stayed away, confirming that, short of the prospect of a quick gain, most Portuguese prefer to hang on to their savings.

Volvo, the session's most

active stock, fell on fears of

changes in the proposed

merger with Procordia. Volvo B shares fell SKr7 to SKr438

the A share shed SKr10 to

SKr435. But Procordia B jumped SKr5 to SKr193.

AMSTERDAM was firmer

with the CBS Tendency index

Akzo gained F14.90 or 3 per cent to F1161 after reporting a

7 per cent increase in first quarter net profit. Philips, which launched its new inter-

active CD player in the UK on

Tuesday, put on 70 cants to

OSLO was boosted by first

quarter results from Norsk Hydro and Elkem. The all-

share index rose 5.80 to 430.83

in turnover of NKr451m.

up 0.5 at 128.6.

Paris stands out in eventful day's trading

Trading was eventful on the continent yesterday, writes Our Markets Staff.

PARIS was boosted to its highest close since June 1990 by options-related buying. The CAC-40 index closed just off the day's high at 2,036.72, up 30.10, in heavy turnover of FFt3.8bn.

Parihas added another FFT10 to FFr429; after the close it announced the sale of a 54.7 per cent stake in Ciments Français to Italcementi for FFr3hn. Ara, which owns less than 10 per cent of Paribas, jumped FFr43 to FFr1,017 with a large 152,690 shares traded. Analysts said the stock was rising on hopes that Equitable Life in the US would be able to proceed with its demutualisation plans and on rumours that it was preparing for an ADR

Eurotunnel bounced back FFr2.45 or 6.9 per cent to FFr37.90 in 1.6m shares in the wake of its recent underperformance.

Schneider, which announced plans to buy in Merlin Gerin after the close on Tuesday. eased FFr6 to FFr709.

FRANKFURT concentrated on the chemical and car sectors. There was some satisfaction with the lower inflation figures for the state Hesse. The data for western Germany are due today or Monday. The DAX index shed 0.4 to 1,735.91 while the FAZ index fell 3.24 at 703.09. Turnover rose to DM6bn

from DM5.4bn. Bayer and Basi reported first quarter figures. Bayer rose DM6.20 or 2.2 per cent to DM294.50 after announcing a 7 per cent fall in the first three months. Basf added DM1 to DM249.30 after news of a 25 per cent decline in the same period. Hoechst, ex-dividend, rose a net 90 pfg to DM246.20. Daimler gained DM3.50 to DM785 after announcing that it was to increase its dividend by DM1 to DM13, but it did not confirm a report of a 1991 EPS of DM55, 10 per cent above pre-

Linotype-Hell closed DM4 higher at DM420 after rumours that Siemens was to increase its 33 per cent stake. MILAN was led lower by telecoms and banks. The Comit index fell 4.92 to 503.66 in turn-

vious forecasts.

FT-SE Eurotrack 100 - Apr 29 Hourly changes Open 10 am 11 am 12 pm 1 pm 2 pm 3 pm close 1173.30 1173.63 1172.34 1173.21 1174.78 1175.00 1175.31 1174.59 Day's High 1175.99 Day's Low 1172.16

over estimated at L80bn after Tuesday's L104.9bn. Olivetti bucked the easier trend, adding L31 to L2,819, while pleasing 1991 results pushed Eridania up by L85 to

Telecommunications continued to drop, though analysts were unable to give a reason for the sector's recent decline. Stet eased L34 to L2,021. The hanking sector was depressed by news that Banca Commerciale might need a capital increase next year. It fell L50

or 1.4 per cent to L3,420. The suspension of Italmobiliare and Italcementi fanned speculation, confirmed after the close, that the group was poised to buy all or part of Paribas's stake in Ciments Français. Analysts welcomed

the deal, in spite of Italcementi needing a capital increase to finance the deal, since it elevated Italcementi to the world's second largest cement producer after Holderbank of

ZURICH was lifted by Nestlé after it announced a 10-for-one share split and plans to convert its non-voting participa-tion certificates into registered shares next year. The SMI index rose 14.7 to 1,874.2.

Nestlé bearers gained SFr180 or 1.8 per cent to SFr9,770, its gistered shares put on SFr160 to SFr9.740 and its certificates rose SFr60 to SFr1.910. STOCKHOLM firmed as late buying helped to reverse an

early fall. The Affarsvarlden

general index added 1.3 to

980.9, in moderate turnover of

HKI SINKI weakened in spite of news that stamp duty of 1 per cent on share transactions would be removed from May 1. The HEX index fell 1.36 to

FI 37.90

ISTANBUL recovered slightly after closing at a sev-en-week low on Tuesday. The index rose 11.86 to 3,691.81.

Hong Kong lower after eight-day rally

PACIFIC RIM markets lacked direction yesterday as Tokyo was closed for a public holiday. Australia finished at a twomonth high.

HONG KONG had an eightday rally brought to an end as the Hang Seng index retreated 60.98, or 1.1 per cent, to 5,362.41. Turnover eased to HK\$2.98hn from HK\$3.16hn.

The index dropped 50 points in the first 15 minutes on rumours that HSBC Holdings was to increase its £3.2bn bid for Midland Bank, of the UK, in response to the rival offer by Lloyds Bank. HSBC finished 75 cents cheaper at HK\$42.00.

Utilities relinquished some ground. China Light declined 75 cents to HK\$33, Hong Kong Electric weakened 40 cents to HK\$16.70 and Hong Kong Telecom slipped 10 cents to

Property shares were also depressed, with Hong Kong Land softening 10 cents to AUSTRALIA was boosted by

lower than expected inflation figures. The All Ordinaries index moved ahead 24.1 to 1,629.8 in turnover of A\$257.1m. The data, which put annual inflation at 1.7 per cent, are expected to give the government scope to cut interest

rates next month. Banks were strong, Westpac and ANZ rising 12 cents to A\$3.98 and A\$4.36 respectively. CRA put on 26 cents to A\$14.06 after announcing that 1992 profits would match last year's. Western Mining gained 12 cents to A\$3.98 as the end to

an industrial dispute at one of its mines seemed in sight. SEOUL strengthened with large-capitalisation issues being actively traded. The composite index climbed 15.48 to 612.72 in turnover of

Won387.3bn, after Won394.8bn. Expectations of an improvement in economic relations between North and South Korea gave a boost to Daewoo group subsidiaries, which stand to benefit. Daewoo Corp and Daewoo Electronics both rose by Won600 to Won11,700 and Won10,600 respectively.

TAIWAN reversed early gains to close mildly lower. weighted index lost 10.76

WEDNESDAY APRIL 29 1992

at 4,513.19, after recording an intraday high of 4,557.93. Turnover was T\$21.45bn, after

Concern that the US would place Taiwan on its "priority watch list" of nations violating intellectual property laws depressed sentiment. The list was due to be announced after

the market closed. MANILA gained ground. The composite index rose 16.76 to 1,238.24 in combined turnover

of 333.47m pesos.
Philippine Long Distance Telephone put on 25 pesos to 955 pesos, while Philippine National Bank gained 2.50 pesos to 282.50 pesos. KUALA LUMPUR was quiet.

The composite index edged forward 1.50 to 585.12 in turnover of M\$85.4m

Telekom Malaysia, Tanjong and Magnum firmed 10 cents apiece to M\$11.90, M\$11.50 and MS5.85 respectively. SINGAPORE rose afresh on bargain hunting. The Straits

Times Industrial index appreci-

ated 10.32 to 1,436.96 in turn-

over of S\$135.1m, after S\$101m.

BANGKOK declined amid

TUESDAY APRIL 28 1992

investor worries about political uncertainty. The SET index lost 11.21 to 756.90 in turnover of Bt3.33bn Bangkok Bank shed Bt12 to Bt668 and Siam City Cement

Bt2 to Bt118, but Slam Cement gained Bt6 to Bt536. BOMBAY fell for the second consecutive day. The BSE index finished 222.49, or 5.71 per cent, weaker at 3,674.41, but was off the

was off the day's low of NEW ZEALAND closed lower. The NZSE-40 index slipped 11.39 to 1,435.76 in turn-

over of NZ\$21m. Among blue chips, Telecomessed 4 cents to NZ\$2.04, Carter Holt Harvey was 2 cents down at NZ\$2.52 and Brierley Invest-

ments lost 1 cent to 91 cents.

SOUTH AFRICA

JOHANNESBURG was lifted by positive political and eco nomic factors. The industrial index advanced 40 to 4,292 while the overall index rose 25 to 3,429. However, the gold index fell 18 to 1,010. De Beers cained R1.65 to R86.15.

DOLLAR MOEX

BY INVITATION

A classical weekend in Vienna with The Chamber Orchestra of Europe

The Financial Times invites its readers to join us for a weekend in Vienna to hear The Chamber Orchestra of Europe. We have reserved the best seats at the Musikverein on the 6th and 7th June, when Franz Bruggen will be conducting concerts of Bach, Mozart and Schumann, with Alfred Brendl.

The arrangements we have made with Austrian Airlines and the five star Bristol Hotel allow you to plan your trip entirely to suit yourself. and you may stay for as long as you wish, travel when and from wherever you want, or indeed make your own travel or accommodation reservations separately. All prices take advantage of the special rates we have negotiated - for example three nights at the Hotel Bristol, with return flight from Heathrow and one concert would cost £597, while a stay for only Saturday night would be just £393.

RSVP by completing the coupon opposite. We hope you can join us in Vienna

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7th June Bach Brandenburg No1 Mozart Piano Concerto K491

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